Practitioner's Docket No. 5661 **PATENT**

Preliminary Classification:

Proposed Class:

Subclass:

NOTE: "All applicants are requested to include a preliminary classification on newly filed patent applications. The preliminary classification, preferably class and subclass designations, should be identified in the upper right-hand corner of the letter of transmittal accompanying the application papers, for example 'Proposed Class 2, subclass 129.'" M.P.E.P. § 601, 7th ed.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Box Patent Application
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of

Inventor(s): John M. Krajnik, Keith R. Olesen, Gerald A. Vandezande

WARNING: *37 C.F.R. § 1.41(a)(1) points out:*

"(a) A patent is applied for in the name or names of the actual inventor or inventors.

"(1) The inventorship of a nonprovisional application is that inventorship set forth in the oath or declaration as prescribed by § 1.63, except as provided for in § 1.53(d)(4) and § 1.63(d). If an oath or declaration as prescribed by § 1.63 is not filed during the pendency of a nonprovisional application, the inventorship is that inventorship set forth in the application papers filed pursuant to § 1.53(b), unless a petition under this paragraph accompanied by the fee set forth in § 1.17(i) is filed supplying or changing the name or names of the inventor or inventors."

For (title): WATERBORNE COATING HAVING IMPROVED CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

CERTIFICATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.10*
(Express Mail label number is mandatory.)
(Express Mail certification is optional.)

I hereby certify that this New Application Transmittal and the documents referred to as attached therein are being deposited with the United States Postal Service on this date November 9, 1999, in an envelope as "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee," mailing Label Number EM481114117US, addressed to the: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231.

Laurie M. Feltes
(type or print name of person mailing paper)

Laurie M Feltes
Signature of person mailing paper

WARNING: *Certificate of mailing (first class) or facsimile transmission procedures of 37 C.F.R. § 1.8 cannot be used to obtain a date of mailing or transmission for this correspondence.*

***WARNING:** Each paper or fee filed by "Express Mail" **must** have the number of the "Express Mail" mailing label placed thereon prior to mailing. 37 C.F.R. § 1.10(b).*
*"Since the filing of correspondence under § 1.10 without the Express Mail mailing label thereon is an oversight that can be avoided by the exercise of reasonable care, requests for waiver of this requirement will **not** be granted on petition." Notice of Oct. 24, 1996, 60 Fed. Reg. 56,439, at 56,442.*

1. Type of Application

This new application is for a(n)

(check one applicable item below)

☒ Original (nonprovisional)

☐ Design

☐ Plant

WARNING: *Do not use this transmittal for a completion in the U.S. of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. § 371(c)(4), unless the International Application is being filed as a divisional, continuation or continuation-in-part application.*

WARNING: *Do not use this transmittal for the filing of a provisional application.*

NOTE: If one of the following 3 items apply, then complete and attach ADDED PAGES FOR NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF A PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION CLAIMED and a NOTIFICATION IN PARENT APPLICATION OF THE FILING OF THIS CONTINUATION APPLICATION.

☐ Divisional.

☐ Continuation.

☐ Continuation-in-part (C-i-P).

2. Benefit of Prior U.S. Application(s) (35 U.S.C. §§ 119(e), 120, or 121)

NOTE: A nonprovisional application may claim an invention disclosed in one or more prior filed copending nonprovisional applications or copending international applications designating the United States of America. In order for a nonprovisional application to claim the benefit of a prior filed copending nonprovisional application or copending international application designating the United States of America, each prior application must name as an inventor at least one inventor named in the later filed nonprovisional application and disclose the named inventor's invention claimed in at least one claim of the later filed nonprovisional application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112. Each prior application must also be:

(i) An international application entitled to a filing date in accordance with PCT Article 11 and designating the United States of America; or

(ii) Complete as set forth in § 1.51(b); or

(iii) Entitled to a filing date as set forth in § 1.53(b) or § 1.53(d) and include the basic filing fee set forth in § 1.16; or

(iv) Entitled to a filing date as set forth in § 1.53(b) and have paid therein the processing and retention fee set forth in § 1.21(l) within the time period set forth in § 1.53(f).

37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(1).

NOTE: If the new application being transmitted is a divisional, continuation or a continuation-in-part of a parent case, or where the parent case is an International Application which designated the U.S., or benefit of a prior provisional application is claimed, then check the following item and complete and attach ADDED PAGES FOR NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION(S) CLAIMED.

WARNING: *If an application claims the benefit of the filing date of an earlier filed application under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120, 121 or 365(c), the 20-year term of that application will be based upon the filing date of the earliest U.S. application that the application makes reference to under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120, 121 or 365(c). (35 U.S.C. § 154(a)(2) does not take into account, for the determination of the patent term, any application on which priority is claimed under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119, 365(a) or 365(b).) For a c-i-p application, applicant should review whether any claim in the patent that will issue is supported by an earlier application and, if not, the applicant should consider canceling the reference to the earlier filed application. The term of a patent is not based on a claim-by-claim approach. See Notice of April 14, 1995, 60 Fed. Reg. 20,195, at 20,205.*

WARNING: *When the last day of pendency of a provisional application falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday within the District of Columbia, any nonprovisional application claiming benefit of the provisional application must be filed prior to the Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday within the District of Columbia. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(3).*

☒ The new application being transmitted claims the benefit of prior U.S. application(s). Enclosed are ADDED PAGES FOR NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION(S) CLAIMED.

3. Papers Enclosed

A. Required for filing date under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b) (Regular) or 37 C.F.R. § 1.153 (Design) Application

67 Pages of specification

5 Pages of claims

____ Sheets of drawing

WARNING: *DO NOT submit original drawings. A high quality copy of the drawings should be supplied when filing a patent application. The drawings that are submitted to the Office must be on strong, white, smooth, and non-shiny paper and meet the standards according to § 1.84. If corrections to the drawings are necessary, they should be made to the original drawing and a high-quality copy of the corrected original drawing then submitted to the Office. Only one copy is required or desired. For comments on proposed then-new 37 C.F.R. § 1.84, see Notice of March 9, 1988 (1990 O.G. 57-62).*

NOTE: *"Identifying indicia, if provided, should include the application number or the title of the invention, inventor's name, docket number (if any), and the name and telephone number of a person to call if the Office is unable to match the drawings to the proper application. This information should be placed on the back of each sheet of drawing a minimum distance of 1.5 cm. (5/8 inch) down from the top of the page . . ." 37 C.F.R. § 1.84(c)).*

(complete the following, if applicable)

☐ The enclosed drawing(s) are photograph(s), and there is also attached a "PETITION TO ACCEPT PHOTOGRAPH(S) AS DRAWING(S)." 37 C.F.R. § 1.84(b).

☐ formal

☐ informal

B. Other Papers Enclosed

____ Pages of declaration and power of attorney

1 Pages of abstract

____ Other

4. Additional papers enclosed

☐ Amendment to claims

☐ Cancel in this applications claims _____ before calculating the filing fee. (At least one original independent claim must be retained for filing purposes.)

☐ Add the claims shown on the attached amendment. (Claims added have been numbered consecutively following the highest numbered original claims.)

☐ Preliminary Amendment

☒ Information Disclosure Statement (37 C.F.R. § 1.98)

☒ Form PTO–1449 (PTO/SB/08A and 08B)

☒ Citations

☐ Declaration of Biological Deposit

☐ Submission of "Sequence Listing," computer readable copy and/or amendment pertaining thereto for biotechnology invention containing nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence.

☐ Authorization of Attorney(s) to Accept and Follow Instructions from Representative

☐ Special Comments

☐ Other

5. Declaration or oath (including power of attorney)

NOTE: A newly executed declaration is not required in a continuation or divisional application provided that the prior nonprovisional application contained a declaration as required, the application being filed is by all or fewer than all the inventors named in the prior application, there is no new matter in the application being filed, and a copy of the executed declaration filed in the prior application (showing the signature or an indication thereon that it was signed) is submitted. The copy must be accompanied by a statement requesting deletion of the names of person(s) who are not inventors of the application being filed. If the declaration in the prior application was filed under § 1.47, then a copy of that declaration must be filed accompanied by a copy of the decision granting § 1.47 status or, if a nonsigning person under § 1.47 has subsequently joined in a prior application, then a copy of the subsequently executed declaration must be filed. See 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.63(d)(1)-(3).

NOTE: A declaration filed to complete an application must be executed, identify the specification to which it is directed, identify each inventor by full name including family name and at least one given name, without abbreviation together with any other given name or initial, and the residence, post office address and country or citizenship of each inventor, and state whether the inventor is a sole or joint inventor. 37 C.F.R. § 1.63(a)(1)-(4).

NOTE: "The inventorship of a nonprovisional application is that inventorship set forth in the oath or declaration as prescribed by § 1.62, except as provided for in § 1.53(d)(4) and § 1.63(d). If an oath or declaration as prescribed by § 1.63 is not filed during the pendency of a nonprovisional application, the inventorship is that inventorship set forth in the application papers filed pursuant to § 1.53(b), unless a petition under this paragraph accompanied by the fee set forth in § 1.17(i) is filed supplying or changing the name or names of the inventor or inventors." 37 C.F.R. § 1.41(a)(1).

☒ Enclosed

Executed by

(check **all** *applicable boxes)*

☒ inventor(s).

☐ legal representative of inventor(s). 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.42 or 1.43.

☐ joint inventor or person showing a proprietary interest on behalf of inventor who refused to sign or cannot be reached.

☐ This is the petition required by 37 C.F.R. § 1.47 and the statement required by 37 C.F.R. § 1.47 is also attached. See item 13 below for fee.

☐ Not Enclosed.

NOTE: Where the filing is a completion in the U.S. of an International Application or where the completion of the U.S. application contains subject matter in addition to the International Application, the application may be treated as a continuation or continuation-in-part, as the case may be, utilizing ADDED PAGE FOR NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION CLAIMED.

☐ Application is made by a person authorized under 37 C.F.R. § 1.41(c) on behalf of *all* the above named inventor(s).

(The declaration or oath, along with the surcharge required by 37 C.F.R. § 1.16(e) can be filed subsequently).

☐ Showing that the filing is authorized.
(not required unless called into question. 37 C.F.R. § 1.41(d))

6. Inventorship Statement

WARNING: *If the named inventors are each not the inventors of all the claims an explanation, including the ownership of the various claims at the time the last claimed invention was made, should be submitted.*

The inventorship for all the claims in this application are:

☒ The same.

or

☐ Not the same. An explanation, including the ownership of the various claims at the time the last claimed invention was made,

☐ is submitted.

☐ will be submitted.

7. Language

NOTE: *An application including a signed oath or declaration may be filed in a language other than English. An English translation of the non-English language application and the processing fee of $130.00 required by 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(k) is required to be filed with the application, or within such time as may be set by the Office. 37 C.F.R. § 1.52(d).*

☒ English

☐ Non-English

☐ The attached translation includes a statement that the translation is accurate. 37 C.F.R. § 1.52(d).

8. Assignment

☒ An assignment of the invention to The Sherwin-Williams Company

☒ is attached. A separate ☐ "COVER SHEET FOR ASSIGNMENT (DOCUMENT) ACCOMPANYING NEW PATENT APPLICATION" or ☒ FORM PTO 1595 is also attached.

☐ will follow.

NOTE: *"If an assignment is submitted with a new application, send two separate letters-one for the application and one for the assignment." Notice of May 4, 1990 (1114 O.G. 77-78).*

WARNING: *A newly executed "CERTIFICATE UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 3.73(b)" must be filed when a continuation-in-part application is filed by an assignee. Notice of April 30, 1993, 1150 O.G. 62-64.*

9. Certified Copy

Certified copy(ies) of application(s)

Country	Appln. No.	Filed
Country	Appln. No.	Filed
Country	Appln. No.	Filed

from which priority is claimed

☐ is (are) attached.

☐ will follow.

NOTE: The foreign application forming the basis for the claim for priority must be referred to in the oath or declaration. 37 C.F.R. § 1.55(a) and 1.63.

NOTE: This item is for any foreign priority for which the application being filed directly relates. If any parent U.S. application or International Application from which this application claims benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 is itself entitled to priority from a prior foreign application, then complete item 18 on the ADDED PAGES FOR NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION(S) CLAIMED.

10. Fee Calculation (37 C.F.R. § 1.16)

A. ☒ Regular application

CLAIMS AS FILED					
Number filed		Number Extra		Rate	Basic Fee 37 C.F.R. § 1.16(a) $760.00
Total Claims (37 C.F.R. § 1.16(c))	14 – 20 =	0	×	$ 18.00	0.00
Independent Claims (37 C.F.R. § 1.16(b))	2 – 3 =	0	×	$ 78.00	0.00
Multiple dependent claim(s), if any (37 C.F.R. § 1.16(d))			+	$260.00	

☐ Amendment cancelling extra claims is enclosed.

☐ Amendment deleting multiple-dependencies is enclosed.

☐ Fee for extra claims is not being paid at this time.

NOTE: If the fees for extra claims are not paid on filing they must be paid or the claims cancelled by amendment, prior to the expiration of the time period set for response by the Patent and Trademark Office in any notice of fee deficiency. 37 C.F.R. § 1.16(d).

Filing Fee Calculation $ 760.00

B. ☐ Design application ($310.00—37 C.F.R. § 1.16(f))

Filing Fee Calculation $_____

C. ☐ Plant application
($480.00—37 C.F.R. § 1.16(g))

Filing fee calculation $_____

11. Small Entity Statement(s)

☐ Statement(s) that this is a filing by a small entity under 37 C.F.R. § 1.9 and 1.27 is (are) attached.

WARNING: *"Status as a small entity must be specifically established in each application or patent in which the status is available and desired. Status as a small entity in one application or patent does not affect any other application or patent, including applications or patents which are directly or indirectly dependent upon the application or patent in which the status has been established. The refiling of an application under § 1.53 as a continuation, division, or continuation-in-part (including a continued prosecution application under § 1.53(d)), or the filing of a reissue application requires a new determination as to continued entitlement to small entity status for the continuing or reissue application. A nonprovisional application claiming benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e), 120, 121, or 365(c) of a prior application, or a reissue application may rely on a statement filed in the prior application or in the patent if the nonprovisional application or the reissue application includes a reference to the statement in the prior application or in the patent or includes a copy of the statement in the prior application or in the patent and status as a small entity is still proper and desired. The payment of the small entity basic statutory filing fee will be treated as such a reference for purposes of this section." 37 C.F.R. § 1.28(a)(2).*

WARNING: *"Small entity status must not be established when the person or persons signing the . . . statement can **unequivocally** make the required self-certification." M.P.E.P., § 509.03, 6th ed., rev. 2, July 1996 (emphasis added).*

(complete the following, if applicable)

☐ Status as a small entity was claimed in prior application

_____ / _____, filed on _____, from which benefit is being claimed for this application under:

35 U.S.C. § ☐ 119(e),
☐ 120,
☐ 121,
☐ 365(c),

and which status as a small entity is still proper and desired.

☐ A copy of the statement in the prior application is included.

Filing Fee Calculation (50% of **A**, **B** or **C** above)

$_____

NOTE: Any excess of the full fee paid will be refunded if small entitiy status is established and a refund request are filed within 2 months of the date of timely payment of a full fee. The two-month period is not extendable under § 1.136. 37 C.F.R. § 1.28(a).

12. Request for International-Type Search (37 C.F.R. § 1.104(d))

(complete, if applicable)

☐ Please prepare an international-type search report for this application at the time when national examination on the merits takes place.

13. Fee Payment Being Made at This Time

☐ Not Enclosed

☐ No filing fee is to be paid at this time.
(This and the surcharge required by 37 C.F.R. § 1.16(e) can be paid subsequently.)

☒ Enclosed

☒ Filing fee	$ 760.00
☒ Recording assignment ($40.00; 37 C.F.R. § 1.21(h)) (See attached "COVER SHEET FOR ASSIGNMENT ACCOMPANYING NEW APPLICATION".)	$ 120.00
☐ Petition fee for filing by other than all the inventors or person on behalf of the inventor where inventor refused to sign or cannot be reached ($130.00; 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.47 and 1.17(i))	$
☐ For processing an application with a specification in a non-English language ($130.00; 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.52(d) and 1.17(k))	$
☐ Processing and retention fee ($130.00; 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.53(d) and 1.21(l))	$
☐ Fee for international-type search report ($40.00; 37 C.F.R. § 1.21(e))	$

NOTE: 37 C.F.R. § 1.21(l) establishes a fee for processing and retaining any application that is abandoned for failing to complete the application pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(f) and this, as well as the changes to 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.53 and 1.78(a)(1), indicate that in order to obtain the benefit of a prior U.S. application, either the basic filing fee must be paid, or the processing and retention fee of § 1.21(l) must be paid, within 1 year from notification under § 53(f).

Total fees enclosed $ 880.00

14. Method of Payment of Fees

☐ Check in the amount of $_____

☒ Charge Account No. 19-2025 in the amount of $ 880.00

A duplicate of this transmittal is attached.

NOTE: Fees should be itemized in such a manner that it is clear for which purpose the fees are paid. 37 C.F.R. § 1.22(b).

15. Authorization to Charge Additional Fees

WARNING: *If no fees are to be paid on filing, the following items should not be completed.*

WARNING: *Accurately count claims, especially multiple dependent claims, to avoid unexpected high charges, if extra claim charges are authorized.*

☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the following additional fees by this paper and during the entire pendency of this application to Account No. 19-2025 :

- ☒ 37 C.F.R. § 1.16(a), (f) or (g) (filing fees)
- ☐ 37 C.F.R. § 1.16(b), (c) and (d) (presentation of extra claims)

NOTE: *Because additional fees for excess or multiple dependent claims not paid on filing or on later presentation must only be paid or these claims cancelled by amendment prior to the expiration of the time period set for response by the PTO in any notice of fee deficiency (37 C.F.R. § 1.16(d)), it might be best not to authorize the PTO to charge additional claim fees, except possibly when dealing with amendments after final action.*

- ☐ 37 C.F.R. § 1.16(e) (surcharge for filing the basic filing fee and/or declaration on a date later than the filing date of the application)
- ☐ 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(a)(1)–(5) (extension fees pursuant to § 1.136(a)).
- ☐ 37 C.F.R. § 1.17 (application processing fees)

NOTE: *". . . A written request may be submitted in an application that is an authorization to treat any concurrent or future reply, requiring a petition for an extension of time under this paragraph for its timely submission, as incorporating a petition for extension of time for the appropriate length of time. An authorization to charge all required fees, fees under § 1.17, or all required extension of time fees will be treated as a constructive petition for an extension of time in any concurrent or future reply requiring a petition for an extension of time under this paragraph for its timely submission. Submission of the fee set forth in § 1.17(a) will also be treated as a constructive petition for an extension of time in any concurrent reply requiring a petition for an extension of time under this paragraph for its timely submission." 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a)(3).*

- ☐ 37 C.F.R. § 1.18 (issue fee at or before mailing of Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.311(b))

NOTE: *Where an authorization to charge the issue fee to a deposit account has been filed before the mailing of a Notice of Allowance, the issue fee will be automatically charged to the deposit account at the time of mailing the notice of allowance. 37 C.F.R. § 1.311(b).*

NOTE: *37 C.F.R. § 1.28(b) requires "Notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status must be filed in the application . . . prior to paying, or at the time of paying, . . . the issue fee. . . " From the wording of 37 C.F.R. § 1.28(b), (a) notification of change of status must be made even if the fee is paid as "other than a small entity" and (b) no notification is required if the change is to another small entity.*

16. Instructions as to Overpayment

NOTE: ***". . . Amounts of twenty-five dollars or less will not be returned unless specifically requested within a reasonable time, nor will the payer be notified of such amounts; amounts over twenty-five dollars may be returned by check or, if requested, by credit to a deposit account." 37 C.F.R. § 1.26(a).***

☒ **Credit Account No.** 19-2025

☐ **Refund**

SIGNATURE OF PRACTITIONER

Heidi A. Boehlefeld

(type or print name of attorney)

The Sherwin-Williams Company

P.O. Address 11 Midland Bldg. - Legal Dept.
101 Prospect Avenue, N.W.
Cleveland, Ohio 44115

Reg. No. 34,296

Tel. No. (216) 566-3650

Customer No.

☒ **Incorporation by reference of added pages**

(check the following item if the application in this transmittal claims the benefit of prior U.S. application(s) (including an international application entering the U.S. stage as a continuation, divisional or C-I-P application) and complete and attach the ADDED PAGES FOR NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION(S) CLAIMED)

☒ Plus Added Pages for New Application Transmittal Where Benefit of Prior U.S. Application(s) Claimed

Number of pages added 5

☒ Plus Added Pages for Papers Referred to in Item 4 Above

Number of pages added 543

☐ Plus added pages deleting names of inventor(s) named in prior application(s) who is/are no longer inventor(s) of the subject matter claimed in this application.

Number of pages added _____

☒ Plus "Assignment Cover Letter Accompanying New Application"

Number of pages added 3

☐ **Statement Where No Further Pages Added**

(if no further pages form a part of this Transmittal, then end this Transmittal with this page and check the following item)

☐ This transmittal ends with this page.

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ADDED PAGES FOR APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL WHERE BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. APPLICATION(S) CLAIMED

NOTE: See 37 C.F.R. § 1.78.

17. Relate Back

WARNING: *If an application claims the benefit of the filing date of an earlier filed application under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120, 121 or 365(c), the 20-year term of that application will be based upon the filing date of the earliest U.S. application that the application makes reference to under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120, 121 or 365(c). (35 U.S.C. § 154(a)(2) does not take into account, for the determination of the patent term, any application on which priority is claimed under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119, 365(a) or 365(b).) For a c-i-p application, applicant should review whether any claim in the patent that will issue is supported by an earlier application and, if not, the applicant should consider canceling the reference to the earlier filed application. The term of a patent is not based on a claim-by-claim approach. See Notice of April 14, 1995, 60 Fed. Reg. 20,195, at 20,205.*

(complete the following, if applicable)

☒ Amend the specification by inserting, before the first line, the following sentence:

A. 35 U.S.C. § 119(e)

NOTE: "Any nonprovisional application claiming the benefit of one or more prior filed copending provisional applications must contain or be amended to contain in the first sentence of the specification following the title a reference to each such prior provisional application, identifying it as a provisional application, and including the provisional application number (consisting of series code and serial number)." 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(4).

☒ "This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application(s) No(s).:

APPLICATION NO(S).:	FILING DATE
60 / 138,086	06/08/99 "
/	"
/	"

B. 35 U.S.C. §§ 120, 121 and 365(c)

NOTE: "Except for a continued prosecution application filed under § 1.53(d), any nonprovisional application claiming the benefit of one or more prior filed copending nonprovisional applications or international applications designating the United States of America must contain or be amended to contain in the first sentence of the specification following the title a reference to each such prior application, identifying it by application number (consisting of the series code and serial number) or international application number and international filing date and indicating the relationship of the applications. . . . Cross-references to other related applications may be made when appropriate." (See § 1.14(a)). 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(2).

☐ "This application is a

- ☐ continuation
- ☐ continuation-in-part
- ☐ divisional

of copending application(s)

☐ application number 0 /_____ filed on _____"

☐ International Application _____ filed on _____ and which designated the U.S."

NOTE: The proper reference to a prior filed PCT application that entered the U.S. national phase is the U.S. serial number and the filing date of the PCT application that designated the U.S.

NOTE: (1) Where the application being transmitted adds subject matter to the International Application, then the filing can be as a continuation-in-part or (2) if it is desired to do so for other reasons then the filing can be as a continuation.

NOTE: The deadline for entering the national phase in the U.S. for an international application was clarified in the Notice of April 28, 1987 (1079 O.G. 32 to 46) as follows:

"The Patent and Trademark Office considers the international application to be pending until the 22nd month from the priority date if the United States has been designated and no Demand for International Preliminary Examination has been filed prior to the expiration of the 19th month from the priority date and until the 32nd month from the priority date if a Demand for International Preliminary Examination which elected the United States of America has been filed prior to the expiration of the 19th month from the priority date, provided that a copy of the international application has been communicated to the Patent and Trademark Office within the 20 or 30 month period respectively. If a copy of the international application has not been communicated to the Patent and Trademark Office within the 20 or 30 month period respectively, the international application becomes abandoned as to the United States 20 or 30 months from the priority date respectivley. These periods have been placed in the rules as paragraph (h) of § 1.494 and paragraph (i) of § 1.495. A continuing application under 35 U.S.C. 365(c) and 120 may be filed anytime during the pendency of the international application."

☐ "The nonprovisional application designated above, namely application _____ / _____, filed _____, claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application(s) No(s).:

APPLICATION NO(S).:	FILING DATE
_____ /_____	_____"
_____ /_____	_____"
_____ /_____	_____"

☐ Where more than one reference is made above, please combine all references into one sentence.

18. Relate Back—35 U.S.C. § 119 Priority Claim for Prior Application

The prior U.S. application(s), including any prior International Application designating the U.S., identified above in item 17B, in turn itself claim(s) foreign priority(ies) as follows:

Country	Appln. no.	Filed on

The certified copy(ies) has (have)

☐ been filed on _____, in prior application 0 /_____, which was filed on _____.

☐ is (are) attached.

WARNING: *The certified copy of the priority application that may have been communicated to the PTO by the International Bureau may not be relied on without any need to file a certified copy of the priority application in the continuing application. This is so because the certified copy of the priority application communicated by the International Bureau is placed in a folder and is not assigned a U.S. serial number unless the national stage is entered. Such folders are disposed of if the national stage is not entered. Therefore, such certified copies may not be available if needed later in the prosecution of a continuing application. An alternative would be to physically remove the priority documents from the folders and transfer them to the continuing application. The resources required to request transfer, retrieve the folders, make suitable record notations, transfer the certified copies, enter and make a record of such copies in the Continuing Application are substantial. Accordingly, the priority documents in folders of international applications that have not entered the national stage may not be relied on. Notice of April 28, 1987 (1079 O.G. 32 to 46).*

19. Maintenance of Copendency of Prior Application

NOTE: The PTO finds it useful if a copy of the petition filed in the prior application extending the term for response is filed with the papers constituting the filing of the continuation application. Notice of November 5, 1985 (1060 O.G. 27).

A. ☐ Extension of time in prior application

*(This item **must** be completed and the papers filed **in the prior application**, if the period set in the prior application has run.)*

☐ A petition, fee and response extends the term in the pending **prior** application until _____.

☐ A **copy** of the petition filed in prior application is attached.

B. ☐ Conditional Petition for Extension of Time in Prior Application

(complete this item, if previous item not applicable)

☐ A conditional petition for extension of time is being filed in the pending **prior** application.

☐ A **copy** of the conditional petition filed in the prior application is attached.

20. Further Inventorship Statement Where Benefit of Prior Application(s) Claimed

(complete applicable item (a), (b) and/or (c) below)

(a) ☒ This application discloses and claims only subject matter disclosed in the prior application whose particulars are set out above and the inventor(s) in this application are

- ☐ the same.
- ☐ less than those named in the prior application. It is requested that the following inventor(s) identified for the prior application be deleted:

_____

(type name(s) of inventor(s) to be deleted)

(b) ☐ This application discloses and claims additional disclosure by amendment and a new declaration or oath is being filed. With respect to the prior application, the inventor(s) in this application are

- ☐ the same.
- ☐ the following additional inventor(s) have been added:

_____

(type name(s) of inventor(s) to be added)

(c) The inventorship for all the claims in this application are

- ☒ the same.
- ☐ not the same. An explanation, including the ownership of the various claims at the time the last claimed invention was made
  - ☐ is submitted.
  - ☐ will be submitted.

21. Abandonment of Prior Application *(if applicable)*

☐ Please abandon the prior application at a time while the prior application is pending, or when the petition for extension of time or to revive in that application is granted, and when this application is granted a filing date, so as to make this application copending with said prior application.

NOTE: According to the Notice of May 13, 1983 (103, TMOG 6-7), the filing of a continuation or continuation-in-part application is a proper response with respect to a petition for extension of time or a petition to revive and should include the express abandonment of the prior application conditioned upon the granting of the petition and the granting of a filing date to the continuing application.

22. Petition for Suspension of Prosecution for the Time Necessary to File an Amendment

WARNING: *"The claims of a new application may be finally rejected in the first Office action in those situations where (A) the new application is a continuing application of, or a substitute for, an earlier application, and (B) all the claims of the new application (1) are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application, and (2) would have been properly finally rejected on the grounds of art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application." M.P.E.P., § 706.07(b), 7th ed.*

NOTE: Where it is possible that the claims on file will give rise to a first action final for this continuation application and for some reason an amendment cannot be filed promptly (e.g., experimental data is being gathered) it may be desirable to file a petition for suspension of prosecution for the time necessary.

(check the next item, if applicable)

☐ There is provided herewith a Petition To Suspend Prosecution for the Time Necessary to File An Amendment (New Application Filed Concurrently)

23. Small Entity (37 C.F.R. § 1.28(a))

☐ Applicant has established small entity status by the filing of a statement in parent application /_____ on _____ .

☐ A copy of the statement previously filed is included.

WARNING: *See 37 C.F.R. § 1.28(a).*

WARNING: *"Small entity status must not be established when the person or persons signing the . . . statement can unequivocally make the required self-certification." M.P.E.P., § 509.03, 7th ed. (emphasis added).*

24. NOTIFICATION IN PARENT APPLICATION OF THIS FILING

☐ A notification of the filing of this
(check one of the following)

- ☐ continuation
- ☐ continuation-in-part
- ☐ divisional

is being filed in the parent application, from which this application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 120.

WATERBORNE COATING HAVING IMPROVED CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to waterborne coatings having improved chemical resistance. Conventional latex paints are widely used because they provide low volatile organic compound emission and because they allow easier clean up than solvent borne coatings. However, when compared to solvent borne coating systems, typical latex coatings lack the chemical resistance provided by such solvent borne coatings.

It has now been found that latex coating compositions having superior chemical resistance can be produced by formulating a chemical coating comprising a binder resin having post crosslinking groups, an associative thickener having post crosslinking groups and an associative dispersant having post crosslinking groups. The crosslinking groups present in the polymer of the dispersant and/or the thickener can be adjusted, depending on the particular binder resin used, to optimize the desired performance properties of the coating composition. Specifically, a coating composition can be tailor made to have increased chemical resistance, corrosion resistance, humidity resistance and/or adhesion to a particular substrate by altering the levels of crosslinking on the binder, thickener and dispersant. The coating composition of the present invention may be ambient cured, oven cured or radiation cured.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to an aqueous coating composition in which the binder polymer, thickener polymer and/or dispersant polymer have functional groups that further react

some time after initial formation of the polymer. The aqueous coating composition contains (a) a binder polymer comprising at least one or more copolymerizable monoethylenically unsaturated monomers, wherein at least one of the monoethylenically unsaturated monomers contains latent crosslinking functionality; and (b) a second polymer comprising a monoethylenically unsaturated monomer containing latent crosslinking functionality. The second polymer may be an associative thickener or an associative dispersant.

The binder polymer, thickener and dispersant polymer may contain a macromonomer represented by the formula:

$$R^1\text{-}(OR^2)_z\text{-}R^3\text{-}\underset{\displaystyle R^4}{C}=CR^5R^6$$

wherein R^1 is a monovalent residue of a substituted or unsubstituted hydrophobe compound; each R^2 is the same or different and is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue; R^3 is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue; R^4, R^5, R^6 are the same or different and are hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent hydrocarbon residue; and z is a value of 0 to 150.

The binder polymer, thickener polymer and dispersant polymer may contain diacetone acrylamide as the monomer having latent crosslinking functionality.

The aqueous coating compositions of the present invention produce coatings having improved chemical resistance, as well as improved corrosion resistance.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Binder

The latex polymers used as binders in accordance with the present invention (also

referred to herein as "binders") include those polymers polymerized from one or more suitable monomers. Typically, the binders are polymerized from one or more copolymerizable monoethylenically unsaturated monomers such as, for example, vinyl monomers and acrylic monomers.

The vinyl monomers suitable for use in accordance with the present invention include any compounds having vinyl functionality, i.e., ethylenic unsaturation, exclusive of compounds having acrylic functionality, e.g., acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, esters of such acids, acrylonitrile and acrylamides. Preferably, the vinyl monomers are selected from the group consisting of vinyl esters, vinyl aromatic hydrocarbons, vinyl aliphatic hydrocarbons, vinyl alkyl ethers and mixtures thereof.

Suitable vinyl monomers include vinyl esters, such as, for example, vinyl propionate, vinyl laurate, vinyl pivalate, vinyl nonanoate, vinyl decanoate, vinyl neodecanoate, vinyl butyrates, vinyl benzoates, vinyl isopropyl acetates and similar vinyl esters; vinyl aromatic hydrocarbons, such as, for example, styrene, methyl styrenes and similar lower alkyl styrenes, chlorostyrene, vinyl toluene, vinyl naphthalene and divinyl benzene; vinyl aliphatic hydrocarbon monomers, such as, for example, vinyl chloride and vinylidene chloride as well as alpha olefins such as, for example, ethylene, propylene, isobutylene, as well as conjugated dienes such as 1,3 butadiene, methyl-2-butadiene, 1,3-piperylene, 2,3-dimethyl butadiene, isoprene, cyclohexene, cyclopentadiene, and dicyclopentadiene; and vinyl alkyl ethers, such as, for example, methyl vinyl ether, isopropyl vinyl ether, n-butyl vinyl ether, and isobutyl vinyl ether.

The acrylic monomers suitable for use in accordance with the present invention comprise any compounds having acrylic functionality. Preferred acrylic monomers are selected from the

group consisting of alkyl acrylates, alkyl methacrylates, acrylate acids and methacrylate acids as well as aromatic derivatives of acrylic and methacrylic acid, acrylamides and acrylonitrile. Typically, the alkyl acrylate and methacrylic monomers (also referred to herein as "alkyl esters of acrylic or methacrylic acid") will have an alkyl ester portion containing from 1 to about 12, preferably about 1 to 5, carbon atoms per molecule.

Suitable acrylic monomers include, for example, methyl acrylate and methacrylate, ethyl acrylate and methacrylate, butyl acrylate and methacrylate, propyl acrylate and methacrylate, 2-ethyl hexyl acrylate and methacrylate, cyclohexyl acrylate and methacrylate, decyl acrylate and methacrylate, isodecyl acrylate and methacrylate, benzyl acrylate and methacrylate, isobornyl acrylate and methacrylate, neopentyl acrylate and methacrylate, 1-adamatyl methacrylate and various reaction products such as butyl, phenyl, and cresyl glycidyl ethers reacted with acrylic and methacrylic acids, hydroxyl alkyl acrylates and methacrylates such as hydroxyethyl and hydroxypropyl acrylates and methacrylates, amino acrylates, methacrylates as well as acrylic acids such as acrylic and methacrylic acid, ethacrylic acid, alpha-chloroacrylic acid, alpha-cycanoacrylic acid, crotonic acid, beta-acryloxy propionic acid, and beta-styryl acrylic acid.

In addition to the specific monomers described above, those skilled in the art will recognize that other monomers such as, for example, allylic monomers, or monomers which impart wet adhesion, e.g., methacrylamidoethyl ethylene urea, can be used in place of, or in addition to, the specifically described monomers in the preparation of the binders (as well as the dispersants and thickeners hereinafter described). Further details concerning such other monomers suitable for copolymerization in accordance with the present invention are known to those skilled in the art. The amount of such other monomers is dependent on the particular

monomers and their intended function, which amount can be determined by those skilled in the art.

The binder polymer of the present invention has crosslinking functionality. At least one of the monomers used to polymerize the binder is a monoethylenically, unsaturated monomer containing "latent crosslinking" capabilities, which as used herein means a monomer which possesses the ability to further react some time after initial formation of the polymer. Activation can occur through the application of energy, e.g., through heat or radiation. Also, drying can activate the crosslinking polymer through changes in pH, oxygen content or other changes that causes a reaction to occur. The particular method of achieving crosslinking in the binder polymer is not critical to the present invention. A variety of chemistries are known in the art to produce crosslinking in latexes.

Examples of monomers which do not effect crosslinking until during film formation include carbonyl-containing monomers such as acrolein, methacrolein, diacetone acrylamide, diacetone methacrylamide and vinylaceto acetate. These monomers result in postcrosslinking, for example, when the aqueous polymer emulsion simultaneously contains an appropriate added amount of a polyamine compound. Particularly suitable compounds of this type are the dihydrazides and trihydrazides of aliphatic and aromatic dicarboxylic acids of 2 to 20 carbon atoms. Examples of these are oxalic dihydrazide, adipic dihydrazide and sebacic dihydrazide. Another monomer which produces postcrosslinking is, for example, 2-acetoacetoxyethyl methacrylate (alone or in combination with polyamines or polyaldehydes, such as glyoxal).

Other polymer building blocks which are suitable for postcrosslinking are those which contain hydrolyzable organosilicon bonds. Examples are the copolymerizable monomers

methacryloyloxypropyltrimethoxysilane and vinyltrimethoxysilane. Further suitable polymer building blocks of a corresponding type are described in DE-A4341260. If the disperse polymer particles have carboxyl groups, postcrosslinking can also be effected by adding metal salts having polyvalent cations (for example Mg, Ca, Zn or Zr salts).

Epoxy-, hydroxyl- and/or N-alkylol-containing monomers, for example, glycidyl acrylate, N-methylolacrylamide and -methacrylamide and monoesters of dihydric alcohols with α,β-monoethylenically unsaturated carboxylic acids of 3 to 6 carbon atoms, such as hydroxyethyl, hydroxy-n-propyl or hydroxy-n-butyl acrylate and methacrylate are also suitable for postcrosslinking.

U.S. Patent No. 4,144,212 describes an air-curing copolymer latex prepared by emulsion copolymerization in the presence of free radical polymerization catalysts such as inorganic or organic peroxide polymerization catalysts, with a blend (in % by weight based on the total weight of all monomers used) of (a) about 1% to about 20% of dicyclopentadienyl acrylate or dicyclopentadienyl methacrylate, (b) about 99% to about 20% of an alkyl acrylate or methacrylate, including mixtures of such monomers, and preferably a lower alkyl acrylate or methacrylate in which the alkyl groups contain from 1 to 4 carbon atoms, (c) 0% to about 5% of acrylic acid or methacrylic acid, and (d) 0% to about 85% of other monoethylenically unsaturated copolymerizable monomers, e.g., higher alkyl acrylates and methacrylates in which the alkyl groups contain from 5 to about 18 carbon atoms, acrylamide, methacrylamide, acrylonitrile or methacrylonitrile; also vinyl esters (e.g. vinyl acetate, vinyl propionate of vinyl chloride), styrene and alkyl vinyl ethers.

The binder resin of the present invention contains about 0.5 to 10% by weight, based on

the total weight of the polymer, of at least one monomer having latent crosslinking functionality, and preferably 1 to 6% by weight, based on the total weight of the polymer, of at least one monomer having latent crosslinking functionality.

Typically, the particle size of the binders is from about 0.1 to 1.0 microns, preferably from about 0.2 to 0.4 microns and more preferably from about 0.25 to 0.3 microns. The Tg of the binders of the present invention is typically from about -60 to 100°C preferably from about -30 to 70 °C and more preferably from about -15 to 60°C. As used herein, the term "Tg" means polymer glass transition temperature. Techniques for measuring the glass transition temperature of polymers are known to those skilled in the art. One such technique is, for example, differential scanning calorimetry. A particularly useful means of estimating the glass transition temperature of a polymer is that given by Fox,

$$1/Tg_{(polymer)} = x_1/Tg_1 + x_2/Tg_2 + x_3/Tg_3 + \ldots + x_n/Tg_n \qquad (1)$$

where x_1 is the weight fraction of component i in the copolymer and Tg_i is the homopolymer glass transition of component i. The homopolymer glass transition temperatures can be found in any publicly available source such as the Polymer Handbook. For example, the homopolymer glass transition temperatures for typical monomers are: vinyl acetate = -32°C, butyl acrylate = -54°C, and vinyl neodecanoate = -3°C and 2-ethylhexyl acrylate = -65°C.

Typically, the viscosity of the binders of the present invention is from about 20 to 3000 and preferably from about 50 to 1500 centipoise ("cP") measured with a 40 to 60 weight percent solids composition using a Brookfield Viscometer with a number 2 spindle at 60 revolutions per

minute. The molecular weight of the binders of the present invention is typically from about 10^4 to 10^7, preferably from about 200,000 to 1,000,000 grams per gram mole. As used herein, the term "molecular weight" means weight average molecular weight. Techniques for altering molecular weight are well known and include, for example, utilizing multi functional monomers and chain transfer agents. Techniques for measuring the weight average molecular weight of latex polymers is known to those skilled in the art. One such technique is, for example, gel permeation chromatography.

The binder polymer of the present invention may contain hydrophobic groups. The monoethylenically unsaturated monomers described above can be polymerized with one or more macromonomers which are polymerizable. Such macromonomers comprise a hydrophobic portion and an alkoxylated portion which is polymerizable with the other monomers. U.S. Patent No. 4,703,080, incorporated herein by reference, describes hydrophobic binder resins. Preferred macromonomers are urethane monomers which comprise the reaction product of a monohydric surfactant and a monoethylenically unsaturated isocyanate. These macromonomers are described in detail below with respect to the dispersant.

In one aspect of the present invention, the binder polymer comprises an acid functional latex. Specific acid functional monomers suitable for use in accordance with the present invention include, for example, acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, and maleic acid.

Preparation of latex compositions is well known in the paint and coatings art. Any of the well known free-radical emulsion polymerization techniques used to formulate latex polymers can be used in the present invention. Such procedures include, for example, single feed, core-shell, and inverted core-shell procedures which produce homogeneous or structures particles.

A preferred vinyl acrylate binder resin comprises 40-60% by weight of a fatty acid vinyl ester, 30-50% by weight of methylmethacrylate, 0.5 to 10% by weight of diacetone acrylamide and 0.5-5% by weight methacrylic acid, based on the total weight of the polymer.

A preferred acrylic binder resin comprises 20-35% by weight butyl acrylate, 40-65% by weight methyl methacrylate, 0.5-10% by weight diacetone acrylamide, 0.5-5% by weight methacrylic acid and 5-10% by weight acrylonitrile, based on the total weight of the polymer.

Dispersants

The dispersants suitable for use in accordance with the present invention comprise the reaction product of an unsaturated carboxylic acid monomer, a monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from the carboxylic acid monomer, a macromonomer comprising a hydrophobic portion and an alkoxylated portion which is polymerizable with the other monomers, and a monomer having latent crosslinking functionality.

The unsaturated carboxylic acid monomers suitable for use in accordance with the present invention are typically α,β-monethylenically unsaturated carboxylic acids. Preferred carboxylic acid monomers are selected from the group consisting of acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, crotonic acid, itaconic acid, maleic acid, and mixtures thereof. Methacrylic acid is especially preferred. The concentration of the carboxylic acid monomer is typically from about 20 to 70 weight percent, preferably from about 20 to 50 weight percent and more preferably from about 35 to 45 weight percent based on the total weight of the polymer. The amount of the carboxylic acid monomer is preferably sufficient to provide a polymeric structure which will solubilize and provide viscosity enhancement when reacted with an alkali such as for example, sodium hydroxide.

In accordance with the present invention, the monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from the carboxylic acid monomer preferably comprises a methyl group. More preferably, this monomer is an acrylate. Most preferably, this monomer is ethyl acrylate. Typically, the amount of the monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from carboxylic acid is from about 5 to 70 weight percent, preferably from about 10 to 50 weight percent based on the total weight of the polymer.

The macromonomers suitable for manufacturing the dispersant in accordance with the present invention comprise a hydrophobic portion and an alkoxylated portion which is polymerizable with other monomer(s). As used herein, the term "macromonomer" means a polymerizable monomer which comprises the reaction product of two or more compounds. Such macromonomers include, for example, any alkoxylated, e.g., ethoxylated or propoxylated, monomers having ethylenic unsaturation and which are terminated by a hydrophobic fatty chain. Examples of unsaturated, polymerizable moieties include those selected from the group consisting of vinyl group containing moieties, methacryloyl, maleoyl, itaconoyl, crotonyl, an unsaturated urethane moiety, hemiester maleoyl, hemiester itaconoyl, CH_2=$CHCH_2$-O-, methacrylamido and substituted methacrylamido. Examples of hydrophobic moieties include those selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkaryl, i.e., alkylaryl or aralkyl, or aryl, linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, and having at least 6 carbon atoms, preferably from about 6 to 30 carbon atoms per molecule.

Preferred macromonomers are urethane monomers which comprise the reaction product of a monohydric surfactant and a monoethylenically unsaturated isocyanate. Preferably, the urethane monomer is a nonionic, urethane monomer which is the urethane reaction product of a

monohydric, nonionic surfactant with a monoethylenically unsaturated monoisocyanate, preferably one lacking ester groups, e.g., alpha, alpha-dimethyl-m-isopropenyl benzyl isocyanate. The monohydric nonionic surfactants are themselves well known and are usually alkoxylated, e.g., ethoxylated, hydrophobes containing adducted ethylene oxide to provide the hydrophilic portion of the molecule. The hydrophobes are usually aliphatic alcohols or alkyl phenols in which a carbon chain containing at least 6 carbon atoms, preferably about 6 to 30 carbon atoms, provides the hydrophobic portion of the surfactant. These surfactants are illustrated by ethylene oxide adducts of dodecyl alcohol or octyl or nonyl phenol which are available in commerce and which contain about 5 to about 150, preferably 25 to 60 moles of ethylene oxide per mole of hydrophobe. Other hydrophobic substituents, such as complex hydrophobes, disclosed for example in U.S. Patent 5,488,180 issued January 30, 1996, are suitable for use in accordance with the present invention.

The monoethylenically unsaturated isocyanates suitable for use in preparing the urethane monomers can be any isocyanates effective to form the desired urethane linkage. Preferably, the isocyanate is a monoethylenically unsaturated monoisocyanate. Any copolymerizable unsaturation may be employed, such as acrylate and methacrylate unsaturation. One may also use allylic unsaturation, as provided by allyl alcohol. These, preferably in the form of a hydroxy-functional derivative, as is obtained by reacting a C2-C4 monoepoxide, like ethylene oxide, propylene oxide or butylene oxide, with acrylic or methacrylic acid to form an hydroxy ester, are preferably reacted in equimolar proportions with an organic diisocyanate, such as toluene diisocyanate or isophorone diisocyanate. The preferred monoethylenic monoisocyanate is styryl, as in alpha, alpha-dimethyl-m-isopropenyl benzyl isocyanate, and this unsaturated

monoisocyanate lacks the ester group so it forms urethanes which lack this group. The amount of the monoethylenically unsaturated isocyanate relative to the monohydric surfactant used in making the macromonomer, (on a mole ratio basis) is typically from about 0.1-2.0 to 1, preferably about 1.0 to 1.0.

Suitable macromonomers useful in this invention can also be represented by the formula:

$$R^1\text{-}(OR^2)_z\text{-}R^3\text{-}\overset{R^4}{\overset{|}{C}}=CR^5R^6$$

wherein:

R^1 is a monovalent residue of a substituted or unsubstituted hydrophobe compound;

each R^2 is the same or different and is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;

R^3 is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;

R^4, R^5, R^6 are the same or different and are hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent hydrocarbon residue;

and z is a value of 0 to 150.

Illustrative R^1 substituents include, for example, simple or complex hydrophobe containing from 1 to 30 carbon atoms such as alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkaryl and cycloakyl groups.

Illustrative R^3 substituents include, for example, the organic residue of ethers, esters, urethanes, amides, ureas, anhydrides and the like including mixtures thereof. The R^3 substituent can be generally described as a "linkage" between the hydrophobe bearing surfactant or alcohol and the unsaturated portion of the macromonomer compound.

The oxyalkylene moieties included in the macromonomer compounds may be

homopolymers or block or random copolymers of straight or branched alkylene oxides. Mixtures of alkylene oxides such as ethylene oxide and propylene oxides may also be employed.

Further details concerning the preparation of such macromonomers are known to those skilled in the art and are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,514,552, 4,801,671, 5,292,828, 5,292,843 and 5,294,693, incorporated herein by reference.

Typically, the amount of the macromonomer is from about 0.5 to 60 weight percent, preferably from about 5 to 50 weight percent and more preferably from about 35 to 45 weight percent based on the total weight of the dispersant polymer. Typically, the molecular weight of the macromonomer ranges from about 400 to 8000 grams per gram mole.

Typically the viscosity of the dispersants of the present invention is from about 5 to 1500 cP in the un-neutralized form measured at 20°C with a 20 to 50 weight percent solids composition using a Brookfield Viscometer with a number 2 spindle at 60 revolutions per minute. The molecular weight of the dispersants of the present invention is typically from about 10^3 to 10^6, preferably from about 5,000 to 10,000 grams per gram mole. Typically, the particle size of the dispersant is from about 0.05 to 1.0 microns, preferably from about 0.1 to 0.4 microns and more preferably from about 0.1 to 0.3 microns. The Tg of the dispersants of the present invention is typically from about 0 to 90°C preferably from about 5 to 60°C and more preferably from about 15 to 35°C.

The dispersants useful in the present invention contain 0.5 to 50% by weight, preferably 20 to 35% by weight, based on the total weight of the dispersant polymer, of at least one monomer having latent crosslinking functionality.

Thickeners

Any suitable alkali soluble thickeners may be utilized in accordance with the present invention. Such alkali soluble thickeners are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,514,552, 4,722,962, 5,292,828 and 5,292,843, which are incorporated herein by reference. The alkali soluble thickeners typically comprise the aqueous emulsion reaction product of an unsaturated carboxylic acid monomer, e.g., methacrylic acid; a monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from the carboxylic acid monomer, e.g. ethyl acrylate; a macromonomer comprising a hydrophobic portion and an alkoxylated portion which is polymerizable with the other monomers; and a monomer having latent crosslinking functionality. The unsaturated carboxylic acid monomer, monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from the carboxylic acid monomer, macromonomer and latent crosslinking monomer used to polymerize the thickener can include those such as described above with reference to the binder polymer and dispersant. Often, the macromonomer is a urethane monomer which is the urethane reaction product of a monohydric surfactant and a monoethylenically unsaturated monoisocyanate. Typically, the monohydric surfactant comprises an ethyloxated or propoxylated aliphatic alcohol or alkyl phenol.

In a preferred aspect of the present invention, the thickeners are prepared in accordance using monomers such as those described above with respect to the preferred dispersants. Typically, the amount of the macromonomer is from about 1 to 20 weight percent, perferably from about 5 to 15 weight percent based on the total weight of the polymer.

Typically, the viscosity of the thickeners of the present invention is from about 5 to 1500 cP in the un-neutralized form measured at 20°C with a 20 to 50 weight percent solids

composition using a Brookfield Viscometer with a number 2 spindle at 60 revolutions per minute. The molecular weight of the thickeners of the present invention is typically from about 10^4 to 10^7, preferably from about 20,000 to 200,000 grams per gram mole. Typically, the particle size of the thickeners is from about 0.05 to 1.0 microns, preferably from about 0.1 to 0.4 microns and more preferably from about 0.1 to 0.3 microns. The Tg of the thickeners of the present invention is typically from about 0 to 90°C, preferably from about 5 to 60°C, and more preferably from about 15 to 55°C.

The thickeners useful in the present invention contain 0.5 to 35% by weight, preferably 1 to 5% by weight, based on the total weight of the thickener polymer, of at least one monomer having latent crosslinking functionality.

The binders, dispersants and thickeners of the present invention are typically in colloidal form, i.e., aqueous dispersions, or in solution and can be prepared by emulsion polymerization in the presence of a chain transfer agent and an initiator. Specific details concerning procedures and conditions for emulsion polymerization are known to those skilled in the art. Typically, however, the polymerization is carried out in an aqueous medium at a temperature of from about 35 to 90°C. The pressure is not critical and is dependent upon the nature of the monomers employed as can be determined by one skilled in the art.

A chain transfer agent is preferably present during the polymerization reaction at a concentration of from about 0.01 to 5 weight percent, preferably from about 0.1 to 2 weight percent based on the total monomer content. Both water-insoluble and water-soluble chain transfer agents can be employed. Illustrative of substantially water-soluble chain transfer agents are alkyl and aryl mercaptans such as butyl mercaptan, mercaptoacetic acid, mercaptoethanol,

3-mercaptol-1,2-propanediol and 2-methyl-2-propanethiol. Illustrative of the substantially water-insoluble chain transfer agents include, for example, t-dodecyl mercaptan, phenyl mercaptan, pentaerythritol tetramercaptopropionate, octyldecyl mercaptan, tetradecyl mercaptan and 2-ethylhexyl-3-mercaptopropionate.

In carrying out the emulsion polymerization, an initiator (also referred to in the art as a catalyst) is preferably used at a concentration sufficient to catalyze the polymerization reaction. This will typically vary from about 0.01 to 3 weight percent based on the weight of monomers charged. However, the concentration of initiator is preferably from about 0.05 to 2 weight percent and, most preferably, from about 0.1 to 1 weight percent of the monomers charged. The particular concentration used in any instance will depend upon the specific monomer mixture undergoing reaction and the specific initiator employed, which details are known to those skilled in the art. Illustrative of suitable initiators include hydrogen peroxide, peracetic acid, t-butyl hydroperoxide, di-t-butyl hydroperoxide, dibenzoyl peroxide, benzoyl hydroperoxide, 2,4-dicholorbenzoyl peroxide, 2,5-dimethyl-2,5-bis(hydroperoxy) hexane, perbenzoic acid, t-butyl peroxypivalate, t-butyl peracetate, dilauroyl peroxide, dicapryloyl peroxide, distearoyl peroxide, dibenzoyl peroxide, diisopropyl peroxydicarbonate, didecyl peroxydicarbonate, dicicosyl peroxydicarbonate, di-t-butyl perbenzoate, 2,2'-azobis-2,4-dimethylvaleronitrile, ammonium persulfate, potassium persulfate, sodium persulfate, sodium perphosphate, azobisisobutyronitrile, as well as any of the other known initiators. Also useful are the redox catalyst systems such as sodium persulfate-sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate, cumene hydroperoxide-sodium metabisulfite, hydrogen peroxide-ascorbic acid, and other known redox systems. Moreover, as known by those skilled in the art, traces of metal ions can be added as

activators to improve the rate of polymerization, if desired.

The particular surfactant useful for conducting the polymerization reaction is not critical to the present invention. Typical surfactants include anionic surfactants such as sodium lauryl sulfate, sodium tridecylether sulfate, diester sulfosuccinates and sodium salts of alkyl aryl polyether sulfonates; and nonionic surfactants such as alkyl aryl polyether alcohols and ethylene oxide condensates of propylene oxide, propylene glycol adducts.

The reaction products of the polymerizations comprising the binders, dispersants or thickeners of the present invention typically have a solids, i.e., polymer, content of from about 15 to 65 weight percent, preferably from about 20 to 65 weight percent and more preferably from about 25 to 60 weight percent based on the weight of the latex and water.

EXAMPLES

The following examples are provided for illustrative purposes and are not intended to limit the scope of the claims which follow.

Example M1

Preparation of Macromonomer with Small Hydrophobe

To a one-liter glass reactor fitted with a thermometer, heating mantle, thermoregulator, stirrer, nitrogen sparge, and condenser including a Dean-Stark trap was charged 930 grams of a 40 mole ethoxylate of nonyl phenol, i.e., a small hydrophobe. The reactor contents were heated, with nitrogen sparging, to 110°C and held for two hours while trace moisture was removed and collected in the Dean-Stark Trap (typically less than 1g). The reactor contents were then cooled to 80°C, the Dean Stark trap was replaced with a condenser, and the nitrogen sparge was switched to an air sparge for 15 minutes. With continued air sparging, 0.02 g methoxy-

hydroquinone inhibitor, 0.50 g dibutyl tin dilaurate catalyst, and 99.7 g of alpha, alpha-dimethyl-m-isopropenyl benzyl isocyanate (m-TMI, a product of CYTEC, Stamford, CT) were charged in order to the reactor. After a rapid initial exotherm which increased the reaction temperature about 8°C, the contents were maintained at 80°C for an additional two hours. The product was then cooled to room temperature. The final product was a white wax in appearance with residual isocyanate content of 0.5% and with 98% of the original ethylenic unsaturation retained.

Example M2

Preparation of Macromonomer with Large Hydrophobe

A macromonomer was prepared substantially in accordance with Example M1, except that a 20 mole ethoxylate of bis-nonylphenoxy ethanol (large hydrophobe) was used in place of the nonylphenol (small hydrophobe) and the amounts of the reacts used were adjusted to maintain a molar ration of 1:1.

Example A

Acrylic Latex Binder Preparation

A monomer mixture was prepared by charging 460 g of butyl acrylate, 520 g of methyl methacrylate, 9.8 g diacetone acrylamide (DAAM), 5.4 g of methacrylic acid, 40 g of Rhodacal DS-4 (a dodecyl benzene sulfonate surfactant available from CYTEC) and 365 g of water to a two liter monomer feed cylinder. A two liter jacketed resin flask equipped with a four-bladed stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, Friedrichs water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer, and monomer addition inlets were used to charge 560 f of water. An initial oxidizer solution, prepared by dissolving 4 g of ammonium persulfate in 20 g of water, was prepared in a separate container. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to

80°C by circulating temperature controlled water through the reactor jacket. After the temperature of the reactor charge had reached 80°C, the initial oxidizer solution was added to the reactor. Two minutes later, the monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period by FMI (Fluid Metering Inc.) pumps using 1/8 inch Teflon tubing with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79°and 81°C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80°C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed. To the product was added 15% ammonium hydroxide solution to a pH of 9. To the cooled product was added 36.8 g of a 10% solution of adipic dihydrazide.

Example B

Styrene Acrylic Latex Binder Preparation

A first monomer mixture was prepared by charging 365 grams of butyl acrylate (BA), 470 grams of methyl methacrylate (MMA), 130 grams of styrene, 5.4 grams of methacrylic acid (MAA), 40 grams of diacetone acrylamide (DAAM), 40 grams of TRITON GR-9M (a disodium ethoxylated lauryl alcohol half ester of sulfosuccinic acid surfactant available from Union Carbide Corporation, Danbury, CT) and 450 grams of water to a 2-liter monomer feed cylinder. A two liter jacketed resin flask equipped with a four-blade stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, Friedrichs water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer, and monomer addition inlets was used as the reactor. To the reactor was charged 600 grams of water. An initial oxidizer solution, prepared by dissolving 4 grams of ammonium persulfate in 20 grams of water, was prepared in a separate container. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to 80°C by circulating temperature controlled water through the reactor jacket. After the temperature of the reactor charge had reached 80°C, the initial oxidizer solution

was added to the reactor. Two minutes later, the monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period by FMI (Fluid Metering Inc.) pumps using 1/8 inch Teflon tubing with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79° and 81°C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80°C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed.

A second monomer mixture was prepared by charging 36 grams of methacrylic acid (MAA), 72 grams of methyl methacrylate, 120 grams of styrene, 12.5 grams diacetone acrylamide, 1.2 grams of ethylhexyl-3-mercaptopropionate as a chain transfer agent (CTA), 12.5 grams of the macromonomer of Example M1 and 12.5 grams of the macromonomer alpha, alpha-dimethyl-m-isopropenylbenzylisocyanate adduct with Bis-nonylphenoxy-propylpoly(ethyleneoxy) ethanol (large hydrophobe macromonomer of Example M2), 4 grams of Rhodacal DS-4 and 245 grams of water to a one 2-liter monomer feed cylinder. An additional 4 grams of ammonium persulfate in 20 grams of water, was prepared in a separate container and added to the reactor. The monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79° and 81°C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80°C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed.

To the product was added 15% ammonium hydroxide solution to a pH of 9. To the cooled product was added 0.75 molar amounts of adipic dihydrazide.

Table 1 below sets forth a variety of latexes made with the monomers as listed in accordance with the procedure of Example B. Ingredients are listed in grams.

TABLE 1

Example	1st Stage DAAM	2nd Stage M1	2nd Stage M2	2nd Stage DAAM	2nd Stage MAA	CTA
B1	40	0	0	12.5	30	0
B2	15	0	12.5	5	36	1.2
B3	40	12.5	0	12.5	36	0
B4	15	12.5	12.5	5	36	0
B5	15	12.5	12.5	5	30	1.2
B6	15	12.5	0	5	36	1.2
B7	40	0	0	12.5	36	1.2
B8	40	12.5	0	12.5	30	1.2
B9	15	12.5	0	5	30	0
B10	40	12.5	12.5	12.5	30	0
B11	15	0	12.5	5	30	0
B12	15	0	0	5	36	0
B13	15	0	0	5	30	1.2
B14	40	0	12.5	12.5	30	1.2
B15	40	12.5	12.5	12.5	36	1.2
B16	40	0	12.5	12.5	36	0
B17	100	0	0	25	48	1.2
B18	50	0	5	12.5	48	1.2
B19	100	0	5	25	36	1.2
B20	50	0	0	12.5	36	1.2
B21	50	0	5	12.5	36	1.2
B22	100	0	0	25	36	1.2
B23	100	0	5	25	48	1.2
B24	50	0	0	12.5	48	1.2
B25[1]	50	0	0	12.5	15	1.2
B26[1]	50	0	0	12.5	15	1.2
B27[2]	50	0	0	12.5	15	1.2
B28[2]*	50	0	0	12.5	15	1.2
B29[3]*	50	0	0	12.5	15	1.2

[1] Methylmethacrylate substituted for styrene monomer in stage1 and stage 2.

[2] VeoVa10 substituted for BA and styrene in stage 1 and stage2.

[3] MMA substituted for styrene and acrylonitrile substituted for 10% by weight of MMA in stage 1 and stage 2.

* Surfactant used was Rhodafac RE-610

Example C

Latex Binder Preparation

A monomer mixture was prepared by charging 615 grams of VeoVa 10 (a vinyl versatate ester having 10 carbon atoms in the acid portion, commercially available from Shell Chemical), 368 grams of methyl methacrylate (MMA), 9.8 grams diacetone acrylamide (DAAM), 11 grams of methacrylic acid (MAA), 40 grams of Rhodafac 610 (a nonylphenol ethoxylated phosphate ester surfactant available from Rhodia) and 365 grams of water to a 2-liter monomer feed cylinder. A two liter jacketed resin flask equipped with a four-bladed stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, Freidrichs water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer, and monomer addition inlets was used as the reactor. To the reactor was charged 560 grams of water. An initial oxidizer solution, prepared by dissolving 4 grams of ammonium persulfate in 20 grams of water, was prepared in a separate container. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to 80°C by circulating temperature controlled water through the reactor jacket. After the temperature of the reactor charge had reached 80°C, the initial oxidizer solution was added to the reactor. Two minutes later, the monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period by FMI pumps using 1/8" Teflon tubing with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79° and 81°C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80°C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed. To the product was added 15% ammonium hydroxide solution to a pH of 9. To the cooled product was added 0.75 molar amounts of adipic dihydrazide.

Table 2 below sets forth other latexes made with monomers as listed in accordance with the procedure of Example C. Ingredients are listed in grams.

TABLE 2

Example	VeoVa10	MMA	MAA	Surfactant
C1	615	368	11	Rhodafac RE-610
C2	487	497	11	Rhodafac RE-610

Example D

Acrylic Latex Binder Preparation

A monomer mixture was prepared by charging 530 grams ("g") of butyl acrylate, 600 g of methyl methacrylate, 23 g diacetone acrylamide (DAAM), 5.4 g of methacrylic acid (MAA), 40 g of Rhodacal DS-4 (a surfactant available from Rhone-Poulenc) and 450 g of water to a one 2-liter monomer feed cylinder. A two liter jacketed resin flask equipped with a four-bladed stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, Friedrichs water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer, and monomer addition inlets were used to charge 800 g of water. An initial oxidizer solution, prepared by dissolving 4 g of ammonium persulfate in 20 g of water, was prepared in a separate container. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to 80°C by circulating temperature controlled water through the reactor jacket. After the temperature of the reactor charge had reached 80°C, the initial oxidizer solution was added to the reactor. Two minutes later, the monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period by FMI (Fluid Metering Inc.) pumps using 1/8" Teflon tubing with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79 and 81°C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80°C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed.

A second monomer mixture was prepared by charging 7.35 grams of methacrylic acid (MAA), 21 grams of butyl acrylate, 7.5 grams diacetone acrylamide (DAAM), 7.35 grams of the

macromonomer M1, 4 grams of Rhodacal DS-4 and 10 grams of ammonium persulfate in 20 grams of water, was prepared in a separate container and added to the reactor. The monomer feed was conveyed to the reaction vessel over a 3 hour period with continuous stirring while the reaction temperature was held between 79 and 81 °C. The reaction was allowed to proceed at 80 °C for an additional hour after completion of the monomer feed.

To the product was added 15% ammonium hydroxide solution to a pH of 9. To the cooled product was added 0.75 molar amounts of adipic dihydrazide.

Table 3 sets forth a variety of latexes made with the monomers as listed in accordance with the procedure of Example D. Ingredients are listed in grams.

TABLE 3

Example	1st Stage DAAM	2nd Stage M1	2nd Stage DAAM	2nd Stage MAA
D1	23	7.35	7.3	7.5
D2	58	1.8	1.8	15
D3	58	7.35	1.8	15
D4	23	1.8	7.3	7.5
D5	23	7.35	7.3	15
D6	58	1.8	1.8	7.5
D7	23	1.8	7.3	15
D8	58	7.35	1.8	7.5

Example E

Preparation of Crosslinkable Thickener

A monomer mixture (300 grams) was prepared by charging ethyl acrylate, methacrylic acid, diacetone acrylamide, macromonomer M1, 13 grams of a 75% solution of Aerosol® OT surfactant (American Cyanamid) and 3 grams of distilled deionized water to a bottle, and dispersing the contents with vigorous shaking. The ethyl acrylate, methacrylic acid, diacetone

acrylamide and macromonomer M1 were added in amounts identified in Table 4 below. A catalyst feed mixture comprised of 0.53 grams of sodium persulfate and 52.47 grams of water was prepared in another container. To a 2 liter resin flask that had been immersed in a thermostated water bath and equipped with a 4-bladed stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer and monomer and catalyst addition inlets, 1.20 grams of the sodium salt of vinyl sulfonic acid and 658.5 grams of water were charged. The monomer mixture was charged to a 1-liter graduated monomer feed cylinder, and the catalyst solution was charged to a 125 milliliter graduated catalyst feed cylinder. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to 70°C, whereupon 33 milliliters of the monomer mixture and 3 milliliters of the catalyst feed mixture were charged to the reaction vessel. The reaction vessel was subsequently heated to 80°C. After allowing the monomers to react for 20 minutes to form a seed product, the monomer and catalyst feed mixtures were conveyed to the reaction vessel by FMI pumps via 1/8 inch teflon tubing at a rate of 1.94 and 0.27 milliliters/minute, respectively, under continuous stirring at a reaction temperature held between 76° and 82°C. The reaction was allowed to proceed for another hour, after which the product was cooled and filtered with a 200 mesh nylon cloth. The coagulum was collected from the reaction vessel and filter cloth. The product is a low viscosity latex of solids content of about 40% and pH of about 2.5.

Table 4 sets forth a variety of thickeners made with the monomers as listed, in accordance with the procedure of Example E. Ingredients are listed in percentages by weight based on the total weight of the polymer.

TABLE 4

Example	M1	M2	MAA	EA	DAAM	Surfactant
E1	15		40	35	10	Rhodafac RE-610
E2	5		40	45	10	Rhodafac RE-610
E3	15		40	40	5	Rhodafac RE-610
E4	5		40	50	5	Triton GR-9M
E5		5	40	50	5	Triton GR-9M
E6		5	40	45	10	Triton GR-9M
E7	15		40	35	10	Triton GR-9M
E8	15		40	40	5	Triton GR-9M

Example F

Preparation of Crosslinkable Dispersant

A monomer mixture (300 grams) was prepared by charging ethyl acrylate, methacrylic acid, diacetone acrylamide, macromonomer M1, 13 grams of a 75% solution of Aerosol® OT surfactant (American Cyanamid) and 3 grams of distilled deionized water to a bottle, and dispersing the contents with vigorous shaking. The ethyl acrylate, methacrylic acid, diacetone acrylamide and macromonomer M1 were added in amounts identified in Table 5 below. A catalyst feed mixture comprised of 0.53 grams of sodium persulfate and 52.47 grams of water was prepared in another container. To a 2 liter resin flask that had been immersed in a thermostated water bath and equipped with a 4-beaded stainless steel mechanical stirrer, Claisen connecting tube, water condenser, nitrogen sparge and bubble trap, thermometer and monomer and catalyst addition inlets, 1.20 grams of the sodium salt of vinyl sulfonic acid and 658.5 grams of water were charged. The monomer mixture was charged to a 1-liter graduated monomer feed cylinder, and the catalyst solution was charged to a 125 milliliter graduated catalyst feed cylinder. Under nitrogen purge, the reactor was heated to 70°C, whereupon 33 milliliters of the monomer

mixture and 3 milliliters of the catalyst feed mixture were charged to the reaction vessel. The reaction vessel was subsequently heated to 80°C. After allowing the monomers to react for 20 minutes to form a seed product, the monomer and catalyst feed mixtures were conveyed to the reaction vessel by FMI pumps via 1/8 inch teflon tubing at a rate of 1.94 and 0.27 milliliters/minute, respectively, under continuous stirring at a reaction temperature held between 76° and 82°C. The reaction was allowed to proceed for another hour, after which the product was cooled and filtered with a 200 mesh nylon cloth. The coagulum was collected from the reaction vessel and filter cloth. The product is a low viscosity latex of solids content of about 25%. The product was subsequently neutralized to a pH of about 9.0.

Table 5 sets forth a variety of dispersants made with the monomers as listed, in accordance with the procedure of Example F. Ingredients are listed in percentages by weight based on the total weight of the polymer.

TABLE 5

Example	M1	M2	MAA	EA	DAAM	Surfactant
F1			17.5	32.5	20	Rhodafac RE-610
F2		30	17.5	47.5	5	Triton GR-9M
F3	30		17.5	17.5	35	Triton GR-9M
F4	30		17.5	32.5	20	Triton GR-9M
F5	37.5		17.5	25	20	Rhodafac RE-610
F6	37.5		17.5	10	35	Triton GR-9M
F7	45		17.5	32.5	5	Triton GR-9M
F8		37.5	17.5	40	5	Triton GR-9M
F9		37.5	17.5	25	20	Triton GR-9M
F10		45	17.5	17.5	20	Triton GR-9M
F11		45	17.7	2.5	35	Triton GR-9M
F12	30		25	35	10	Triton GR-9M
F13	30		25	25	20	Triton GR-9M
F14	30		40	20	10	Triton GR-9M
F15	30		25	40	5	Triton GR-9M
F16	30		17.5	25	5	Triton GR-9M

The binders, thickeners and dispersants described above were used in the formulation of paints as described below. The paint formulations may, in addition to the polymers described herein, contain conventional additives, such as pigments, fillers, wetting agents, coalescants, biocides and anti-foaming agents and the like.

Example G

Preparation of Latex Paint

A pigment grind is prepared by adding the following ingredients in sequence: 54.96 grams of water, 5.92 grams of a 28% aqueous ammonia solution and 2.76 grams of Dispersant F9 to a HSD-type grinding apparatus with low agitation. Slowly added are 200.8 grams of TiPure R-706 titanium dioxide pigment (DuPont) while the agitation is increased. The mixture is ground for approximately 1 hour, or until a fineness of grind of 8 Hegman is obtained. The agitation is reduced and 25.6 grams of ethylene glycol and 1.8 grams of BYK 035 defoamer is added.

A thickener premix is prepared by adding 10.32 grams of water to a mix tank and under agitation, adding 0.25 grams of Thickener E5 and 0.05 grams of 28% aqueous ammonia solution to the tank.

The paint is prepared by adding 568.72 grams of Binder resin C2 to the grind mixture under agitation. After this mixture is agitated for about 30 minutes, the following ingredients are added in order: 21.64 grams of Exxate 1000 (Exxon), 5.44 grams of Arcosolve DPNB (dipropylene glycol n-butyl ether from Arco Chemicals) and 11.64 grams of Exxate 900 (oxononyl acetate from Exxon). The thickener premix is then added under agitation. Flash X-

150 flash rust inhibitor (Halox) in an amount of 2.6 grams is then added, followed by 1.48 grams of Surfynol 104BC defoamer (Air Products) and 1.48 grams of Byk 307 (wetting agent from BYK-Chemie). Dispersant F9 is then added in an amount of 2.76 grams. The paint is mixed until it is homogeneous and then reduced with 54.57 grams of water to the desired application viscosity.

Example H

Preparation of Paint

A pigment grind is prepared by adding the following ingredients in sequence: 54.96 grams of water, 5.92 grams of a 28% aqueous ammonia solution and 2.55 grams of Dispersant F5 to a HSD-type grinding apparatus with low agitation. Slowly added are 200.8 grams of TiPure R-706 titanium dioxide pigment (DuPont) while the agitation is increased. The mixture is ground for approximately 1 hour, or until a fineness of grind of 8 Hegman is obtained. The agitation is reduced and 25.6 grams of ethylene glycol and 1.8 grams of BYK 035 defoamer is added.

A thickener premix is prepared by adding 10.32 grams of water to a mix tank and under agitation, adding 0.25 grams of Thickener E5 and 0.05 grams of 28% aqueous ammonia solution to the tank.

The paint is prepared by adding 581.48 grams of Binder resin B29 to the grind mixture under agitation. After this mixture is agitated for about 30 minutes, the following ingredients are added in order: 21.64 grams of Texanol (Eastman Chemicals), 5.44 grams of Arcosolve DPNB (dipropylene glycol n-butyl ether from Arco Chemicals) and 12.73 grams of Exxate 900 (oxononyl acetate from Exxon). The thickener premix is then added under agitation. Flash X-

150 flash rust inhibitor in an amount of 2.6 grams is then added, followed by 1.48 grams of Surfynol 104BC defoamer (Air Products) and 1.48 grams of Byk 307 (wetting agent from BYK-Chemie). Dispersant F9 is then added in an amount of 2.76 grams. The paint is mixed until it is homogeneous and then reduced with 45.5 grams of water to the desired application viscosity.

Examples 1-88 were prepared substantially in accordance with the procedure of Example G. The following criteria were used to evaluate the quality of the coatings 1-88. For evaluation of the coatings for ambient cure chemical coating applications, each coating was applied to Bonderite 100 substrates. Adhesion was evaluated by applying the coatings to treated aluminum, Lexan, ABS, Noryl and Styron substrates. QUV evaluations were conducted on coatings applied to aluminum substrates. Table 7 shows the results of the evaluations of the coatings for ambient cure chemical coating applications. These coatings were compared to commercially available polyurethane coatings, Polane® 700T, a one-component waterborne polyurethane and Polane®HS Plus, a two-component solvent borne polyurethane.

For the evaluation of the coatings for industrial maintenance applications, the coatings were applied to cold rolled steel substrates. Adhesion was evaluated by applying the coatings to weathered aluminum and weathered galvanized steel substrates. Corrosion, humidity, salt spray and 24 hour water soak were evaluated by applying the coatings on blased steel panels. QUV evaluations were conducted on coatings applied to aluminum substrates. Table 8 shows the results of the evaluations of the coatings for industrial maintenance applications. These coatings were compared to commercially available coatings, Polylon® 1900, a two-component solvent borne polyurethane coating, Centurion™, a two-component waterborne polyurethane coating, and Sher-cryl™, an acrylic enamal coating.

For the evauation of the coatings for oven bake applications, the coatings were applied to Bonderite 1000 substrates. Adhesion was evaluated by applying the coatings to weathered aluminum and weathered galvanized steel substrates. QUV evaluations were conducted on coatings applied to aluminum substrates. Table 9 shows the results of the evaluations of the coatings for oven bake applications. These coatings were compared to commercially available coatings Kem Aqua® 1700T and Kem Aqua® 1400, both water reducible enamel coatings.

AMBIENT CURE

Property	Test Method	Measurement
Chemical Resistance	ASTM D3912-80 24 hr. exposure Key Chemicals: 1. Formula 409 2. isopropanol 3. MEK 4. Toluene 5. 10% NaOH 6. 10% sulfuric acid 7. Deep Woods Off Spray 8. Coppertone 30	rating 1. Total Failure 2. severe Failure 3. slight failure 4. minimal failure 5. no effect
Pencil Hardness	ASTM D3363	Use film breakthrough
Salt Spray	ASTM B117	200 hours
MEK Rubs		Until substrate shows
Gloss		60°, 20°
Reverse Impact Test	ASTM D2794	Until film breakage
Impact Resistance	ASTM D2794	Until film breakage
QUV	ASTM D4587-91 Method B	1000 hours
Storage Stability	4 weeks at 120°F	4 weeks, check viscosity and settling
Adhesion	ASTM D3359 Key substrates: 1. Treated Aluminum 2. Lexan 3. ABS 4. Noryl 5. Styron	Tape adhesion
48 hr. Water Immersion		Blister, Rust, Tape adhesion

OVEN BAKE

Property	Test Method	Measurement
Chemical Resistance	ASTM D3912-80 24 hr. exposure	rating 1. Total Failure 2. severe Failure 3. slight failure 4. minimal failure 5. no effect
QUV	ASTM D4587-91 Method B	1000 hours
Pencil Hardness	ASTM D3363	Use film breakthrough
Gloss		60°, 20°
Corrosion-Weathering	ASTM D5894-96	6 cycles
Salt Spray	ASTM B117	500 hrs.
Reverse Impact Test	ASTM D2794	Until film breakage
Impact Resistance	ASTM D2794	Until film breakage
Storage Stability	for 4 weeks at 140°F	Check Viscosity and Settling
Early Blister Resistance	2,4, and 6 hrs after application	Blister and Rust
Adhesion	ASTM D3359 Key Substrates: 1. Weathered Aluminum 2. Weathered Hotdipped Galvanized	Tape Adhesion

Table 7
AMBIENT CURE

								Chemical Resistance							
Formula	Resin	Dispersant	Dispersant amount	Thickener	Film build	20 gloss	60 gloss	Coppertone	Toluene	IPA	MEK	DWO	10% Sulf	10% NaOH	F409
001	3	2	1	3	1.76	5.9	29.4	1	3	3	3	2	5	3	5
002	3	8	1	5	1.95	23 5	58.6	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	5
003	3	7	1	5	2.01	30.3	64.6	5	3	3	5	2.5	4	3	5
004	3	2	1	6	2.24	4.3	24.8	4	3	3	3	2.5	5	3	5
005	3	11	1	7	1.95	26.4	61.9	5	2	2	2	2	4	2	5
006	3	3	1	7	1.71	16.5	51.3	5	2	3	3	2	4.5	3	5
007	4	1	2	7	2 03	34.3	67.8	5	4	5	5	3.75	5	4	5
008	4	5	2	5	1.77	33.4	67.9	4.5	3	5	5	3.5	5	4	5
009	4	3	2	3	1.82	31.5	65.0	5	3	4	4	3.75	5	3	3.5
010	4	10	2	2	2.04	13.3	48.0	5	3	5	3	2.5	5	4	4
011	4	10	2	2	1.78	7.1	35.5	4	3.5	5	4	3.5	5	4	5
012	4	3	2	7	1.74	20.8	56.6	4	3	4.5	3	2	5	4	5
013	4	8	2	7	1.89	11.7	43.0	4	3	5	3	2	5	4	5
014	4	11	2	8	2.01	28.1	64.5	4	3.5	4	3.5	2	5	3	5
015	4	1	1	2	1.8	30.7	64.8	4.5	3.5	5	3	2	5	3.5	4
016	4	5	1	3	1.56	37.9	68.7	5	3	5	3	2	4	3	5
017	4	1	1	8	1.84	21.4	57.8	4.5	3.5	5	3.5	2	5	3	5
018	4	2	1	4	1.69	33 5	66.9	4.5	3	5	5	2	5	3	5
019	4	7	1	1	1.73	13.4	46.3	5	3	4	3.5	2	5	4.5	5
020	4	11	1	4	1.76	31.4	66.0	4	3	3	3	2	1	3.5	5
021	4	3	1	6	1.8	33.1	67.4	5	3	4	4	2	5	3.5	5
022	4	11	1	2	1.78	30.0	65.2	5	3	5	5	2	5	4	5
023	4	3	1	7	2.06	39.1	69.1	5	3.5	5	3	2	4	5	5
031	2	2	2	1	1.98	22.4	56.7	5	2	3	2	2	4	3	4
032	2	3	2	6	1.82	37.4	67.9	4.5	2	3	2	2	4	2	3
033	2	4	2	8	1.99	13.0	44.8	4.5	2	2.5	2	2	3	2	5
034	2	1	1	7	1.88	25.2	59.9	5	2	3	2	2	4.5	2	4.5
035	2	1	1	5	1.91	15.6	48.9	4	2	3	2	2	5	2.5	4.5
036	2	3	1	4	2.09	16.1	50.2	4	2	3	2	2	4	2.5	5
037	2	8	1	4	2 06	15.4	48.5	4	1	3	1	2	4.5	2	4
038	2	11	1	2	1.98	34.5	67.1	4	2	2	2	2	5	2	3
039	2	2	1	8	1.86	24.2	58.7	4	2	3	2	2	3	2	4.5
040	2	7	1	8	1.72	27.2	62.3	4.5	2	2	2	2	5	2	4
041	2	7	1	6	2.16	23.6	58.7	4	2	3	2	2	5	2	4.5
042	3	1	2	4	1.78	23.5	59.2	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	4
043	3	1	2	1	1.52	19.6	54.2	4	2	3	2	2	5	2	5

Table 7 (Cont.)
AMBIENT CURE

								Chemical Resistance							
Formula	Resin	Dispersant	Dispersant amount	Thickener	Film build	20 gloss	60 gloss	Coppertone	Toluene	IPA	MEK	DWO	10% Sulf	10% NaOH	F409
044	3	1	2	7	1.72	9 1	38.4	4	2	2	2	2	4	3	4.5
045	3	5	2	8	1.50	26.3	62.0	4	2	2	2	2	3	2	4.5
046	3	8	2	3	1.45	7.2	32.5	4.5	2	3	2	2	5	2	5
047	3	7	2	1	1.74	28.0	62.5	4	2	3	2	2	5	2	4
048	3	11	2	3	1.70	25.6	61.0	4	2	3	3	2	4	2	5
049	3	8	2	6	1.64	26.8	63.6	4.5	2	3	2	2	3	2	5
050	3	3	2	5	1.75	15.5	49.9	4	2	2	2	2	5	2	5
051	3	5	1	4	2.30	29.1	63.6	4	2	5	2	2	5	2	5
052	3	9	1	1	2.18	25.2	59.4	5	2	2.5	2	2	4	2	5
053	3	9	1	2	2.34	22.6	57.9	4	2	3	2	2	5	3	5
054	2	8	1	4	3.53	15 0	48.9	5	3	3	2	2.5	5	3	5
055	3	8	2	4	1.77	8.6	35.8	4	3	3	3	1	5	5	5
067	1	5	2	3	1.64	27.7	65.0	5	5	5	5	2.5	3	2	5
068	1	1	2	6	1.60	36.5	70.8	3	3	4	4	2.5	2	2	4
069	1	8	2	2	1.61	37.8	71.3	4	4	5	3	3.5	3	2	5
070	1	3	2	2	1.68	34.7	69 8	4.5	3.5	5	3.5	3	2	2	5
071	1	3	2	2	1.64	32.2	67.5	4	4	5	3	2	3	2	3
072	1	11	2	5	1.48	36.4	69.8	4.5	5	5	5	2.5	3	2	5
073	1	7	2	6	1.58	32.7	69 3	5	4	5	5	2	3	2	5
074	1	2	2	5	1.76	33.0	67.8	4.5	4	5	3	2	2	3	4
075	1	5	1	2	2.10	30.6	67.1	5	3	5	5	2	3	2	5
076	1	6	1	1	2.03	21.9	59.2	5	3	5	3	2	3	2	4.5
077	1	9	1	5	2.00	30.8	66.5	4.5	3.5	4	3	2	3	2	4.5
078	1	9	1	4	1.62	28.0	65.8	4.5	3	4.5	3	2	3	2	5
079	1	2	1	1	1.89	28.4	62.9	4	3.5	4	4	2	3	1	5
080	1	3	1	8	1.93	32.4	67.7	5	3.5	3	3	2	3	2	5
081	1	7	1	3	1.88	32.4	67.0	4	3.5	4.5	3	2	4	2	5
082	1	10	1	1	1.82	27.8	62.5	4.5	2	5	2	2.5	4	2	5
083	1	9	1	5	1.56	34.6	68.8	4.5	3	4	3	2.5	3	2	3
084	1	3	1	6	2 06	35 4	69 0	5	3	4.5	3	2	3	2	5
085	2	1	2	3	1.70	30.9	64.6	5	2	3	2	2.5	3.5	2	4
086	2	5	2	7	1.38	24 0	60.2	5	2	2	2	2	5	2	2
087	2	5	2	7	1.67	33.8	66.5	4	2	3	2	2	5	2	3
088	2	8	2	4	1.90	17.8	53 6	4	2	3	2	2	4	2	3
700T					2.08	2.5	29.5	2.5	2	3	4.5	1	3.5	2.5	2
HS+					1.96	89.8	90.1	4	5	5	5	4	5	5	5

Table 7 (Cont.)
AMBIENT CURE

	Pencil	Humidity 200 hours						Salt Spray-100 Hours				Salt Spray-200 hours			
Formula	Hardness	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Flash rust-Y or N	Gloss	% change gloss	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe
001	4	8	4	8	no	23.8	-19.05%	2	2	6	9	2	2	6	9
002	4	8	3	6	yes	46.2	-21.16%	2	1	5	9	2	1	5	9
003	5	8	2	4	yes	42.7	-33.90%	2	2	5	9	2	2	5	9
004	4	8	4	10	no	24.4	-1.61%	2	2	7	9	2	2	7	9
005	4	8	4	7	no	54.4	-12.12%	2	2	5	9	2	2	5	9
006	3	6	4	7	no	42.3	-17.54%	2	2	6	9	2	2	6	9
007	4	8	1	5	yes	16	-76.40%	2	2	7	9	2	2	7	9
008	6	4	1	6	yes	16.8	-75.26%	2	3	8	5	2	3	8	5
009	5	6	1	6	yes	15.4	-76.31%	2	3	7	6				
010	5	8	1	6	yes	16.7	-65.21%	2	3	8	9	2	3	8	9
011	5	8	1	6	yes	11.7	-67.04%	2	4	9	4	2	4	9	4
012	5	6	1	6	yes	15.2	-73.14%	2	3	7	6	2	3	7	6
013	4	8	1	7	yes	21.3	-50.47%	2	4	9	6	2	4	9	6
014	5	6	1	7	yes	16.1	-75.04%	2	3	8	6	2	2	8	6
015	4	6	1	8	yes	17.8	-72.53%	2	3	8	7	2	3	8	7
016	5	4	2	7	yes	18.9	-72.49%	4	3	7	6	4	3	7	6
017	6	8	1	6	yes	29.4	-49.13%	4	3	8	6	4	3	8	6
018	4	8	1	8	yes	27	-59.64%	4	4	9	7	4	4	9	7
019	4	8	1	7	yes	17.5	-62.20%	4	3	7	6	4	3	7	6
020	5	6	1	8	yes	16	-75.76%	4	3	7	7	4	3	7	7
021	4	6	1	8	yes	19.1	-71.66%	4	3	7	6	4	3	7	6
022	4	6	1	9	yes	17.3	-73.47%	4	4	9	6	4	4	9	6
023	4	4	4	9	yes	23.2	-66.43%	2	3	9	7	2	3	9	7
031	4	8	2	5	yes	42.4	-25.22%	2	1	6	9	2	1	6	9
032	4	8	2	6	yes	61.5	-9.43%	2	1	6	9	2	1	6	9
033	5	8	3	5	yes	38	-15.18%	2	1	7	9	2	1	7	9
034	4	6	4	9	yes	49.9	-16.69%	2	1	7	9	2	1	7	9
035	4	8	4	5	yes	43.5	-11.04%	2	1	5	9	2	1	5	9
036	5	8	3	6	yes	42.6	-15.14%	2	1	6	9	2	1	6	9
037	4	8	3	6	yes	38.4	-20.82%	2	1	4	9	2	1	4	9
038	4	6	2	7	no	49.6	-26.08%	2	2	6	9	2	2	6	9
039	4	8	2	8	no	39.5	-32.71%	2	2	8	9	2	2	8	9
040	5	8	3	5	yes	49	-21.35%	2	2	7	9	2	2	7	9
041	4	8	3	7	yes	47.3	-19.42%	2	1	7	9	2	2	7	9
042	4	8	4	9	yes	51.4	-13.18%	2	1	6	9	2	1	6	9
043	4	8	4	8	no	46.2	-14.76%	2	1	6	9	2	1	6	9

Table 7 (Cont.)
AMBIENT CURE

	Pencil	Humidity 200 hours						Salt Spray-100 Hours				Salt Spray-200 hours			
Formula	Hardness	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Flash rust-Y or N	Gloss	% change gloss	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe
044	5	8	4	9	no	35.2	-8.33%	2	1	6	9	2	1	6	9
045	4	8	4	7	yes	45.6	-26.45%	2	1	6	7	2	1	6	7
046	2	8	3	7	no	25.7	-20.92%	2	1	6	9	2	1	6	9
047	5	8	2	9	no	43.7	#REF!	4	2	6	9	4	2	6	9
048	5	8	4	8	yes	40.1	-35.84%	4	1	6	9	4	1	6	9
049	4	8	4	9	yes	48.4	-20.66%	4	2	6	9	4	2	6	9
050	5	8	4	9	no	39.5	-20.84%	2	2	6	9	2	2	6	9
051	4	8	3	9	yes	44.4	-30.19%	2	2	8	9	2	2	8	9
052	4	8	3	9	yes	44.8	-24.58%	2	2	6	7	2	2	6	7
053	4	8	4	8	yes	51.1	-11.74%	4	3	1	9	4	3	8	9
054	4	8	4	7	yes	41.1	-15.95%	2	1	6	9	2	1	6	9
055	4	8	4	6	no	31.3	-12.57%	4	1	2	9	4	1	2	9
067	2	8	2	5	yes	27.8	-57.23%	6	1	2	9	6	1	2	9
068	3	8	3	5	yes	29.7	-58.05%	4	2	2	9	4	2	2	9
069	2	8	4	6	yes	22.1	-69.00%	6	1	2	9	6	1	2	9
070	2	8	3	4	yes	26.8	-61.60%	4	2	3	9	4	2	3	9
071	4	8	3	4	yes	28.3	-58.07%	4	1	3	9	4	1	3	9
072	4	8	3	4	yes	30	-57.02%	6	1	8	9	6	1	8	9
073	4	8	2	5	yes	29.4	-57.58%	4	2	7	9	4	2	7	9
074	4	8	3	7	no	33.8	-50.15%	4	2	7	9	4	2	7	9
075	4	8	2	6	yes	25	-62.74%	4	1	6	9	4	1	6	9
076	2	8	2	6	yes	27.5	-53.55%	4	2	6	9	4	2	6	9
077	2	8	3	8	yes	28.4	-57.29%	4	2	7	9	4	2	7	9
078	4	8	3	7	yes	28.3	-56.99%	4	1	8	7	4	1	8	7
079	4	8	4	7	yes	20.9	-66.77%	6	2	8	8	6	2	8	8
080	3	8	3	6	yes	18.6	-72.53%	4	2	7	9	4	2	7	9
081	3	8	4	8	yes	37.1	-44.63%	6	2	8	9	6	2	8	9
082	4	8	2	8	yes	24.2	-61.28%	2	2	8	7	2	2	8	7
083	3	8	3	7	yes	25.1	-63.52%	4	1	7	7	4	1	7	7
084	2	6	3	6	yes	16.8	-75.65%	4	2	7	9	4	2	7	9
085	4	6	3	5	yes	50.8	-21.36%	2	1	2	9	2	1	2	9
086	4	6	3	5	yes	47.6	-20.93%	2	1	6	9	2	1	2	9
087	3	8	2	7	yes	49.7	-25.26%	2	1	6	9	2	1	6	9
088	3	8	2	5	yes	44	-17.91%	2	1	6	9	2	1	6	9
700T	6	none	none	none	no	36.6	24.07%	6	3	7	6	6	3	7	6
HS+	6	none	none	none	no	68.5	-23.97%	10	5	10	9	10	5	10	9

Table 7 (Cont.)
AMBIENT CURE

	Impact			Adhesion					48 Hr Water Soak			
Formula	Forward	Reverse	MEK rubs	Treated aluminum	Noryl	ABS	Lexan	Styron	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Adhesion
001	36	4	132	3	0	0	1	0	10	5	10	4
002	40	4	50	4	0	0	2	1	6	4	10	3
003	44	8	100	3	-1	0	1	-1	8	3	10	3
004	40	4	50	3	0	3	3	2	10	5	10	4
005	40	8	50	3	-1	0	0	-1	10	5	10	4
006	40	8	150	3	-1	1	0	0	10	5	10	4
007	> 168	> 168	150	3	-1	0	0	-1	4	3	3	0
008	> 168	> 168	750	3	-1	0	0	-1	6	2	3	1
009	140	> 168	400	4	-1	0	0	-1	6	1	1	0
010	> 168	> 168	46	4	-1	0	0	-1	6	4	10	4
011	> 168	> 168	49	4	-1	0	0	-1	10	5	10	5
012	> 168	> 168	1000	2	0	0	0	0	8	1	4	3
013	> 168	> 168	40	5	-1	0	0	-1	10	5	10	4
014	> 168	> 168	46	5	-1	0	0	-1	8	2	9	4
015	> 168	> 168	45	4	-1	-1	0	0	8	1	8	2
016	> 168	> 168	50	2	0	0	0	-1	8	1	10	3
017	> 168	> 168	187	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	3	10	3
018	> 168	> 168	45	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	2	6	3
019	> 168	> 168	47	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	2	10	4
020	> 168	> 168	500	4	-1	0	0	-1	8	1	10	3
021	> 168	> 168	750	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	1	10	3
022	> 168	> 168	150	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	2	10	3
023	> 168	> 168	150	3	-1	2	0	-1	8	1	4	1
031	36	< 4	200	3	-1	0	3	2	8	1	10	1
032	36	< 4	50	3	0	0	2	0	6	2	3	0
033	32	< 4	400	4	0	0	0	3	8	1	3	0
034	32	< 4	29	3	-1	0	1	1	6	2	10	1
035	36	< 4	130	4	-1	3	-1	3	8	1	10	0
036	32	< 4	100	3	-1	0	0	3	6	3	10	1
037	32	< 4	46	4	-1	0	0	0	6	4	10	1
038	36	8	300	4	-1	-1	0	0	6	2	10	1
039	40	4	650	3	0	0	0	0	6	3	10	2
040	32	< 4	42	3	-1	0	0	2	8	1	10	1
041	32	< 4	38	4	0	0	2	0	8	1	10	1
042	56	8	75	4	-1	0	0	0	6	1	10	0
043	40	4	45	4	-1	0	0	0	10	5	10	2

Table 7 (Cont.)
AMBIENT CURE

	Impact			Adhesion					48 Hr Water Soak			
Formula	Forward	Reverse	MEK rubs	Treated aluminum	Noryl	ABS	Lexan	Styron	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Adhesion
044	40	4	150	4	0	0	1	-1	8	4	10	4
045	40	8	48	4	1	0	0	-1	8	2	10	3
046	28	< 4	50	3	0	0	0	-1	8	1	10	3
047	40	8	39	3	-1	0	0	-1	8	3	10	3
048	44	8	146	3	0	0	0	2	8	3	10	3
049	92	40	100	4	0	0	3	0	8	1	10	0
050	76	12	300	3	0	0	2	0	8	1	10	2
051	56	6	48	3	0	0	0	0	6	3	10	3
052	36	8	42	3	-1	-1	0	-1	6	3	10	3
053	36	4	200	3	-1	0	0	0	10	5	10	3
054	44	4	200	3	1	0	2	1	8	2	9	3
055	36	4	150	3	0	0	3	1	8	2	10	3
067	56	12	800	3	0	0	0	3	10	5	10	4
068	64	20	100	3	2	0	0	2	10	5	10	4
069	84	20	800	3	4	-1	2	3	10	5	10	5
070	56	12	200	3	2	0	2	2	10	5	10	3
071	68	16	100	3	5	0	0	4	10	5	10	3
072	52	8	1000	3	4	0	-1	4	10	5	10	3
073	60	8	250	3	2	0	0	3	10	5	10	4
074	64	4	300	3	3	0	0	-1	10	5	10	4
075	56	8	43	3	0	0	0	-1	10	5	10	4
076	56	4	50	3	0	0	3	4	10	5	10	4
077	56	8	700	3	0	0	0	3	10	5	10	3
078	60	12	100	3	0	0	2	4	10	5	10	3
079	52	8	100	3	0	0	-1	3	10	5	10	3
080	56	4	1000	3	3	0	0	3	10	5	10	3
081	52	8	350	3	0	0	0	2	10	5	10	4
082	60	8	300	3	4	0	0	4	10	5	10	4
083	56	4	1000	3	0	0	-1	3	10	5	10	3
084	60	12	350	3	0	0	0	4	10	5	10	4
085	36	< 4	37	4	0	0	0	0	6	2	3	1
086	36	<4	250	4	0	0	1	2	6	2	1	1
087	32	4	246	3	-1	0	0	0	6	1	1	1
088	32	< 4	100	3	0	0	-1	1	4	3	10	0
700T	> 168	> 168	150	3	-1	5	5	-1	8	4	10	4
HS+	68	8	1000	3	-1	5	5	5	10	5	10	4

Table 7 (Cont.)
AMBIENT CURE

	QUV-500 hours									QUV--1000 hrs.					
	Gloss (60 degree)			Delta E			Delta b			Gloss (60 degree)		Delta E		Delta b	
Formula	Initial	at 500 hrs	%chang	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	1000 hour	% change	Delta E	change	Delta b	change
001	32.60	21.10	-35.28	0.94	3.23	2.29	-0.85	1.55	2.40	17 90	-45.09	2 88	1.94	1 13	1 98
002	56.50	40.10	-29.03	2.69	5.10	2.41	0.41	2.79	2.38	37.10	-34.34	5 70	3 01	2 95	2.54
003	65.70	50.70	-22.83	1.81	2.72	0.91	0.79	1.42	0.63	48 20	-26.64	3 02	1 21	1 25	0 46
004	49.60	29.80	-39.92	1.17	2.66	1.49	-1.00	1.36	2.36	26.50	-46.57	2 66	1 49	0 93	1.93
005	61.00	47.00	-22.95	2.05	3.44	1.39	-0.36	1.92	2.28	45 60	-25.25	4 04	1.99	1.84	2.20
006	51.00	35.80	-29.80	1.34	3.16	1.82	-0.46	1.76	2.22	32 80	-35.69	3 62	2 28	1.70	2.16
007	69.40	33.30	-52.02	1.81	2.49	0.68	0.04	1.43	1.39	21.90	-68.44	4.09	2 28	2.22	2.18
008	70.30	30.50	-56.61	1.17	1.41	0.24	-0.32	0.83	1.15	21.20	-69 84	2 58	1 41	1 22	1.54
009	68.30	21.90	-67.94	1.06	1.98	0.92	-0.31	1.06	1.37	15.20	-77.75	2 44	1.38	1.09	1.40
010	52.00	13.80	-73.46	1.05	3.14	2.09	0.01	1.83	1.82	9.80	-81.15	4 00	2.95	2.07	2.06
011	40.60	10.40	-74.38	0.26	3.03	2.77	-0.13	1.75	1.88	7.50	-81.53	3.85	3.59	1 97	2.10
012	59.30	16.50	-72.18	0.73	1.95	1.22	-0.45	0.95	1.40	12.70	-78.58	2 75	2 02	1 17	1.62
013	46.80	15.00	-67.95	1.31	2.83	1.52	0.05	1.60	1.55	12.30	-73.72	3.40	2 09	1.79	1.74
014	69.10	19.60	-71.64	1.10	2.45	1.35	-0.32	1.38	1.70	15.90	-76.99	3 01	1 91	1.56	1 88
015	66.10	18.20	-72.47	1.00	2.01	1.01	-0.29	1.03	1.32	15.50	-76.55	2.29	1 29	1.12	1 41
016	70.70	19.70	-72.14	1.39	1.88	0.49	-0.44	0.94	1.38	18.10	-74.40	2.36	0.97	1.12	1.56
017	59.30	14.50	-75.55	0.61	1.80	1.19	-0.46	0.86	1.32	12.30	-79.26	2.40	1.79	0.96	1.42
018	69.00	19.00	-72.46	0.92	2.01	1.09	-0.26	1.10	1.36	15.90	-76.96	2.58	1.66	1.24	1.50
019	49.20	12.90	-73.78	0.45	2.25	1.80	-0.30	1.16	1.46	10.40	-78.86	2.54	2.09	1.20	1.50
020	68.70	21.10	-69.29	1.37	2.09	0.72	-0.29	1.17	1.46	16.40	-76.13	2.72	1.35	1.32	1.61
021	70.70	22.00	-68.88	1.57	2.34	0.77	-0.10	1.24	1.34	14.90	-78.93	2.87	1.30	1.44	1.54
022	67.80	21.70	-67.99	1.31	2.79	1.48	0.06	1.63	1.57	16.00	-76.40	3.51	2.20	1.82	1 76
023	71.80	22.10	-69.22	1.31	1.87	0.56	0.06	0.95	0.89	23.20	-67.69	2.59	1.28	1.22	1.16
031	57.70	37.50	-35.01	1.65	1.38	0.27	-0.98	0.65	1.63	35.90	-37.78	1.42	0.23	0.60	1.58
032	68.70	47.10	-31.44	1.61	0.77	0.84	-1.33	0.15	1.48	54.90	-20.09	0.75	0.86	0.02	1.35
033	47.10	29.00	-38.43	1.38	2.19	0.81	-0.89	1.24	2.13	26.10	-44.59	1.93	0 55	1.06	1.95
034	60.90	44.40	-27.09	1.88	1.79	0.09	-0.61	0.86	1.47	47.80	-21.51	2.51	0.63	1.24	1.85
035	52.50	36.00	-31.43	1.42	0.73	0.69	-1.18	0.21	1.39	36.70	-30.10	1.33	0.09	0.41	1.59
036	53.00	40.00	-24.53	1.29	1.18	0.11	-0.86	0.59	1.45	39.20	-26.04	1.63	0.34	0 82	1.68
037	51.80	41.70	-19.50	1.78	2.45	0.67	-0.82	1.40	2.22	43 60	-15.83	2 30	0.52	1.08	1.90
038	66.80	57.30	-14.22	1.40	1.36	0.04	-0.81	0.65	1.46	58.70	-12.13	1.81	0.41	0.90	1.71
039	60.00	48.30	-19.50	1.86	1.61	0.25	-0.80	0.82	1.62	50 70	-15.50	1.89	0 03	0 92	1.72
040	63.20	47.60	-24.68	1.49	1.37	0.12	-1.05	0.71	1.76	49.40	-21.84	1.54	0 05	0.76	1.81
041	60.50	43.40	-28.26	1.63	1.49	0.14	-0.83	0.81	1.64	44.80	-25.95	2.12	0 49	1.19	2.02
042	60.70	40.50	-33.28	1.29	1.82	0.53	-0.95	0.89	1.84	40.00	-34.10	2.09	0.80	0.90	1.85
043	55.20	36.20	-34.42	1.36	2.38	1.02	-0.88	1.20	2.08	31.80	-42.39	2.67	1.31	1.34	2.22

Table 7 (Cont.)
AMBIENT CURE

	QUV-500 hours									QUV--1000 hrs.					
	Gloss (60 degree)			Delta E			Delta b			Gloss (60 degree)		Delta E		Delta b	
Formula	Initial	at 500 hrs	%chang	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	1000 hour	% change	Delta E	change	Delta b	change
044	41.70	23.80	-42.93	1.17	2.51	1.34	-1.00	1.21	2.21	20.10	-51.80	3.09	1.92	1.33	2.33
045	63.20	46.90	-25.79	1.48	1.87	0.39	-1.15	0.80	1.95	43.40	-31.33	1.79	0.31	0.74	1.89
046	38.40	25.60	-33.33	1.14	2.33	1.19	-1.03	1.04	2.07	25.20	-34.38	2.27	1.13	0.89	1.92
047	63.00	48.80	-22.54	1.52	1.85	0.33	-1.15	0.81	1.96	49.30	-21.75	1.47	0.05	0.49	1.64
048	61.10	42.50	-30.44	1.13	2.28	1.15	-1.04	1.02	2.06	40.80	-33.22	2.13	1.00	0.77	1.81
049	64.60	45.00	-30.34	1.43	2.24	0.81	-1.25	0.72	1.97	42.00	-34.98	1.81	0.38	0.41	1.66
050	51.80	30.10	-41.89	1.37	2.28	0.91	-1.14	0.80	1.94	28.70	-44.59	2.18	0.81	0.67	1.81
051	61.70	44.90	-27.23	1.41	2.00	0.59	-1.09	0.85	1.94	45.00	-27.07	1.69	0.28	0.54	1.63
052	58.00	42.40	-26.90	1.44	2.83	1.39	-0.72	1.35	2.07	43.50	-25.00	2.64	1.20	1.16	1.88
053	58.00	40.40	-30.34	1.20	2.79	1.59	-0.87	1.35	2.22	39.40	-32.07	2.69	1.49	1.17	2.04
054	48.10	30.60	-36.38	1.28	2.50	1.22	-1.11	1.05	2.16	29.10	-39.50	2.18	0.90	0.76	1.87
055	37.50	27.00	-28.00	0.98	3.18	2.20	-0.75	1.58	2.33	25.70	-31.47	3.08	2.10	1.49	2.24
067	67.80	39.00	-42.48	1.21	0.98	0.23	-1.08	0.45	1.53	26.40	-61.06	1.92	0.71	0.73	1.81
068	72.60	42.90	-40.91	1.38	1.78	0.40	-0.56	0.98	1.54	36.10	-50.28	2.75	1.37	1.46	2.02
069	73.70	43.70	-40.71	1.61	1.33	0.28	-0.92	0.63	1.55	42.70	-42.06	2.00	0.39	1.00	1.92
070	73.10	40.50	-44.60	1.15	1.23	0.08	-0.81	0.71	1.52	30.10	-58.82	2.28	1.13	1.16	1.97
071	70.40	34.40	-51.14	1.18	1.22	0.04	-0.89	0.65	1.54	32.40	-53.98	2.03	0.85	1.00	1.89
072	72.00	39.80	-44.72	1.43	0.86	0.57	-1.04	0.39	1.43	33.50	-53.47	1.62	0.19	0.75	1.79
073	70.90	33.40	-52.89	1.23	0.95	0.28	-1.10	0.35	1.45	34.30	-51.62	1.71	0.48	0.62	1.72
074	71.80	35.70	-50.28	1.43	1.16	0.27	-0.83	0.67	1.50	29.40	-59.05	1.98	0.55	0.94	1.77
075	69.70	35.30	-49.35	1.06	1.00	0.06	-0.86	0.57	1.43	36.80	-47.20	1.61	0.55	0.67	1.53
076	59.40	37.50	-36.87	1.38	1.56	0.18	-0.82	0.94	1.76	43.50	-26.77	2.26	0.88	1.09	1.91
077	70.00	34.60	-50.57	1.37	1.76	0.39	-0.77	0.93	1.70	30.80	-56.00	2.18	0.81	1.02	1.79
078	69.20	33.30	-51.88	1.46	1.70	0.24	-0.82	0.90	1.72	30.10	-56.50	2.03	0.57	1.19	2.01
079	66.50	33.60	-49.47	1.61	1.48	0.13	-0.68	0.99	1.67	31.60	-52.48	2.07	0.46	1.07	1.75
080	69.70	33.20	-52.37	1.42	1.64	0.22	-0.82	0.76	1.58	32.00	-54.09	1.66	0.24	0.80	1.62
081	69.70	33.80	-51.51	1.48	1.46	0.02	-0.90	0.78	1.68	32.10	-53.95	1.97	0.49	1.02	1.92
082	64.90	30.20	-53.47	1.43	1.81	0.38	-0.95	0.92	1.87	29.10	-55.16	2.34	0.91	1.27	2.22
083	72.10	32.40	-55.06	1.33	1.67	0.34	-0.77	0.90	1.67	26.20	-63.66	1.86	0.53	0.92	1.69
084	72.40	33.10	-54.28	1.57	2.02	0.45	-0.70	1.00	1.70	32.70	-54.83	2.26	0.69	1.20	1.90
085	64.90	40.30	-37.90	1.61	0.92	0.69	-1.11	0.34	1.45	45.30	-30.20	0.86	0.75	0.32	1.43
086	62.20	37.30	-40.03	1.55	1.08	0.47	-1.24	0.43	1.67	37.10	-40.35	0.99	0.56	0.28	1.52
087	66.60	40.40	-39.34	1.51	0.66	0.85	-1.26	0.19	1.45	40.70	-38.89	0.83	0.68	0.21	1.47
088	54.40	35.50	-34.74	1.54	0.87	0.67	-1.12	0.36	1.48	36.50	-32.90	1.21	0.33	-0.46	0.66
700T	31.80	13.30	-58.18	0.14	0.45	0.31	0.11	-0.41	-0.52	11.20	-64.78	0.52	0.38	-0.10	-0.21
HS+	86.50	69.80	-19.31	3.04	4.02	0.98	3.89	2.53	-1.36	82.90	-4.16	4.11	1.07	2.59	-1.30

Table 7 (Cont.)
AMBIENT CURE

Formula	initial KU	final KU	% change	initial ICI	final ICI	% change	initial pH	final pH	% change	settling amount	settling type
	Viscosity, settling, and pH Stability (4 weeks at 120F)										
001	96	gelled		1.6	gelled		9.58	n/a		n/a	
002	140	gelled		1.18	gelled		9.59	n/a		n/a	
003	94	gelled		1.16	gelled		9.43	n/a		n/a	n/a
004	79	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a
005	136	no sampl		0.69	no sampl		9.61	n/a		n/a	n/a
006	108	gelled		1.83	gelled		9.3	n/a		n/a	n/a
007	91	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	n/a
008	95	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a
009	68	gelled		1.11	gelled		9.42	n/a		n/a	n/a
010	85	98	15.29	0.492	0.39	-20.33	9.09	8.43	-7.26	30	med-hard
011	83	85	2.41	9.42	0.48	-94.87	9.14	n/a		20	med-hard
012	69	gelled		0.66	gelled		9.45	n/a		n/a	n/a
013	74	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a
014	88	no sampl		0.56	no sampl		9.56	n/a		n/a	n/a
015	61	gelled		1.17	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	n/a
016	68	gelled		1.12	gelled		9.38	n/a		n/a	n/a
017	61	gelled		1.63	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	n/a
018	58	gelled		0.68	gelled		1.69?	n/a		n/a	n/a
019	63	no sampl		1.28	no sampl		9.47	n/a		n/a	n/a
020	78	gelled		2.34	gelled		9.64	n/a		n/a	n/a
021	69	gelled		1.19	gelled		9.53	n/a		n/a	n/a
022	80	gelled		0.78	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a
023	70	gelled		0.88	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	n/a
031	93	gelled		1.37	gelled		9.57	n/a		n/a	n/a
032	72	gelled		1.5	gelled		9.24	n/a		n/a	n/a
033	86	71	-17.44	0.9	0.45	-49.56	9.01	8.31	-7.77	10	soft
034	90	gelled		1.13	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a
035	83	105	26.51	1.95	1.67	-14.31	9.44	8.9	-5.72	40	med
036	88	no sampl		1.17	no sampl		9.33	n/a		n/a	n/a
037	92	gelled		0.85	gelled		9.23	n/a		n/a	n/a
038	86	gelled		1.38	gelled		9.55	n/a		n/a	n/a
039	101	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.56	n/a		n/a	n/a
040	86	gelled		0.54	gelled		9.4	n/a		n/a	n/a
041	92	no sampl		1.79	no sampl		9.39	n/a		n/a	n/a
042	85	gelled		0.86	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a
043	81	gelled		0.7	gelled		9.5	n/a		n/a	n/a

Table 7 (Cont.)
AMBIENT CURE

	Viscosity, settling, and pH Stability (4 weeks at 120F)											
Formula	initial KU	final KU	% change	initial ICI	final ICI	% change	initial pH	final pH	% change	settling amount	settling type	
044	85	gelled		1.35	gelled		9.49	n/a		n/a	n/a	
045	75	gelled		1.16	gelled		9.3	n/a		n/a	n/a	
046	73	gelled		1.11	gelled		9.22	n/a		n/a	n/a	
047	84	no sampl		0.7	no sampl		9.37	n/a		n/a	n/a	
048	80	gelled		1.34	gelled		9.53	n/a		n/a	n/a	
049	86	gelled		1.66	gelled		9.07	n/a		n/a	n/a	
050	68	gelled		0.63	gelled		9.4	n/a		n/a	n/a	
051	64	gelled		2.88	gelled		9.43	n/a		n/a	n/a	
052	138	gelled		1.62	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a	
053	78	gelled		1.34	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a	
054	58	gelled		1.48	gelled		9.72	n/a		n/a	n/a	
055	87	gelled		1.74	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a	
067	89	122	37.08	0.85	0.76	-10.82	9.81	9.25	-5.71	80	medium	
068	87	97	11.49	0.51	0.83	62.55	9.7	9.13	-5.88	70	medium	
069	98	119	21.43	0.51	0.95	85.49	9.71	9.33	-3.91	90	medium	
070	77	89	15.58	0.73	1.34	83.84	9.75	9.16	-6.05	60	medium	
071	85	81	-4.71	1.55	0.87	-44.06	9.76	9.21	-5.64	30	soft	
072	96	93	-3.13	0.52	0.55	5.77	9.8	9.25	-5.61	slight	soft	
073	90	107	18.89	0.41	0.63	53.41	9.73	9.35	-3.91	80	medium	
074	90	132	46.67	0.85	0.72	-15.18	9.91	9.34	-5.75	80	soft	
075	90	107	18.89	0.8	0.71	-11.50	9.73	9.13	-6.17	80	soft	
076	84	76	-9.52	0.84	0.33	-60.36	9.67	9.11	-5.79	none	n/a	
077	96	114	18.75	0.69	1.10	60.00	9.9	9.38	-5.25	90	med-hard	
078	94	113	20.21	0.63	0.76	21.11	9.9	9.39	-5.15	80	soft	
079	77	105	36.36	1.1	0.73	-33.36	9.92	9.48	-4.44	none	n/a	
080	85	88	3.53	0.97	1.00	2.89	9.78	9.24	-5.52	40	soft	
081	94	138	46.81	1.06	0.92	-13.49	9.8	9.35	-4.59	35	medium	
082	83	86	3.61	0.71	0.81	14.51	9.67	9.23	-4.55	10	soft	
083	91	111	21.98	1.1	0.65	-40.55	9.82	9.23	-6.01	90	medium	
084	83	105	26.51	0.74	0.71	-4.32	9.78	9.23	-5.62	90	soft	
085	87	gelled		0.84	gelled		9.01	n/a		n/a	n/a	
086	72	88	22.22	1.05	1.09	3.62	9.33	8.63	-7.50	20	medium	
087	83	106	27.71	0.78	1.69	116.41	9.35	8.66	-7.38	80	soft	
088	90	gelled		0.95	gelled		9.18	n/a		n/a	n/a	
700T	*% settling is the relative ht on stirring stick that adheres w/o easily falling away*											
HS+												

Table 8
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

								Chemical Resistance						
Formula	Resin	Dispersant	Dispersant Amount	Thickener	Film Thickness	20 Gloss	60 Gloss	Toluene	Ethanol	MEK	10% Sulf	10% NaOH	DI. Water	Pencil hardness
001	3	2	1	3	2.61	6.6	31.2	1	3	1	5	3	4.5	1
002	3	8	1	5	2.69	23.6	59.8	1	3	1	5	2	4	0
003	3	7	1	5	2.37	28.8	63.8	1	3	1.5	5	2	4	1
004	3	2	1	6	2.75	4.6	25.7	1	4	1.5	5	3	5	1
005	3	11	1	7	2.36	25.6	61.6	1	3	1.5	5	2	3	1
006	3	3	1	7	2.60	17.2	52.7	1	3	1.5	4.5	3	4.5	1
007	4	1	2	7	2.72	34.7	67.9	1.5	4.5	1.5	5	2	3	0
008	4	5	2	5	2.80	35.9	68.3	4	4	1.5	4	3	3	0
009	4	3	2	3	2.34	30.8	65.5	3	4	1	3	3	3	0
010	4	10	2	2	2.28	13.9	49.8	3	3	1.5	3	3	3	1
011	4	10	2	2	2.30	8.0	37.9	4	4	1.5	5	4	5	1
012	4	3	2	7	2.43	20.1	57.9	1.5	4.5	1.5	4.5	4	3	0
013	4	8	2	7	2.58	11.7	44.4	1	3	4	4	3	3	0
014	4	11	2	8	2.49	29.6	65.4	4	3	1.5	5	3	3	0
015	4	1	1	2	2.55	28.9	63.7	1.5	4.5	2	5	1.5	3	0
016	4	5	1	3	2.76	36.0	67.5	3	3	2	3	3	3	0
017	4	1	1	8	2.63	21.2	57.2	1.5	4.5	2	5	4.5	3	0
018	4	2	1	4	2.51	33.7	66.8	1.5	3	1.5	4.5	2	3	0
019	4	7	1	1	2.70	14.3	48.0	1.5	4	1	4	3	3	0
020	4	11	1	4	2.65	33.5	67.2	4	3	1.5	4.5	4	3	0
021	4	3	1	6	2.71	34.2	69.0	3	3	1.5	4.5	4	3	0
022	4	11	1	2	2.60	30.8	66.3	3	4	2	5	3	3	0
023	4	3	1	7	2.51	36.9	68.1	3	1.5	3	5	3	3	0
031	2	2	2	1	2.38	21.5	56.1	1.5	4	1.5	5	3	5	0
032	2	3	2	6	1.93	31.0	66.9	1.5	3.5	1.5	5	3	2	0
033	2	4	2	8	2.09	12.5	44.7	1.5	3.5	1.5	5	4	2	0
034	2	1	1	7	2.49	25.4	60.2	1.5	4	1.5	5	3	2	0
035	2	1	1	5	2.47	15.4	49.3	1.5	4	1.5	5	3	2	0
036	2	3	1	4	2.51	16.6	51.2	1.5	3	1	5	2	2	0
037	2	8	1	4	2.54	15.1	49.1	1	2	1	4	2	5	0
038	2	11	1	2	2.43	33.0	67.3	1.5	3	1.5	5	2	2.5	0
039	2	2	1	8	2.81	21.7	58.5	1.5	3	1.5	5	2	2	0
040	2	7	1	8	2.32	27.4	62.5	1.5	3	1	5	2	2	0
041	2	7	1	6	2.49	23.8	59.4	1.5	3	1.5	5	2	2	0
042	3	1	2	4	3.01	25.7	61.0	1	3	1.5	5	2	5	0
043	3	1	2	1	2.34	18.9	54.4	1	3	1	5	2	2	1
044	3	1	2	7	2.34	9.7	39.9	1	3	1.5	5	2	5	1
045	3	5	2	8	2.36	26.6	62.4	1	3	1	4	2	4.5	1
046	3	8	2	3	2.09	6.9	31.5	1.5	3	1.5	5	3	5	1
047	3	7	2	1	1.94	25.0	61.4	1.5	3	1.5	5	2	2.5	1

Table 8 (Cont.)
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

								Chemical Resistance						
Formula	Resin	Dispersant	Dispersant Amount	Thickener	Film Thickness	20 Gloss	60 Gloss	Toluene	Ethanol	MEK	10% Sulf	10% NaOH	Di. Water	Pencil hardness
048	3	11	2	3	2.15	23.6	59.8	1	3	1.5	5	2	3	1
049	3	8	2	6	2.02	24.9	63.6	1.5	4	1.5	5	4	4	2
050	3	3	2	5	2.20	15.4	50.3	1	3	1.5	5	2	4.5	1
051	3	5	1	4	2.56	26.3	63.0	1	3.5	1	5	2	3	0
052	3	9	1	1	2.54	22.6	57.7	4	1	1	5	2	2	1
053	3	9	1	2	2.47	21.7	57.3	1	3	1	5	2	2	1
054	2	8	1	4	2.47	14.9	49.1	1	3	1	4.5	2.5	2	1
055	3	8	2	4	2.79	8.9	37.3	1	3	1	4.5	3	4.5	1
067	1	5	2	3	2.40	29.1	65.5	1.5	4	1.5	3	2	3	0
068	1	1	2	6	2.28	37.0	70.9	1.5	4	1.5	4	3	3	0
069	1	8	2	2	2.38	38.6	71.5	1.5	3	1.5	3	2	3	0
070	1	3	2	2	2.38	36.1	69.4	1.5	3	1.5	4	2	4	0
071	1	3	2	2	2.24	32.0	67.3	1.5	5	1.5	3	2	2	0
072	1	11	2	5	2.09	35.9	69.2	1.5	2	1.5	4	3	3	0
073	1	7	2	6	2.19	32.2	67.4	1.5	3.5	1.5	3	2	4	0
074	1	2	2	5	2.57	33.7	68.2	1.5	5	1.5	4	2	3	0
075	1	5	1	2	2.44	32.2	67.7	1.5	5	1.5	4.5	3	4	0
076	1	6	1	1	2.49	24.3	59.7	1.5	4	1.5	4	2	4	0
077	1	9	1	5	2.40	31.9	67.4	1.5	4	1.5	4	2	4.5	0
078	1	9	1	4	2.25	30.4	66.7	1.5	4	1.5	4.5	2	4	0
079	1	2	1	1	2.87	28.2	63.9	1.5	4	1.5	4	2	3	0
080	1	3	1	8	2.55	33.8	67.5	2	3	1	4	2	2	0
081	1	7	1	3	2.94	34.5	66.6	1.5	4	2	3	3	4	0
082	1	10	1	1	2.95	28.8	61.7	1.5	5	1.5	4	4	5	0
083	1	9	1	5	2.88	36.2	69.4	1.5	4	1.5	3	2	2	0
084	1	3	1	6	3.24	38.0	69.7	1.5	2	1	3	2	2	0
085	2	1	2	3	1.95	27.0	63.5	1.5	3	1.5	5	2	2	0
086	2	5	2	7	2.34	24.7	60.4	1	3	1	5	2	2	0
087	2	5	2	7	2.52	30.9	65.5	1.5	3.5	1.5	4.5	2	2	0
088	2	8	2	4	2.43	17.5	52.7	1.5	4.5	1.5	5	2	5	0
Polylon 1900			Control #1		3.30	83.3	94.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	4	4.5	4.5	5
Centurion			Control #2		3.66	72.8	88.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	5	5	5	4
Sher-cryl			Control #3		1.97	46.3	78.0	1	3	1.5	5	3	4	0

Table 8 (Cont.)
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

	Humidity					Salt Spray (200 hours)				Salt Spray (375 hours)					
Formula	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Gloss	% Change gloss	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Forward Impact	Reverse Impact
001	4	2	9	19.9	-36.22%	2	2	10	8	2	1	9	7	40	< 4
002	6	3	10	40.2	-32.78%	2	2	9	8	2	1	8	7	44	4
003	8	2	9	46.3	-27.43%	2	2	6	8	2	1	7	7	36	4
004	4	2	7	15.4	-40.08%	2	2	9	8	2	1	8	7	40	< 4
005	8	3	8	47.9	-22.24%	2	2	8	8	2	1	8	7	44	8
006	8	3	9	41.6	-21.06%	2	3	8	8	2	2	8	8	40	4
007	6	2	1	26.5	-60.97%	6	3	8	8	2	3	7	8	> 168	> 168
008	6	2	9	20.5	-69.99%	6	4	10	8	4	3	9	8	> 168	> 168
009	6	2	6	26.0	-60.31%	6	4	10	8	6	3	9	8	> 168	> 168
010	8	1	1	19.6	-60.64%	6	4	8	8	4	3	8	7	> 168	> 168
011	4	3	5	16.9	-55.41%	6	4	8	8	4	3	8	6	> 168	> 168
012	6	2	4	25.6	-55.79%	6	4	8	8	2	3	8	7	> 168	> 168
013	2	2	10	11.7	-73.65%	8	4	9	8	4	3	9	5	> 168	> 168
014	4	1	1	9.0	-86.24%	6	3	7	7	4	3	8	7	> 168	> 168
015	4	1	8	18.2	-71.43%	2	4	9	7	4	3	9	7	> 168	> 168
016	4	2	6	36.3	-46.22%	6	4	8	8	4	3	8	6	> 168	> 168
017	4	1	9	10.0	-82.52%	6	4	8	8	4	3	8	6	> 168	> 168
018	4	1	8	10.5	-84.28%	6	4	8	8	2	3	8	7	> 168	> 168
019	2	1	8	7.8	-83.75%	6	4	8	8	4	3	9	6	> 168	> 168
020	4	2	8	16.8	-75.00%	6	4	8	8	4	3	8	7	> 168	> 168
021	4	2	4	23.9	-65.36%	6	4	8	8	4	3	7	7	> 168	> 168
022	4	1	2	20.7	-68.78%	6	4	9	8	6	2	9	7	> 168	> 168
023	2	1	8	8.4	-87.67%	6	4	9	8	6	3	9	7	> 168	> 168
031	4	1	5	31.0	-44.74%	2	2	8	8	2	2	7	7	24	< 4
032	6	3	9	43.5	-34.98%	2	2	6	9	2	1	6	7	36	4
033	6	2	5	31.0	-30.65%	2	2	8	9	2	1	5	7	28	< 4
034	4	2	4	33.5	-44.35%	2	2	8	9	2	1	7	8	28	< 4
035	4	2	5	24.0	-51.32%	2	2	6	9	2	1	4	8	24	< 4
036	4	2	7	30.3	-40.82%	2	2	7	9	2	1	6	9	28	< 4
037	4	3	8	23.8	-51.53%	2	2	8	8	2	2	7	7	24	< 4
038	4	3	9	36.4	-45.91%	2	1	7	8	2	1	6	7	28	4
039	4	2	7	28.3	-51.62%	2	2	10	8	2	1	7	7	40	4
040	4	2	9	25.2	-59.68%	2	2	7	8	2	1	5	7	28	< 4
041	6	2	7	33.0	-44.44%	2	2	8	8	2	1	7	7	24	< 4
042	4	2	8	37.0	-39.34%	2	2	8	8	2	1	7	7	96	16
043	6	2	9	32.1	-40.99%	2	2	9	8	2	1	8	6	40	4
044	6	2	10	28.0	-29.82%	2	2	8	8	2	1	8	6	36	< 4
045	8	2	6	40.1	-35.74%	2	2	9	8	2	1	8	7	40	8
046	6	2	9	22.5	-28.57%	2	2	9	8	2	1	7	7	36	4
047	8	2	8	43.3	-29.48%	2	2	8	8	2	1	7	7	36	4

Table 8 (Cont.)
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

	Humidity					Salt Spray (200 hours)				Salt Spray (375 hours)					
Formula	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Gloss	% Change gloss	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Forward Impact	Reverse Impact
048	8	3	9	42.2	-29.43%	2	2	7	8	2	1	5	7	40	4
049	8	2	9	33.2	-47.80%	2	2	5	8	2	1	5	7	60	16
050	8	3	10	32.6	-35.19%	2	2	6	8	2	1	6	7	48	< 4
051	8	3	9	48.2	-23.49%	2	2	9	8	2	2	8	6	48	4
052	8	3	9	46.5	-19.41%	2	2	7	8	2	1	7	6	32	4
053	8	3	10	46.3	-19.20%	2	2	5	8	2	2	8	8	36	4
054	8	3	10	35.3	-28.11%	2	3	7	8	2	3	9	7	32	< 4
055	4	3	9	28.5	-23.59%	2	2	7	8	2	1	7	7	28	< 4
067	6	2	9	21.2	-67.63%	2	3	9	8	4	2	8	7	44	8
068	6	2	10	28.8	-59.38%	2	3	10	8	2	3	8	8	44	4
069	4	2	9	18.7	-73.85%	2	3	9	8	2	2	8	8	56	8
070	8	1	9	32.6	-53.03%	2	3	9	8	4	2	8	8	52	12
071	6	2	9	27.8	-58.69%	2	2	10	8	2	2	9	8	40	12
072	6	2	9	26.8	-61.27%	2	3	9	7	2	2	8	8	48	4
073	6	1	9	20.6	-69.44%	2	1	10	8	2	2	9	8	64	12
074	4	2	9	29.7	-56.45%	2	2	9	8	2	2	8	8	44	4
075	4	2	10	19.6	-71.05%	2	2	9	8	2	2	8	8	64	16
076	6	2	10	30.9	-48.24%	10	5	10	7	2	4	9	8	44	4
077	4	2	10	13.6	-79.82%	2	4	10	8	2	2	9	8	52	8
078	4	2	9	22.7	-65.97%	2	3	10	8	4	3	9	7	56	8
079	4	2	9	22.8	-64.32%	2	3	9	8	2	2	8	7	36	8
080	4	2	9	19.9	-70.62%	2	3	9	8	2	3	9	8	56	16
081	4	2	10	22.4	-66.37%	2	3	9	8	2	3	8	7	44	4
082	4	2	9	26.4	-57.21%	2	3	9	8	2	1	9	8	60	8
083	4	2	10	22.1	-68.16%	2	2	8	8	2	2	9	9	52	8
084	4	2	10	16.5	-76.33%	2	2	9	8	2	2	9	8	64	24
085	4	2	9	17.9	-71.81%	2	1	8	9	2	2	8	9	28	< 4
086	4	2	9	23.0	-61.92%	2	2	8	9	2	2	7	9	32	4
087	6	2	9	22.6	-65.50%	2	2	6	8	2	1	6	7	28	< 4
088	6	2	9	26.3	-50.09%	2	2	6	8	2	1	6	7	40	< 4
Polylon 1900	2	3	10	90.5	-4.13%	10	5	10	9	10	5	10	3	36	< 4
Centurion	4	2	10	31.2	-64.86%	10	5	9	8	10	5	9	8	> 168	> 168
Sher-cryl	8	2	9	30.2	-61.28%	10	5	9	8	10	5	7	7	> 168	> 168

Table 8 (Cont.)
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

	Corrosion Weathering (4 cycles)				Adhesion		24 Hr. Water Soak				
Formula	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Weathered aluminum	Weathered HD galvanized	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Adhesion	Mandrel bend
001	10	5	10	8	4	3	10	5	10	4	PASS
002	10	5	10	8	4	4	6	3	10	4	PASS
003	10	5	10	8	4	3	6	4	9	4	PASS
004	10	5	10	8	5	2	10	5	10	5	PASS
005	10	5	10	6	3	0	6	4	9	4	PASS
006	10	5	10	9	4	1	10	5	10	4	PASS
007	10	5	10	8	5	3	10	5	10	5	PASS
008	10	5	10	7	5	3	10	5	9	0	PASS
009	10	5	10	8	5	3	10	5	9	4	PASS
010	6	4	9	8	5	2	6	3	9	5	PASS
011	10	5	10	9	5	0	6	4	10	4	PASS
012	10	5	10	8	5	1	8	3	9	5	PASS
013	10	5	10	9	5	3	10	5	10	2	PASS
014	10	5	10	8	5	2	8	2	10	5	PASS
015	10	5	10	8	5	3	8	3	10	5	PASS
016	10	5	9	9	5	2	8	4	10	1	PASS
017	10	5	10	9	5	3	6	4	10	5	PASS
018	10	5	10	9	5	3	8	4	9	5	PASS
019	10	5	10	8	5	3	8	3	10	2	PASS
020	10	5	10	7	5	3	10	5	9	3	PASS
021	10	5	10	7	4	4	8	3	9	0	PASS
022	10	5	10	7	5	3	10	5	10	0	PASS
023	10	5	9	8	5	2	10	5	10	1	PASS
031	10	5	10	7	5	4	6	1	10	3	PASS
032	10	5	10	7	5	4	6	2	9	4	PASS
033	10	5	10	9	5	3	6	2	8	3	PASS
034	10	5	10	9	5	3	4	2	10	4	PASS
035	10	5	10	9	5	4	6	1	10	3	PASS
036	10	5	10	6	5	2	6	3	10	4	PASS
037	10	5	10	9	3	1	8	3	10	3	PASS
038	10	5	10	8	5	1	6	2	10	3	PASS
039	10	5	10	8	4	0	4	1	10	4	PASS
040	10	5	10	8	5	0	6	3	9	3	PASS
041	10	5	10	5	4	0	6	2	9	3	PASS
042	10	5	10	8	4	0	4	3	9	4	PASS
043	10	5	10	8	4	0	6	2	9	4	PASS
044	10	5	10	8	4	0	8	3	10	4	PASS
045	10	5	10	8	0	0	4	3	9	3	PASS
046	10	5	10	7	4	0	6	4	9	4	PASS
047	10	5	9	7	3	0	6	4	9	4	PASS

Table 8 (Cont.)
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

	Corrosion Weathering (4 cycles)				Adhesion		24 Hr. Water Soak				
Formula	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Weathered aluminum	Weathered HD galvanized	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Adhesion	Mandrel bend
048	10	5	10	6	4	1	10	5	9	4	PASS
049	10	5	10	8	4	1	6	4	9	3	PASS
050	10	5	10	7	2	0	4	4	10	3	PASS
051	10	5	10	9	4	0	6	3	9	4	PASS
052	10	5	10	9	1	0	10	5	10	4	PASS
053	10	5	10	9	4	0	8	4	10	5	PASS
054	10	5	10	7	1	3	4	4	10	4	PASS
055	10	5	8	7	4	4	10	5	9	4	PASS
067	10	5	10	8	4	1	6	3	9	3	PASS
068	10	5	9	8	4	1	6	2	10	5	PASS
069	10	5	10	9	4	2	8	2	10	3	PASS
070	10	5	10	8	4	2	6	3	10	3	PASS
071	10	5	10	7	4	2	8	3	10	3	PASS
072	10	5	10	8	4	1	6	2	10	0	PASS
073	10	5	10	8	4	2	6	3	9	2	PASS
074	10	5	10	8	4	1	6	1	9	0	PASS
075	10	5	10	8	4	2	6	3	9	0	PASS
076	10	5	10	8	4	0	8	3	10	4	PASS
077	10	5	10	8	3	0	6	2	10	2	PASS
078	10	5	10	7	4	1	4	3	10	4	PASS
079	10	5	10	6	4	3	4	2	9	3	PASS
080	10	5	10	8	4	2	4	2	9	0	PASS
081	10	5	10	8	4	3	6	2	9	0	PASS
082	10	5	10	8	4	3	6	3	10	0	PASS
083	10	5	10	8	4	2	6	2	9	0	PASS
084	10	5	10	8	4	3	6	3	10	3	PASS
085	10	5	10	7	4	4	4	1	10	3	PASS
086	10	5	10	9	4	3	4	2	10	3	PASS
087	10	5	10	9	5	3	4	1	10	2	PASS
088	10	5	10	9	5	3	4	2	10	3	PASS
Polylon 1900	10	5	10	5	-1	2	10	5	10	0	FAIL
Centurion	10	5	10	7	5	0	10	5	10	2	PASS
Sher-cryl	8	4	9	6	4	2	10	5	9	0	FAIL

Table 8 (Cont.)
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

	QUV-500 hours									QUV--1000 hrs.					
	Gloss (60 degree)			Delta E			Delta b			Gloss (60 degree)		Delta E		Delta b	
Formula	Initial	at 500 hrs	%change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	1000 hour	% change	Delta E	change	Delta b	change
001	32.60	21.10	-35.28	0.94	3.23	2.29	-0.85	1.55	2.40	17.90	-45.09	2.88	1.94	1.13	1.98
002	56.50	40.10	-29.03	2.69	5.10	2.41	0.41	2.79	2.38	37.10	-34.34	5.70	3.01	2.95	2.54
003	65.70	50.70	-22.83	1.81	2.72	0.91	0.79	1.42	0.63	48.20	-26.64	3.02	1.21	1.25	0.46
004	49.60	29.80	-39.92	1.17	2.66	1.49	-1.00	1.36	2.36	26.50	-46.57	2.66	1.49	0.93	1.93
005	61.00	47.00	-22.95	2.05	3.44	1.39	-0.36	1.92	2.28	45.60	-25.25	4.04	1.99	1.84	2.20
006	51.00	35.80	-29.80	1.34	3.16	1.82	-0.46	1.76	2.22	32.80	-35.69	3.62	2.28	1.70	2.16
007	69.40	33.30	-52.02	1.81	2.49	0.68	0.04	1.43	1.39	21.90	-68.44	4.09	2.28	2.22	2.18
008	70.30	30.50	-56.61	1.17	1.41	0.24	-0.32	0.83	1.15	21.20	-69.84	2.58	1.41	1.22	1.54
009	68.30	21.90	-67.94	1.06	1.98	0.92	-0.31	1.06	1.37	15.20	-77.75	2.44	1.38	1.09	1.40
010	52.00	13.80	-73.46	1.05	3.14	2.09	0.01	1.83	1.82	9.80	-81.15	4.00	2.95	2.07	2.06
011	40.60	10.40	-74.38	0.26	3.03	2.77	-0.13	1.75	1.88	7.50	-81.53	3.85	3.59	1.97	2.10
012	59.30	16.50	-72.18	0.73	1.95	1.22	-0.45	0.95	1.40	12.70	-78.58	2.75	2.02	1.17	1.62
013	46.80	15.00	-67.95	1.31	2.83	1.52	0.05	1.60	1.55	12.30	-73.72	3.40	2.09	1.79	1.74
014	69.10	19.60	-71.64	1.10	2.45	1.35	-0.32	1.38	1.70	15.90	-76.99	3.01	1.91	1.56	1.88
015	66.10	18.20	-72.47	1.00	2.01	1.01	-0.29	1.03	1.32	15.50	-76.55	2.29	1.29	1.12	1.41
016	70.70	19.70	-72.14	1.39	1.88	0.49	-0.44	0.94	1.38	18.10	-74.40	2.36	0.97	1.12	1.56
017	59.30	14.50	-75.55	0.61	1.80	1.19	-0.46	0.86	1.32	12.30	-79.26	2.40	1.79	0.96	1.42
018	69.00	19.00	-72.46	0.92	2.01	1.09	-0.26	1.10	1.36	15.90	-76.96	2.58	1.66	1.24	1.50
019	49.20	12.90	-73.78	0.45	2.25	1.80	-0.30	1.16	1.46	10.40	-78.86	2.54	2.09	1.20	1.50
020	68.70	21.10	-69.29	1.37	2.09	0.72	-0.29	1.17	1.46	16.40	-76.13	2.72	1.35	1.32	1.61
021	70.70	22.00	-68.88	1.57	2.34	0.77	-0.10	1.24	1.34	14.90	-78.93	2.87	1.30	1.44	1.54
022	67.80	21.70	-67.99	1.31	2.79	1.48	0.06	1.63	1.57	16.00	-76.40	3.51	2.20	1.82	1.76
023	71.80	22.10	-69.22	1.31	1.87	0.56	0.06	0.95	0.89	23.20	-67.69	2.59	1.28	1.22	1.16
031	57.70	37.50	-35.01	1.65	1.38	0.27	-0.98	0.65	1.63	35.90	-37.78	1.42	0.23	0.60	1.58
032	68.70	47.10	-31.44	1.61	0.77	0.84	-1.33	0.15	1.48	54.90	-20.09	0.75	0.86	0.02	1.35
033	47.10	29.00	-38.43	1.38	2.19	0.81	-0.89	1.24	2.13	26.10	-44.59	1.93	0.55	1.06	1.95
034	60.90	44.40	-27.09	1.88	1.79	0.09	-0.61	0.86	1.47	47.80	-21.51	2.51	0.63	1.24	1.85
035	52.50	36.00	-31.43	1.42	0.73	0.69	-1.18	0.21	1.39	36.70	-30.10	1.33	0.09	0.41	1.59
036	53.00	40.00	-24.53	1.29	1.18	0.11	-0.86	0.59	1.45	39.20	-26.04	1.63	0.34	0.82	1.68
037	51.80	41.70	-19.50	1.78	2.45	0.67	-0.82	1.40	2.22	43.60	-15.83	2.30	0.52	1.08	1.90
038	66.80	57.30	-14.22	1.40	1.36	0.04	-0.81	0.65	1.46	58.70	-12.13	1.81	0.41	0.90	1.71
039	60.00	48.30	-19.50	1.86	1.61	0.25	-0.80	0.82	1.62	50.70	-15.50	1.89	0.03	0.92	1.72
040	63.20	47.60	-24.68	1.49	1.37	0.12	-1.05	0.71	1.76	49.40	-21.84	1.54	0.05	0.76	1.81
041	60.50	43.40	-28.26	1.63	1.49	0.14	-0.83	0.81	1.64	44.80	-25.95	2.12	0.49	1.19	2.02
042	60.70	40.50	-33.28	1.29	1.82	0.53	-0.95	0.89	1.84	40.00	-34.10	2.09	0.80	0.90	1.85
043	55.20	36.20	-34.42	1.36	2.38	1.02	-0.88	1.20	2.08	31.80	-42.39	2.67	1.31	1.34	2.22
044	41.70	23.80	-42.93	1.17	2.51	1.34	-1.00	1.21	2.21	20.10	-51.80	3.09	1.92	1.33	2.33
045	63.20	46.90	-25.79	1.48	1.87	0.39	-1.15	0.80	1.95	43.40	-31.33	1.79	0.31	0.74	1.89
046	38.40	25.60	-33.33	1.14	2.33	1.19	-1.03	1.04	2.07	25.20	-34.38	2.27	1.13	0.89	1.92
047	63.00	48.80	-22.54	1.52	1.85	0.33	-1.15	0.81	1.96	49.30	-21.75	1.47	0.05	0.49	1.64

Table 8 (Cont.)
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

	QUV-500 hours									QUV--1000 hrs.					
	Gloss (60 degree)			Delta E			Delta b			Gloss (60 degree)		Delta E		Delta b	
Formula	Initial	at 500 hrs	%change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	Initial	at 500 hrs	change	1000 hour	% change	Delta E	change	Delta b	change
048	61.10	42.50	-30.44	1.13	2.28	1.15	-1.04	1.02	2.06	40.80	-33.22	2.13	1.00	0.77	1.81
049	64.60	45.00	-30.34	1.43	2.24	0.81	-1.25	0.72	1.97	42.00	-34.98	1.81	0.38	0.41	1.66
050	51.80	30.10	-41.89	1.37	2.28	0.91	-1.14	0.80	1.94	28.70	-44.59	2.18	0.81	0.67	1.81
051	61.70	44.90	-27.23	1.41	2.00	0.59	-1.09	0.85	1.94	45.00	-27.07	1.69	0.28	0.54	1.63
052	58.00	42.40	-26.90	1.44	2.83	1.39	-0.72	1.35	2.07	43.50	-25.00	2.64	1.20	1.16	1.88
053	58.00	40.40	-30.34	1.20	2.79	1.59	-0.87	1.35	2.22	39.40	-32.07	2.69	1.49	1.17	2.04
054	48.10	30.60	-36.38	1.28	2.50	1.22	-1.11	1.05	2.16	29.10	-39.50	2.18	0.90	0.76	1.87
055	37.50	27.00	-28.00	0.98	3.18	2.20	-0.75	1.58	2.33	25.70	-31.47	3.08	2.10	1.49	2.24
067	67.80	39.00	-42.48	1.21	0.98	0.23	-1.08	0.45	1.53	26.40	-61.06	1.92	0.71	0.73	1.81
068	72.60	42.90	-40.91	1.38	1.78	0.40	-0.56	0.98	1.54	36.10	-50.28	2.75	1.37	1.46	2 02
069	73.70	43.70	-40.71	1.61	1.33	0.28	-0.92	0.63	1.55	42.70	-42.06	2.00	0.39	1.00	1.92
070	73.10	40.50	-44.60	1.15	1.23	0.08	-0.81	0.71	1.52	30.10	-58.82	2.28	1.13	1.16	1.97
071	70.40	34.40	-51.14	1.18	1.22	0.04	-0.89	0.65	1.54	32.40	-53.98	2.03	0.85	1.00	1.89
072	72.00	39.80	-44.72	1.43	0.86	0.57	-1.04	0.39	1.43	33.50	-53.47	1.62	0.19	0.75	1.79
073	70.90	33.40	-52.89	1.23	0.95	0.28	-1.10	0.35	1.45	34.30	-51.62	1.71	0.48	0.62	1.72
074	71.80	35.70	-50.28	1.43	1.16	0.27	-0.83	0.67	1.50	29.40	-59.05	1.98	0.55	0.94	1.77
075	69.70	35.30	-49.35	1.06	1.00	0.06	-0.86	0.57	1.43	36.80	-47.20	1.61	0.55	0.67	1.53
076	59.40	37.50	-36.87	1.38	1.56	0.18	-0.82	0.94	1.76	43.50	-26.77	2.26	0.88	1.09	1.91
077	70.00	34.60	-50.57	1.37	1.76	0.39	-0.77	0.93	1.70	30.80	-56.00	2.18	0.81	1.02	1.79
078	69.20	33.30	-51.88	1.46	1.70	0.24	-0.82	0.90	1.72	30.10	-56.50	2.03	0.57	1.19	2.01
079	66.50	33.60	-49.47	1.61	1.48	0.13	-0.68	0.99	1.67	31.60	-52.48	2.07	0.46	1.07	1.75
080	69.70	33.20	-52.37	1.42	1.64	0.22	-0.82	0.76	1.58	32.00	-54.09	1.66	0.24	0.80	1.62
081	69.70	33.80	-51.51	1.48	1.46	0.02	-0.90	0.78	1.68	32.10	-53.95	1.97	0.49	1.02	1.92
082	64.90	30.20	-53.47	1.43	1.81	0.38	-0.95	0.92	1.87	29.10	-55.16	2.34	0.91	1.27	2.22
083	72.10	32.40	-55.06	1.33	1.67	0.34	-0.77	0.90	1.67	26.20	-63.66	1.86	0.53	0.92	1.69
084	72.40	33.10	-54.28	1.57	2.02	0.45	-0.70	1.00	1.70	32.70	-54.83	2.26	0.69	1.20	1.90
085	64.90	40.30	-37.90	1.61	0.92	0.69	-1.11	0.34	1.45	45.30	-30.20	0.86	0.75	0.32	1.43
086	62.20	37.30	-40.03	1.55	1.08	0.47	-1.24	0.43	1.67	37.10	-40.35	0.99	0.56	0.28	1.52
087	66.60	40.40	-39.34	1.51	0.66	0.85	-1.26	0.19	1.45	40.70	-38.89	0.83	0.68	0.21	1.47
088	54.40	35.50	-34.74	1.54	0.87	0.67	-1.12	0.36	1.48	36.50	-32.90	1.21	0.33	-0.46	0.66
Polylon 1900	94.50	94.50	0.00	4.40	4.80	0.40	0.14	0.73	0.59	91.60	-3.07	4.96	0.56	0.70	0.56
Centurion	56.20	17.70	-68.51	10.09	11.42	1.33	0.81	3.56	2.75	12.30	-78.11	11.92	1.83	3.42	2.61
Sher-cryl	80.60	72.30	-10.30	5.76	6.25	0.49	2.43	1.53	-0.90	51.90	-35.61	6.34	0.58	1.22	-1.21
700T	31.80	13.30	-58.18	0.14	0.45	0.31	0.11	-0.41	-0.52	11.20	-64.78	0.52	0.38	-0.10	-0.21
HS+	86.50	69.80	-19.31	3.04	4.02	0.98	3.89	2.53	-1.36	82.90	-4.16	4.11	1.07	2.59	-1.30

Table 8 (Cont.)
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

	Early Blister Resistance																
	2 Hour			4 Hour			6 Hour			Corrosion Weathering (5 cycle				Corrosion Weathering (6 cycles			
Formula	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Scribe	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Scribe
048	2	3	1	2	2	2	4	2	3	10	5	6	7	10	5	10	6
049	4	3	1	4	2	3	4	2	4	10	5	9	6	10	5	10	7
050	2	3	1	2	3	2	2	2	3	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7
051	2	3	1	4	2	2	4	2	3	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	9
052	10	5	1	6	3	2	6	3	1	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	8
053	4	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	9
054	2	1	1	2	2	3	2	2	4	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7
055	2	3	1	4	2	3	4	3	5	10	5	5	6	8	4	8	6
067	2	1	1	2	1	5	2	1	10	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	6
068	2	2	2	2	2	6	2	1	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	9	6
069	2	1	4	2	1	10	2	1	10	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	8
070	2	1	2	2	1	10	2	2	10	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	7
071	2	3	4	2	2	10	4	1	10	10	5	6	7	10	5	10	6
072	2	1	1	2	2	4	2	1	10	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	8
073	2	1	2	2	1	10	2	2	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	9	7
074	2	1	4	2	1	7	2	1	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	9	8
075	2	1	6	2	1	10	2	1	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	9	6
076	2	1	10	4	2	10	4	2	10	10	5	8	8	10	5	10	7
077	2	1	3	2	1	10	2	4	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7
078	2	1	4	2	1	8	2	1	10	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	7
079	2	1	5	2	1	9	2	1	10	10	5	7	7	10	5	9	6
080	2	1	7	2	1	10	2	2	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	9	7
081	2	1	10	2	1	10	4	2	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	8
082	2	1	10	2	1	10	2	2	10	10	5	9	7	10	5	9	8
083	2	1	4	2	1	10	2	1	10	10	5	10	7	10	5	10	8
084	2	4	10	2	1	10	2	2	10	10	5	8	7	10	5	9	7
085	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	5	10	5	10	6	10	5	10	6
086	2	1	3	2	1	3	2	1	4	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	9
087	2	2	3	2	2	3	4	2	4	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	7
088	2	3	2	4	2	4	4	3	8	10	5	8	6	10	5	9	7
Polylon 1900	12	4(GL)	10	2	4	10	10	5	10	10	5	10	6	10	5	10	6
Centurion	2	4(GL)	10	10	5(GL)	10	10	5	10	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	7
Sher-cryl	10	5(GL)	10	10	5(GL)	10	10	5	10	8	4	6	6	8	3	8	5
		GL = Gloss Loss															

Table 8 (Cont.)

INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

	Early Blister Resistance																	
	2 Hour			4 Hour			6 Hour			Corrosion Weathering (5 cycle				Corrosion Weathering (6 cycles			
Formula	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Scribe	Blister Size	Blister Density	Rust	Scribe
001	4	3	2	2	2	3	4	2	4	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	6
002	2	3	1	2	2	3	10	5	2	10	5	10	7	10	5	10	8
003	10	5	1	2	3	2	2	3	3	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	6
004	6	3	2	4	3	1	6	1	2	10	5	10	8	10	5	9	6
005	10	5	1	4	3	2	4	3	2	10	5	8	6	6	3	8	6
006	4	3	1	2	3	2	6	3	2	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	7
007	10	5	9	10	5	9	6	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7
008	10	5	9	10	5	9	2	4	10	10	5	8	7	10	5	8	7
009	10	5	9	10	5	9	6	2	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	9	7
010	10	5	8	10	5	8	6	3	6	6	4	8	7	8	4	9	7
011	10	5	8	10	5	9	4	2	8	10	5	8	8	10	5	10	9
012	4	4	3	10	5	9	6	3	9	10	5	6	6	10	5	10	6
013	10	5	9	10	5	9	6	3	9	10	5	9	8	10	5	9	9
014	4	2	4	4	3	10	4	3	8	10	5	8	7	8	4	10	8
015	4	4	6	4	4	9	4	3	9	10	5	8	8	10	5	9	8
016	10	5	8	6	4	9	6	2	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	9	7
017	10	5	8	10	5	9	6	2	8	10	5	9	7	10	5	9	9
018	10	5	9	4	3	9	4	3	8	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	8
019	10	5	9	4	3	9	4	1	10	10	5	8	7	10	5	9	8
020	10	5	6	6	3	8	4	2	7	10	5	9	6	10	5	10	6
021	10	5	9	6	3	8	6	3	7	10	5	7	7	10	5	9	8
022	10	5	9	10	5	9	4	1	8	10	5	9	7	8	4	10	8
023	10	5	2	10	5	8	6	3	8	10	5	7	7	10	5	9	8
031	2	3	2	2	1	3	2	1	5	10	5	8	7	10	5	10	7
032	2	2	2	4	1	4	4	1	5	10	5	8	8	10	5	10	6
033	2	3	2	2	2	4	2	2	5	10	5	10	8	10	5	10	6
034	2	2	1	2	1	6	2	1	5	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	8
035	2	3	1	2	1	4	2	1	5	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	7
036	2	2	2	2	1	5	2	1	6	10	5	9	6	8	3	10	7
037	2	2	1	2	3	3	2	3	10	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	8
038	8	3	3	2	1	5	2	2	6	10	5	9	8	10	5	10	8
039	2	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	7	10	5	9	7	10	5	10	6
040	2	3	1	4	1	4	4	2	5	10	5	7	7	10	5	10	7
041	2	3	3	2	1	5	4	1	4	10	5	7	6	10	5	10	4
042	6	3	1	2	3	2	4	2	3	10	5	8	8	10	5	10	9
043	4	2	1	2	3	2	4	3	3	10	5	8	8	10	5	9	6
044	4	2	1	4	3	1	4	3	3	10	5	9	8	10	5	9	7
045	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	3	4	10	5	9	7	10	5	9	7
046	6	3	1	6	3	2	4	2	3	10	5	9	6	10	5	10	5
047	2	2	1	4	2	2	4	2	3	10	5	7	7	10	5	9	6

Table 8 (Cont.)
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

	Viscosity, settling, and pH Stability (6 weeks at 140F)										
Formula	initial KU	final KU	% change	initial ICI	final ICI	% change	initial pH	final pH	% change	settling amount	settling type
001	96	gelled		1.6	gelled		9.58	n/a		n/a	n/a
002	140	gelled		1.18	gelled		9.59	n/a		n/a	n/a
003	94	gelled		1.16	gelled		9.43	n/a		n/a	n/a
004	79	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a
005	136	gelled		0.69	gelled		9.61	n/a		n/a	n/a
006	108	gelled		1.83	gelled		9.3	n/a		n/a	n/a
007	91	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	n/a
008	95	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a
009	68	gelled		1.11	gelled		9.42	n/a		n/a	n/a
010	85	gelled		0.492	gelled		9.09	n/a		n/a	n/a
011	83	gelled		9.42	gelled		9.14	n/a		n/a	n/a
012	69	gelled		0.66	gelled		9.45	n/a		n/a	n/a
013	74	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a
014	88	gelled		0.56	gelled		9.56	n/a		n/a	n/a
015	61	gelled		1.17	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	n/a
016	68	gelled		1.12	gelled		9.38	n/a		n/a	n/a
017	61	gelled		1.63	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	n/a
018	58	gelled		0.68	gelled		1.69?	n/a		n/a	n/a
019	63	gelled		1.28	gelled		9.47	n/a		n/a	n/a
020	78	gelled		2.34	gelled		9.64	n/a		n/a	n/a
021	69	gelled		1.19	gelled		9.53	n/a		n/a	n/a
022	80	gelled		0.78	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a
023	70	gelled		0.88	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	n/a
031	93	gelled		1.37	gelled		9.57	n/a		n/a	n/a
032	72	gelled		1.5	gelled		9.24	n/a		n/a	n/a
033	86	70	-18.60	0.9	1.40	55.11	9.01	8.21	-8.88	10	soft
034	90	gelled		1.13	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a
035	83	gelled		1.95	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a
036	88	gelled		1.17	gelled		9.33	n/a		n/a	n/a
037	92	gelled		0.85	gelled		9.23	n/a		n/a	n/a
038	86	gelled		1.38	gelled		9.55	n/a		n/a	n/a
039	101	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.56	n/a		n/a	n/a
040	86	gelled		0.54	gelled		9.4	n/a		n/a	n/a
041	92	gelled		1.79	gelled		9.39	n/a		n/a	n/a
042	85	gelled		0.86	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a
043	81	gelled		0.7	gelled		9.5	n/a		n/a	n/a
044	85	gelled		1.35	gelled		9.49	n/a		n/a	n/a
045	75	gelled		1.16	gelled		9.3	n/a		n/a	n/a
046	73	gelled		1.11	gelled		9.22	n/a		n/a	n/a
047	84	gelled		0.7	gelled		9.37	n/a		n/a	n/a

Table 8 (Cont.)
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE

	Viscosity, settling, and pH Stability (6 weeks at 140F)										
Formula	initial KU	final KU	% change	initial ICI	final ICI	% change	initial pH	final pH	% change	settling amount	settling type
048	80	gelled		1.34	gelled		9.53	n/a		n/a	n/a
049	86	gelled		1.66	gelled		9.07	n/a		n/a	n/a
050	68	gelled		0.63	gelled		9.4	n/a		n/a	n/a
051	64	gelled		2.88	gelled		9.43	n/a		n/a	n/a
052	138	gelled		1.62	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a
053	78	gelled		1.34	gelled		9.65	n/a		20	medium
054	58	gelled		1.48	gelled		9.72	n/a		n/a	n/a
055	87	gelled		1.74	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a
067	89	110	23.60	0.85	1.29	51.53	9.81	9.05	-7.75	60	medium
068	87	163?		0.51	1.22	139.41	9.7	8.89	-8.35	50	med-hard
069	98	gelled		0.51	gelled		9.71	gelled		90	med-hard
070	77	gelled		0.73	gelled		9.75	gelled		50	med-hard
071	85	94	10.59	1.55	0.67	-56.71	9.76	9.04	-7.38	75	medium
072	96	n/a		0.52	n/a		9.8	n/a		n/a	n/a
073	90	107	18.89	0.41	1.26	208.05	9.73	9.08	-6.68	50	soft
074	90	99	10.00	0.85	0.93	9.29	9.91	9.12	-7.97	80	soft
075	90	gelled		0.8	n/a		9.73	gelled		70	medium
076	84	70	-16.67	0.84	0.79	-5.71	9.67	8.93	-7.65	20	soft
077	96	111	15.63	0.69	1.10	59.42	9.9	9.11	-7.98	70	soft
078	94	109	15.96	0.63	0.88	40.16	9.9	9.14	-7.68	50	soft
079	77	78	1.30	1.1	0.79	-28.36	9.92	9.37	-5.54	20	medium
080	85	93	9.41	0.97	0.75	-22.27	9.78	8.97	-8.28	60	medium
081	94	116	23.40	1.06	0.58	-45.00	9.8	9.16	-6.53	80	soft
082	83	86	3.61	0.71	0.29	-59.44	9.67	8.8	-9.00	20	soft
083	91	gelled		1.1	gelled		9.82	gelled		gelled	gelled
084	83	94	13.25	0.74	0.98	31.76	9.78	n/a		60	medium
085	87	gelled		0.84	gelled		9.01	gelled		gelled	gelled
086	72	gelled		1.05	gelled		9.33	gelled		gelled	gelled
087	83	gelled		0.78	gelled		9.35	gelled		gelled	gelled
088	90	gelled		0.95	gelled		9.18	gelled		gelled	gelled
	% settling is the relative ht on stirring stick that adheres w/o easily falling away										

Table 9
OVEN BAKE

						Gloss		Chemical Resistance							
Formula	Resin	Dispersant	Dispersant amount	Thickener	Film Build	20	60	Coppertone	Toluene	IPA	MEK	DWO	10% Sulf	10% NaOH	F409
001	3	2	1	3	1.74	4.2	23.3	3	3	5	3	3	3	3	5
002	3	8	1	5	1.71	18.5	56.7	4	3	5	4	3	3	5	5
003	3	7	1	5	1.86	35.3	68.3	4	2	3.5	3	3	5	4	1
004	3	2	1	6	1.66	6.5	33.8	5	5	4.5	4	2.5	5	5	4
005	3	11	1	7	1.86	19.3	63.1	4	2	5	3	3	5	5	2
006	3	3	1	7	1.91	13.1	50.1	3	4	5	4	2.5	5	4	5
007	4	1	2	7	1.60	26.1	61.5	4	5	5	2	3	5	3	5
008	4	5	2	5	1.74	25.5	62.4	4.5	5	5	5	3.5	2	5	5
009	4	3	2	3	1.61	23.5	59.4	5	3	5	5	3.5	5	5	5
010	4	10	2	2	1.62	6.8	34.4	3	3	5	4	2	2	4.5	5
011	4	10	2	2	1.48	3.8	23.6	3	3	4	4	2	3	3	5
012	4	3	2	7	1.61	14.4	45.3	3	4	4	3	2	3	3	4.5
013	4	8	2	7	1.85	6.8	34.1	3	5	5	4	2	5	5	5
014	4	11	2	8	1.60	26.0	56.7	3.5	5	5	5	3.5	5	5	4
015	4	1	1	2	1.88	21.8	59.2	3.5	3	3	3	2	3	4.5	4
016	4	5	1	3	1.48	30.5	63.2	4	3.5	5	3	2	3	3	4
017	4	1	1	8	1.72	12.6	47.1	4.5	3	4	3	2	5	5	4.5
018	4	2	1	4	1.62	23.9	62.0	3	3	5	3	2	2	5	5
019	4	7	1	1	1.71	7.8	36.9	5	5	4	5	3.5	5	3	4
020	4	11	1	4	1.70	28.5	60.6	4	5	4	3	2	5	3	5
021	4	3	1	6	1.64	31.4	63.0	3.5	5	4.5	5	2.5	5	5	4.5
022	4	11	1	2	1.81	22.6	59.5	4	4	5	5	3	4	5	5
023	4	3	1	7	1.67	29.9	65.4	3	5	5	4	2	5	3	5
031	2	2	2	1	1.63	20.9	55.9	3	3	5	4	1	5	5	2
032	2	3	2	6	1.39	39.3	68.4	4	5	5	5	3.5	5	5	2
033	2	4	2	8	1.60	11.8	44.6	4	3	3.5	3	2	5	5	3
034	2	1	1	7	1.69	22.9	60.3	4	3	5	3.5	3.5	5	5	3
035	2	1	1	5	1.61	12.7	46.4	4	3	5	3	3	5	5	3
036	2	3	1	4	1.59	15.5	49.3	4	3	4.5	3	3	5	5	3
037	2	8	1	4	1.57	14.2	47.2	4.5	3	4.5	4	3	5	5	3
038	2	11	1	2	1.74	42.8	71.5	4	2	5	4	3	5	3	3
039	2	2	1	8	1.78	24.3	59.7	3.5	3	5	4	3.5	5	5	3
040	2	7	1	8	1.51	27.4	62.8	4	3	4	3	3	5	3	3
041	2	7	1	6	1.46	22.3	58.9	3	4	5	3	3	5	5	2
042	3	1	2	4	1.80	22.4	59.2	4	2	4	3	3.5	5	5	2
043	3	1	2	1	1.60	16.2	51.4	3.5	3.5	5	3	3	5	4.5	3
044	3	1	2	7	1.91	6.2	33.9	2	2	4	3	3	5	5	3
045	3	5	2	8	1.72	30.9	64.9	4	2	3	2	3	2	3	2
046	3	8	2	3	1.83	6.5	31.3	5	3	5	3	3.5	5	5	4
047	3	7	2	1	1.40	32.8	66.5	4	2	3	2	3.5	5	4	2

Table 9 (Cont.)
OVEN BAKE

						Gloss		Chemical Resistance							
Formula	Resin	Dispersant	Dispersant amount	Thickener	Film Build	20	60	Coppertone	Toluene	IPA	MEK	DWQ	10% Sulf	10% NaOH	F409
048	3	11	2	3	1.83	27.7	63.4	4	2	3	2	3	5	5	2
049	3	8	2	6	1.36	26.8	65.2	4	3	5	3	3	4	4	3.5
050	3	3	2	5	1.87	13.0	46.7	4	3	3	2.5	3	3.5	3	3
051	3	5	1	4	1.71	23.9	63.2	4	5	5	5	3.5	4.5	3	3
052	3	9	1	1	1.54	24.4	60.1	3	5	5	3	3.5	5	5	5
053	3	9	1	2	1.56	21.7	57.2	4.5	3	5	3	2.5	3	3	3
054	2	8	1	4	1.67	10.0	45.2	3	2	5	3	3.5	5	5	3
055	3	8	2	4	1.33	7.5	34.3	5	2	5	3.5	2.5	3	3	4
067	1	5	2	3	1.66	25.5	63.3	4	3	4	3	2	2	5	5
068	1	1	2	6	1.72	33.3	68.5	3	3	4.5	4	3	2	3	5
069	1	8	2	2	1.63	31.8	68.8	3	3	4	3	2	5	5	4
070	1	3	2	2	1.60	30.1	67.7	4	3	4	3	2	3	3	3
071	1	3	2	2	1.50	28.7	65.2	3.5	3	3	3	2.5	2	5	4
072	1	11	2	5	1.65	40.9	71.0	3	3	4.5	3.5	2	5	3	4
073	1	7	2	6	1.69	32.9	67.4	4	2	4	2	2	3	5	3
074	1	2	2	5	1.52	27.9	66.3	3.5	3.5	5	3.5	2	5	5	5
075	1	5	1	2	1.97	28.9	66.6	4	3	3.5	3	2.5	5	5	5
076	1	6	1	1	2.13	24.8	61.0	4	3	4	3	2	5	5	5
077	1	9	1	5	1.57	28.7	65.4	4	3	4	3	2	4.5	4	5
078	1	9	1	4	1.91	30.3	65.7	4	3.5	4	3	3	5	4	4
079	1	2	1	1	2.70	24.6	61.7	4	3	3	4.5	3	5	5	4.5
080	1	3	1	8	2.32	32.8	66.5	3.5	3	5	3	3	4	3	4
081	1	7	1	3	1.70	32.1	65.7	4	5	5	3	3	4.5	4.5	4.5
082	1	10	1	1	1.94	28.0	63.6	4	3	3	2.5	2	5	5	4
083	1	9	1	5	1.57	29.4	67.0	4	3	5	4	2	3	3	4
084	1	3	1	6	1.80	32.8	67.0	3	3	4	3	3	5	5	4.5
085	2	1	2	3	1.48	32.5	65.3	3	3	4	3	3.5	5	5	3
086	2	5	2	7	1.40	26.4	61.4	4	3	4	3	3.5	5	5	3
087	2	5	2	7	1.54	36.6	68.6	3	2.5	4	2	3.5	5	3	3
088	2	8	2	4	2.05	18.0	51.4	4	4	5	5	3.5	5	5	3
KA 1400					1.28	77.8	96.7	4.5	4	5	2	5	5	5	5
KA 1700T					1.49	4.1	25.4	4	3	5	4	4	2	5	5

Table 9 (Cont.)
OVEN BAKE

	Pencil	Humidity-200 hours						Salt Spray-100 HOURS			
Formula	Hardness	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Flash rust-Y or N	Gloss 60	% change 60 gloss	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe
001	6	8	1	10	no	12.5	-46.35%	6	4	8	5
002	6	8	1	10	yes	17	-70.02%	6	4	8	4
003	6	8	1	8	yes	14.6	-78.62%	8	4	9	4
004	6	8	1	10	no	14.9	-55.92%	8	4	8	4
005	6	6	1	10	yes	16.7	-73.53%	8	4	8	4
006	6	8	1	10	Yes	15.6	-68.86%	8	3	9	5
007	8	6	1	9	yes	7.3	-88.13%	6	4	8	3
008	7	6	1	8	yes	7.4	-88.14%	6	4	9	3
009	6	4	1	10	yes	5.7	-90.40%	8	4	8	1
010	6	6	1	9	yes	5.7	-83.43%	6	3	8	1
011	6	6	1	10	yes	4.7	-80.08%	8	3	6	2
012	6	4	1	8	yes	5.7	-87.42%	6	4	7	2
013	6	6	1	9	yes	8.3	-75.66%	8	4	8	3
014	6	6	1	10	yes	9.9	-82.54%	8	4	8	3
015	6	2	1	9	no	6.7	-88.68%	8	4	7	3
016	6	4	1	10	no	7.4	-88.29%	8	4	9	2
017	6	4	1	9	yes	6.3	-86.62%	6	4	7	3
018	6	2	1	9	no	9.8	-84.19%	6	4	7	4
019	6	4	1	10	yes	4.4	-88.08%	6	3	5	0
020	6	4	1	9	no	8.1	-86.63%	6	4	6	2
021	5	4	1	10	yes	9.1	-85.56%	10	5	9	3
022	6	4	1	10	yes	7.9	-86.72%	6	4	7	3
023	6	4	1	7	no	11.9	-81.80%	8	4	6	3
031	6	8	1	5	yes	21.4	-61.72%	6	3	9	2
032	6	8	1	7	yes	25.7	-62.43%	8	4	8	3
033	6	8	1	8	yes	15	-66.37%	8	4	7	3
034	6	4	1	7	yes	24.6	-59.20%	10	5	10	4
035	6	8	1	6	yes	17.9	-61.42%	6	4	7	3
036	6	8	1	10	yes	15.7	-68.15%	8	4	9	3
037	6						-100.00%	8	4	7	4
038	6	8	1	9	yes	22.2	-68.95%	6	3	7	3
039	4	8	1	10	no	16.3	-72.70%	6	4	6	4
040	5	6	1	6	yes	26.6	-57.64%	8	3	6	3
041	6	8	1	9	yes	22.1	-62.48%	8	4	7	4
042	6	6	1	7	yes	15.4	-73.99%	10	5	8	3
043	6	8	1	10	yes	16.8	-67.32%	6	4	6	3
044	6	8	1	10	no	20.1	-40.71%	8	3	9	4
045	6	8	1	10	yes	17	-73.81%	8	4	9	3
046	6	8	1	10	no	18.1	-42.17%	6	4	6	4
047	6	8	1	10	yes	23	-65.41%	6	3	8	4

Table 9 (Cont.)
OVEN BAKE

	Pencil	Humidity-200 hours						Salt Spray-100 HOURS			
Formula	Hardness	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Flash rust-Y or N	Gloss 60	% change 60 gloss	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe
048	6	8	1	10	yes	16.8	-73.50%	6	4	9	4
049	6	8	1	9	yes	25.7	-60.58%	8	4	8	4
050	6	8	1	10	yes	14.9	-68.09%	8	4	8	4
051	6	8	1	10	yes	13.7	-78.32%	6	3	9	4
052	6	8	1	10	yes	12.9	-78.54%	8	3	9	4
053	6	8	1	10	yes	15.7	-72.55%	8	4	9	4
054	6	8	1	10	yes	15	#REF!	8	4	8	4
055	6	8	1	10	no	15	#REF!	6	3	4	3
067	6	8	1	8	no	13.1	-79.30%	8	4	4	2
068	6	none		10	yes	19	-72.26%	10	5	8	2
069	6	8	1	7	yes	18.4	-73.26%	8	4	8	2
070	6	8	1	8	yes	19.5	-71.20%	10	5	10	2
071	6	8	1	8	yes	19.4	-70.25%	8	4	7	2
072	6	none		10	yes	19.6	-72.39%	8	3	8	1
073	6	8	1	10	no	16.4	-75.67%	8	4	9	2
074	6	8	1	10	yes	15.9	-76.02%	8	4	8	2
075	6	none		6	yes	14.5	-78.23%	8	4	8	2
076	6	8	1	9	yes	13.3	-78.20%	8	4	8	2
077	6	8	1	9	yes	15.7	-75.99%	8	4	8	2
078	6	8	4	10	no	23.8	-63.77%	8	4	9	3
079	6	8	1	9	yes	17.2	-72.12%	6	4	8	2
080	6	8	1	9	yes	14.7	-77.89%	8	4	9	2
081	6	8	1	10	yes	16.8	-74.43%	8	4	8	2
082	6	8	1	10	no	12.9	-79.72%	8	4	9	2
083	6	8	1	10	no	14.3	-78.66%	10	5	9	2
084	6	8	1	10	yes	21.7	-67.61%	8	4	9	2
085	6	8	1	7	yes	17.6	-73.05%	6	4	6	3
086	6	8	1	6	yes	16.8	-72.64%	8	4	8	3
087	6	8	1	7	yes	20.9	-69.53%	8	4	8	3
088	6	8	1	9	yes	16.8	-67.32%	10	5	8	4
KA 1400	4	none		10	no	96.5		8	4	10	2
KA 1700T	9	none		10	no	19.4		4	2	4	7

Table 9 (Cont.)
OVEN BAKE

	Salt Spray-200 HOURS				Impact			Adhesion	48 Hr. Water Soak			
Formula	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Forward	Reverse	MEK Rubs	treated aluminum	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Adhesion
001	6	4	8	5	24	< 4	100	4	10	5	10	5
002	6	4	8	4	24	< 4	150	5	10	5	10	5
003	8	4	9	4	24	< 4	500	4	10	5	10	5
004	8	4	8	4	24	< 4	150	3	10	5	9	4
005	8	4	8	4	20	< 4	250	4	10	5	10	4
006	8	3	9	5	24	< 4	200	3	10	5	10	5
007	6	4	8	3	20	< 4	700	4	4	3	9	2
008	6	4	9	2	28	< 4	1000	3	4	2	10	-1
009	8	4	8	0	28	< 4	1000	3	4	3	10	-1
010	6	3	8	2	24	< 4	800	4	10	5	10	3
011	8	3	5	2	24	< 4	1000	3	10	5	10	4
012	6	4	7	2	28	< 4	1000	4	6	2	5	5
013	8	4	8	3	24	8	650	4	10	5	10	4
014	8	4	8	3	32	< 4	450	5	4	3	10	2
015	8	4	7	3	28	4	1000	4	10	5	10	5
016	8	4	9	2	24	< 4	250	4	6	2	10	2
017	6	4	7	3	24	< 4	1000	3	6	3	5	4
018	6	4	6	4	24	< 4	450	3	8	2	2	4
019	6	3	5	0	24	4	800	3	4	3	4	3
020	6	4	6	2	28	< 4	1000	3	4	3	10	3
021	10	5	9	3	28	< 4	950	4	6	3	7	4
022	6	4	7	3	24	< 4	1000	3	8	4	10	5
023	8	4	4	2	24	< 4	1000	3	4	3	6	4
031	6	3	9	2	20	< 4	250	4	10	5	10	4
032	8	4	8	3	20	< 4	150	4	10	5	10	5
033	8	4	7	3	20	< 4	100	5	10	5	8	5
034	10	5	10	4	20	< 4	600	2	10	5	10	5
035	6	4	7	3	20	< 4	150	5	10	5	10	5
036	8	4	9	3	20	< 4	150	4	10	5	10	5
037	8	4	7	4	20	< 4	200	4	10	5	10	5
038	6	3	7	3	20	< 4	200	3	10	5	9	4
039	6	4	6	4	20	< 4	50	2	10	5	9	4
040	8	3	6	3	20	< 4	50	3	10	5	10	4
041	8	4	7	4	20	< 4	50	3	10	5	10	4
042	10	5	8	3	24	< 4	61	4	10	5	10	4
043	6	4	6	3	24	< 4	50	5	10	5	10	5
044	8	3	9	4	24	< 4	120	5	10	5	10	5
045	8	4	9	3	24	< 4	850	5	10	5	9	5
046	6	4	6	4	20	< 4	100	4	10	5	10	5
047	6	3	7	3	24	< 4	400	4	10	5	10	5

Table 9 (Cont.)

OVEN BAKE

	Salt Spray-200 HOURS				Impact			Adhesion	48 Hr. Water Soak			
Formula	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Scribe	Forward	Reverse	MEK Rubs	treated aluminum	Blister size	Blister density	Rust	Adhesion
048	6	4	9	5	28	< 4	150	4	10	5	10	5
049	8	4	8	4	24	< 4	150	4	10	5	10	4
050	8	4	8	4	24	< 4	450	5	10	5	9	4
051	6	3	9	4	20	< 4	550	1	10	5	10	5
052	8	3	9	4	20	< 4	700	3	10	5	10	5
053	8	4	9	4	24	< 4	650	3	10	5	10	5
054	8	4	8	4	20	< 4	50	1	10	5	8	5
055	6	3	4	3	24	< 4	200	5	10	5	7	5
067	8	4	4	2	24	< 4	400	0	6	2	10	4
068	10	5	8	2	24	< 4	750	0	10	5	10	4
069	8	4	8	2	24	< 4	700	4	8	2	10	5
070	10	5	10	2	24	< 4	600	1	8	2	10	4
071	8	4	7	2	24	< 4	1000	1	6	2	10	4
072	8	3	8	1	24	< 4	500	0	10	5	10	5
073	8	4	9	2	24	< 4	650	1	8	2	10	3
074	8	4	8	2	24	< 4	750	0	10	5	10	5
075	8	4	8	2	24	< 4	50	0	6	4	10	4
076	8	4	8	2	20	< 4	800	0	10	5	10	5
077	8	4	8	2	24	< 4	1000	0	6	3	9	1
078	8	4	9	3	24	< 4	900	0	8	3	10	1
079	6	4	8	2	20	< 4	750	0	8	4	10	5
080	8	4	9	2	24	< 4	550	4	6	2	10	4
081	8	4	8	2	24	< 4	1000	0	8	4	10	4
082	8	4	9	2	24	< 4	1000	1	8	4	10	5
083	10	5	9	3	24	< 4	700	0	6	4	9	4
084	8	4	9	2	24	< 4	700	1	10	5	10	5
085	6	4	6	3	20	< 4	50	3	8	4	10	4
086	8	4	8	3	20	< 4	50	4	10	5	10	5
087	8	4	8	3	20	< 4	50	3	10	5	10	4
088	10	5	7	4	20	< 4	50	4	10	5	10	4
KA 1400	8	4	10	2	> 168	> 168	650	5	10	5	10	5
KA 1700T	4	2	4	7	88	4	1000	5	10	5	10	2

Table 9 (Cont.)
OVEN BAKE

	QUV-Initial			QUV-500-HOUR						QUV-1000-HOUR					
Formula	60° Gloss	Delta E	Delta YB	60° Gloss	Delta E	Delta YB	% Loss of 60 gloss	Change in delta E	Change in YB	60° Gloss	Delta E	Delta YB	% Loss of 60 gloss	Change in delta E	Change in YB
001	29.1	0.96	-0.21	18.7	2.85	1.24	-35.74%	1.89	1.45	18.5	2.00	0.55	-36.43%	1.04	0.76
002	MISSING PANEL					MISSING PANEL						MISSING PANEL			
003	68.5	0.31	-0.21	53.1	2.03	0.92	-22.48%	1.72	1.13	54.9	1.55	0.49	-19.85%	1.24	0.70
004	46.9	1.65	-0.58	25.1	2.59	0.65	-46.48%	0.94	1.23	22.9	2.12	-0.05	-51.17%	0.47	0.53
005	63.7	1.47	0.44	42.7	3.41	1.98	-32.97%	1.94	1.54	47.4	3.32	1.67	-25.59%	1.85	1.23
006	50.2	0.25	-0.11	33.9	2.99	1.60	-32.47%	2.74	1.71	32.5	2.78	1.26	-35.26%	2.53	1.37
007	63.0	3.72	3.03	19.9	3.89	2.40	-68.41%	0.17	-0.63	17.2	3.49	1.98	-72.70%	0.23	-1.05
008	64.4	3.53	2.87	21.6	3.62	2.29	-66.46%	0.09	-0.58	16.9	3.15	1.72	-73.76%	0.38	-1.15
009	57.7	3.01	2.45	18.4	3.13	1.87	-68.11%	0.12	-0.58	16.8	2.62	1.39	-70.88%	0.39	-1.06
010	37.7	3.83	3.00	8.5	4.99	2.93	-77.45%	1.16	-0.07	8.9	4.47	2.37	-76.39%	0.64	-0.63
011	25.2	4.12	3.01	6.2	5.34	3.01	-75.40%	1.22	0.00	5.7	4.54	2.31	-77.38%	0.42	-0.70
012	49.8	3.85	3.03	14.1	3.96	2.40	-71.69%	0.11	-0.63	10.6	3.99	2.16	-78.71%	0.14	-0.87
013	36.0	4.74	3.73	12.8	5.51	3.34	-64.44%	0.77	-0.39	11.9	5.09	2.87	-66.94%	0.35	-0.86
014	63.7	3.30	2.50	17.9	3.91	2.36	-71.90%	0.61	-0.14	15.7	3.05	1.44	-75.35%	0.25	-1.06
015	62.4	4.32	3.42	23.0	4.49	2.75	-63.14%	0.17	-0.67	16.8	3.84	2.15	-73.08%	0.48	-1.27
016	70.3	4.08	3.30	29.1	4.07	2.54	-58.61%	0.01	-0.76	24.6	3.69	2.05	-65.01%	0.39	-1.25
017	49.5	4.90	3.87	16.3	5.10	3.21	-67.07%	0.20	-0.66	11.9	5.07	2.83	-75.96%	0.17	-1.04
018	67.5	4.79	3.74	26.1	4.50	2.85	-61.33%	0.29	-0.89	15.5	3.87	2.10	-77.04%	0.92	-1.64
019	36.7	5.34	4.20	11.4	5.16	3.37	-68.94%	0.18	-0.83	8.3	4.44	2.51	-77.38%	0.90	-1.69
020	68.3	4.31	3.48	30.3	4.64	2.98	-55.64%	0.33	-0.50	20.9	3.76	2.03	-69.40%	0.55	-1.45
021	68.5	4.58	3.71	24.9	4.52	2.76	-63.65%	0.06	-0.95	20.7	4.16	2.30	-69.78%	0.42	-1.41
022	64.8	5.02	3.96	16.3	4.84	2.94	-74.85%	0.18	-1.02	12.1	4.35	2.43	-81.33%	0.67	-1.53
023	73.5	4.95	3.92	34.6	4.28	2.72	-52.93%	0.67	-1.20	24.7	3.89	2.13	-66.39%	1.06	-1.79
031	59.2	0.51	0.05	50.4	1.23	0.69	-14.86%	0.72	0.64	51.5	1.45	0.71	-13.01%	0.94	0.66
032	72.0	0.37	-0.35	59.7	0.88	0.33	-17.08%	0.51	0.68	63.2	1.33	0.47	-12.22%	0.96	0.82
033	47.7	0.39	-0.02	33.3	1.05	1.11	-30.19%	0.66	1.13	38.8	1.71	0.88	-18.66%	1.32	0.90
034	62.1	0.94	0.21	49.1	1.82	1.07	-20.93%	0.88	0.86	53.4	2.10	1.10	-14.01%	1.16	0.89
035	48.1	0.82	-0.25	32.3	1.52	0.62	-32.85%	0.70	0.87	36.1	1.60	0.60	-24.95%	0.78	0.85
036	50.0	0.18	-0.09	33.8	1.52	0.60	-32.40%	1.34	0.69	37.4	1.23	0.30	-25.20%	1.05	0.39
037	48.5	0.59	0.06	34.9	2.25	1.22	-28.04%	1.66	1.16	41.5	2.13	1.08	-14.43%	1.54	1.02
038	67.6	1.63	1.22	59.1	2.02	1.26	-12.57%	0.39	0.04	59.8	2.16	1.15	-11.54%	0.53	-0.07
039	60.6	1.23	0.28	49.4	2.08	1.14	-18.48%	0.85	0.86	51.0	2.06	0.94	-15.84%	0.83	0.66
040	64.7	0.61	-0.42	49.1	1.25	0.44	-24.11%	0.64	0.86	53.7	0.81	-0.01	-17.00%	0.20	0.41
041	58.1	0.32	-0.15	42.9	1.58	0.75	-26.16%	1.26	0.90	48.8	1.60	0.69	-16.01%	1.28	0.84
042	59.3	0.24	-0.19	41.2	2.38	1.23	-30.52%	2.14	1.42	44.5	2.04	0.89	-24.96%	1.80	1.08
043	53.6	0.55	-0.53	41.6	1.95	0.91	-22.39%	1.40	1.44	44.6	2.05	0.75	-16.79%	1.50	1.28
044	35.3	0.43	-0.08	25.3	2.47	1.25	-28.33%	2.04	1.33	29.6	2.33	0.98	-16.15%	1.90	1.06
045	65.6	0.41	-0.41	58.1	2.16	1.19	-11.43%	1.75	1.60	59.7	2.44	1.09	-8.99%	2.03	1.50
046	36.1	0.42	-0.11	28.3	2.63	1.31	-21.61%	2.21	1.42	31.2	2.63	1.19	-13.57%	2.21	1.30
047	66.9	0.30	-0.08	58.8	1.93	0.99	-12.11%	1.63	1.07	61.7	2.01	0.77	-7.77%	1.71	0.85

Table 9 (Cont.)
OVEN BAKE

	QUV-Initial			QUV-500-HOUR						QUV-1000-HOUR					
Formula	60° Gloss	Delta E	Delta YB	60° Gloss	Delta E	Delta YB	% Loss of 60 gloss	Change in delta E	Change in YB	60° Gloss	Delta E	Delta YB	% Loss of 60 gloss	Change in delta E	Change in YB
048	64.0	0.57	-0.43	54.8	2.41	1.08	-14.38%	1.84	1.51	55.9	1.97	0.67	-12.66%	1.40	1.10
049	67.4	0.77	-0.57	53.9	1.95	0.47	-20.03%	1.18	1.04	54.0	1.43	0.16	-19.88%	0.66	0.73
050	46.8	0.84	-0.33	35.9	2.32	0.93	-23.29%	1.48	1.26	33.9	1.99	0.65	-27.56%	1.15	0.98
051	64.7	0.17	-0.16	52.3	2.40	1.13	-19.17%	2.23	1.29	54.8	2.14	0.86	-15.30%	1.97	1.02
052	62.7	0.48	-0.03	48.6	2.91	1.32	-22.49%	2.43	1.35	55.4	2.54	1.07	-11.64%	2.06	1.10
053	58.5	0.37	0.07	47.4	2.40	1.19	-18.97%	2.03	1.12	52.3	2.35	1.00	-10.60%	1.98	0.93
054	46.2	1.08	-0.21	30.3	2.48	0.91	-34.42%	1.40	1.12	32.8	2.00	0.48	-29.00%	0.92	0.69
055	35.2	0.27	-0.02	22.3	2.79	1.36	-36.65%	2.52	1.38	26.1	2.24	0.90	-25.85%	1.97	0.92
067	64.6	0.56	-0.55	45.6	0.96	0.39	-29.41%	0.40	0.94	40.1	1.63	0.83	-37.93%	1.07	1.38
068	68.2	0.50	-0.40	50.2	1.28	0.61	-26.39%	0.78	1.01	38.6	1.98	0.97	-43.40%	1.48	1.37
069	69.8	0.78	-0.53	53.5	0.93	0.40	-23.35%	0.15	0.93	48.2	1.76	0.80	-30.95%	0.98	1.33
070	68.5	0.63	-0.60	50.6	0.98	0.42	-26.13%	0.35	1.02	39.8	1.33	0.53	-41.90%	0.70	1.13
071	66.7	0.61	-0.57	47.5	1.03	0.25	-28.79%	0.42	0.82	36.8	1.75	0.78	-44.83%	1.14	1.35
072	69.8	0.79	-0.67	49.5	0.72	0.21	-29.08%	0.07	0.88	50.1	1.37	0.51	-28.22%	0.58	1.18
073	68.2	1.03	-0.88	40.6	0.91	0.16	-40.47%	0.12	1.04	38.9	1.13	0.26	-42.96%	0.10	1.14
074	68.6	0.54	-0.34	39.9	0.99	0.49	-41.84%	0.45	0.83	32.3	1.42	0.63	-52.92%	0.88	0.97
075	67.9	0.43	-0.32	38.0	1.39	0.71	-44.04%	0.96	1.03	32.8	1.38	0.70	-51.69%	0.95	1.02
076	61.2	0.63	-0.41	37.6	1.55	0.83	-38.56%	0.92	1.24	43.1	1.94	0.95	-29.58%	1.31	1.36
077	67.2	0.60	-0.26	37.8	1.62	0.87	-43.75%	1.02	1.13	36.3	1.62	0.82	-45.98%	1.02	1.08
078	67.3	0.62	-0.24	43.0	1.54	0.85	-36.11%	0.92	1.09	35.2	2.19	1.20	-47.70%	1.57	1.44
079	63.3	0.93	0.01	41.8	1.55	0.86	-33.97%	0.62	0.85	33.8	2.14	1.12	-46.60%	1.21	1.11
080	67.9	0.53	-0.33	44.4	1.20	0.63	-34.61%	0.67	0.96	37.9	2.02	1.05	-44.18%	1.49	1.38
081	67.8	0.50	-0.35	41.0	1.20	0.58	-39.53%	0.70	0.93	34.6	1.83	0.86	-48.97%	1.33	1.21
082	63.5	0.49	-0.47	44.2	1.62	0.85	-30.39%	1.13	1.32	41.3	1.83	0.89	-34.96%	1.34	1.36
083	69.3	0.55	-0.35	49.9	1.32	0.71	-27.99%	0.77	1.06	38.2	1.61	0.80	-44.88%	1.06	1.15
084	68.7	0.86	-0.23	46.4	1.68	0.84	-32.46%	0.82	1.07	38.5	2.00	0.97	-43.96%	1.14	1.20
085	67.9	0.50	-0.38	57.4	1.13	0.47	-15.46%	0.63	0.85	55.5	0.95	0.32	-18.26%	0.45	0.70
086	62.7	0.46	-0.26	48.7	1.13	0.41	-22.33%	0.67	0.67	51.1	1.28	0.45	-18.50%	0.82	0.71
087	68.8	0.31	-0.25	56.5	1.05	0.38	-17.88%	0.74	0.63	60.7	1.33	0.39	-11.77%	1.02	0.64
088	54.4	0.22	-0.11	45.2	1.46	0.75	-16.91%	1.24	0.86	47.0	1.45	0.71	-13.60%	1.23	0.82
KA 1400	97.0	2.86	-0.24	92.1	3.75	1.06	-5.05%	0.89	1.30	81.2	4.86	1.91	-16.29%	2.00	2.15
KA 1700T	26.5	4.14	0.42	25.0	4.14	-0.08	-5.66%	0.00	-0.50	23.0	4.07	0.19	-13.21%	0.07	-0.23
Sher-cryl	80.0	7.97	4.05	74.3	6.26	1.07	-7.13%	1.71	-2.98	60.6	5.96	0.74	-24.25%	2.01	-3.31
Centurion	50.7	10.50	1.92	32.9	11.32	4.46	-35.11%	0.82	2.54	25.0	11.07	3.84	-50.69%	0.57	1.92
HS+	80.0	7.95	6.40	78.0	3.58	2.46	-2.50%	4.37	-3.94	75.5	3.40	2.53	-5.63%	4.55	-3.87
700T	22.0	2.48	1.88	15.3	0.84	-0.25	-30.45%	1.64	-2.13	12.5	0.57	-0.17	-43.18%	1.91	-2.05

Table 9 (Cont.)
OVEN BAKE

	Viscosity, settling, and pH Stability (6 weeks at 140F)											
Formula	initial KU	final KU	% change	initial ICI	final ICI	% change	initial pH	final pH	% change	settling amount	settling type	
001	96	gelled		1.6	gelled		9.58	n/a		n/a	n/a	
002	140	gelled		1.18	gelled		9.59	n/a		n/a	n/a	
003	94	gelled		1.16	gelled		9.43	n/a		n/a	n/a	
004	79	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a	
005	136	gelled		0.69	gelled		9.61	n/a		n/a	n/a	
006	108	gelled		1.83	gelled		9.3	n/a		n/a	n/a	
007	91	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	n/a	
008	95	gelled		1.88	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a	
009	68	gelled		1.11	gelled		9.42	n/a		n/a	n/a	
010	85	gelled		0.492	gelled		9.09	n/a		n/a	n/a	
011	83	gelled		9.42	gelled		9.14	n/a		n/a	n/a	
012	69	gelled		0.66	gelled		9.45	n/a		n/a	n/a	
013	74	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a	
014	88	gelled		0.56	gelled		9.56	n/a		n/a	n/a	
015	61	gelled		1.17	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	n/a	
016	68	gelled		1.12	gelled		9.38	n/a		n/a	n/a	
017	61	gelled		1.63	gelled		9.52	n/a		n/a	n/a	
018	58	gelled		0.68	gelled		1.69?	n/a		n/a	n/a	
019	63	gelled		1.28	gelled		9.47	n/a		n/a	n/a	
020	78	gelled		2.34	gelled		9.64	n/a		n/a	n/a	
021	69	gelled		1.19	gelled		9.53	n/a		n/a	n/a	
022	80	gelled		0.78	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a	
023	70	gelled		0.88	gelled		9.48	n/a		n/a	n/a	
031	93	gelled		1.37	gelled		9.57	n/a		n/a	n/a	
032	72	gelled		1.5	gelled		9.24	n/a		n/a	n/a	
033	86	70	-18.60	0.9	1.40	55.11	9.01	8.21	-8.88	10	soft	
034	90	gelled		1.13	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a	
035	83	gelled		1.95	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a	
036	88	gelled		1.17	gelled		9.33	n/a		n/a	n/a	
037	92	gelled		0.85	gelled		9.23	n/a		n/a	n/a	
038	86	gelled		1.38	gelled		9.55	n/a		n/a	n/a	
039	101	gelled		0.77	gelled		9.56	n/a		n/a	n/a	
040	86	gelled		0.54	gelled		9.4	n/a		n/a	n/a	
041	92	gelled		1.79	gelled		9.39	n/a		n/a	n/a	
042	85	gelled		0.86	gelled		9.44	n/a		n/a	n/a	
043	81	gelled		0.7	gelled		9.5	n/a		n/a	n/a	
044	85	gelled		1.35	gelled		9.49	n/a		n/a	n/a	
045	75	gelled		1.16	gelled		9.3	n/a		n/a	n/a	
046	73	gelled		1.11	gelled		9.22	n/a		n/a	n/a	
047	84	gelled		0.7	gelled		9.37	n/a		n/a	n/a	

Table 9 (Cont.)
OVEN BAKE

	Viscosity, settling, and pH Stability (6 weeks at 140F)										
Formula	initial KU	final KU	% change	initial ICI	final ICI	% change	initial pH	final pH	% change	settling amount	settling type
048	80	gelled		1.34	gelled		9.53	n/a		n/a	n/a
049	86	gelled		1.66	gelled		9.07	n/a		n/a	n/a
050	68	gelled		0.63	gelled		9.4	n/a		n/a	n/a
051	64	gelled		2.88	gelled		9.43	n/a		n/a	n/a
052	138	gelled		1.62	gelled		9.65	n/a		n/a	n/a
053	78	gelled		1.34	gelled		9.65	n/a		20	medium
054	58	gelled		1.48	gelled		9.72	n/a		n/a	n/a
055	87	gelled		1.74	gelled		9.32	n/a		n/a	n/a
067	89	110	23.60	0.85	1.29	51.53	9.81	9.05	-7.75	60	medium
068	87	163?		0.51	1.22	139.41	9.7	8.89	-8.35	50	ed-hard
069	98	gelled		0.51	gelled		9.71	gelled		90	ed-hard
070	77	gelled		0.73	gelled		9.75	gelled		50	ed-hard
071	85	94	10.59	1.55	0.67	-56.71	9.76	9.04	-7.38	75	medium
072	96	n/a		0.52	n/a		9.8	n/a		n/a	n/a
073	90	107	18.89	0.41	1.26	208.05	9.73	9.08	-6.68	50	soft
074	90	99	10.00	0.86	0.93	9.29	9.91	9.12	-7.97	80	soft
075	90	gelled		0.8	n/a		9.73	gelled		70	medium
076	84	70	-16.67	0.84	0.79	-5.71	9.67	8.93	-7.65	20	soft
077	96	111	15.63	0.69	1.10	59.42	9.9	9.11	-7.98	70	soft
078	94	109	15.96	0.63	0.88	40.16	9.9	9.14	-7.68	50	soft
079	77	78	1.30	1.1	0.79	-28.36	9.92	9.37	-5.54	20	medium
080	85	93	9.41	0.97	0.75	-22.27	9.78	8.97	-8.28	60	medium
081	94	116	23.40	1.06	0.58	-45.00	9.8	9.16	-6.53	80	soft
082	83	86	3.61	0.71	0.29	-59.44	9.67	8.8	-9.00	20	soft
083	91	gelled		1.1	gelled		9.82	gelled		gelled	gelled
084	83	94	13.25	0.74	0.98	31.76	9.78	n/a		60	medium
085	87	gelled		0.84	gelled		9.01	gelled		gelled	gelled
086	72	gelled		1.05	gelled		9.33	gelled		gelled	gelled
087	83	gelled		0.78	gelled		9.35	gelled		gelled	gelled
088	90	gelled		0.95	gelled		9.18	gelled		gelled	gelled
	% settling is the relative ht on stirring stick that adheres w/o easily falling away										

(Key for Tables 7, 8 and 9)

Resin 1 = Binder resin C2
Resin 2 = Binder resin B28
Resin 3 = Binder resin B27
Resin 4 = Binder resin B29

Dispersant Amount:
1 = Dispersant used in pigment grind as in Example G.
2 = Dispersant used in pigment grind and in final mix as in Example H.

Pencil Hardness Ratings:

0	<3B
1	3B
2	2B
3	B
4	HB
5	F
6	H
7	2H
8	3H
9	4H

Blister Density:

1	Dense
2	Medium dense
3	Medium
4	Few
5	No Blister

While this invention has been described by a specific number of embodiments, other variations and modifications may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as set forth in the appended claims.

The entire disclosure of all applications, patents and publications cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference.

The invention claimed is:

1. An aqueous coating composition comprising:

(a) a binder polymer comprising one or more copolymerizable monoethylenically unsaturated monomers, wherein at least one of said monoethylenically unsaturated monomers contains latent crosslinking functionality; and

(b) a second polymer comprising a monoethylenically unsaturated monomer containing latent crosslinking functionality.

2. The coating composition of claim 1 wherein said monoethylenically unsaturated monomer having latent crosslinking functionality comprises a carbonyl-containing monomer selected from the group consisting of acrolein, methacrolein, diacetone acrylamide, diacetone methacrylamide and vinylaceto acetate.

3. The coating composition of claim 1 wherein the binder polymer further comprises a macromonomer represented by the formula:

$$R^1\text{-}(OR^2)_z\text{-}R^3\text{-}\overset{R^4}{\overset{|}{C}}=CR^5R^6$$

wherein:

R^1 is a monovalent residue of a substituted or unsubstituted hydrophobe compound;

each R^2 is the same or different and is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;

R^3 is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;

R^4, R^5, R^6 are the same or different and are hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent hydrocarbon residue;

and z is a value of 0 to 150.

4. The coating composition of claim 1 wherein said second polymer is a dispersant polymer.

5. The coating composition of claim 1 wherein said second polymer is a thickener polymer.

6. The coating composition of claim 1 wherein the binder polymer comprises:

(a) 40-60% by weight of a fatty acid vinyl ester;

(b) 30-50% by weight of methylmethacrylate;

(c) 0.5-10% by weight of diacetone acrylamide; and

(d) 0.5%-5% by weight of methacrylic acid, based on the total weight of the binder polymer.

7. The coating composition of claim 1 wherein the monomer having latent crosslinking functionality comprises diacetone acrylamide.

8. An aqueous coating composition comprising:

(a) a binder polymer comprising one or more copolymerizable monoethylenically unsaturated monomers, wherein at least one of said monoethylenically unsaturated monomers contains latent crosslinking functionality; and

(b) at least one polymer comprising the reaction product of:

(i) an unsaturated carboxylic acid monomer,

(ii) a monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from the carboxylic acid monomer,

(iii) a macromonomer comprising a hydrophobic portion and an alkoxylated portion, and

(iv) a monoethylenically unsaturated monomer containing latent crosslinking functionality.

9. The coating composition of claim 8 wherein said monoethylenically unsaturated monomer having latent crosslinking functionality comprises a carbonyl-containing monomer selected from the group consisting of acrolein, methacrolein, diacetone acrylamide, diacetone methacrylamide and vinylaceto acetate.

10. The coating composition of claim 8 wherein said macromonomer is represented by the formula:

$$R^1\text{-}(OR^2)_z\text{-}R^3\text{-}\overset{R^4}{\overset{|}{C}}=CR^5R^6$$

wherein:

R^1 is a monovalent residue of a substituted or unsubstituted hydrophobe compound;

each R^2 is the same or different and is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;

R^3 is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;

R^4, R^5, R^6 are the same or different and are hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent hydrocarbon residue;

and z is a value of 0 to 150.

11. The coating composition of claim 8 wherein the binder polymer further comprises a macromonomer represented by the formula:

$$R^1\text{-}(OR^2)_z\text{-}R^3\text{-}\overset{R^4}{\overset{|}{C}}=CR^5R^6$$

wherein:

R^1 is a monovalent residue of a substituted or unsubstituted hydrophobe compound;

each R^2 is the same or different and is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;

R^3 is a substituted or unsubstituted divalent hydrocarbon residue;

R^4, R^5, R^6 are the same or different and are hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent hydrocarbon residue;

and z is a value of 0 to 150.

12. The coating composition of claim 8 wherein the binder polymer comprises:

(a) 40-60% by weight of a fatty acid vinyl ester;

(b) 30-50% by weight of methylmethacrylate;

(c) 0.5-10% by weight of diacetone acrylamide; and

(d) 0.5%-5% by weight of methacrylic acid, based on the total weight of the binder polymer.

13. The coating composition of claim 8 wherein the monomer having latent crosslinking functionality comprises diacetone acrylamide.

14. The coating composition of claim 8 further comprising a second polymer comprising the reaction product of:

(i) an unsaturated carboxylic acid monomer,

(ii) a monoethylenically unsaturated monomer different from the carboxylic acid monomer,

(iii) a macromonomer comprising a hydrophobic portion and an alkoxylated portion, and

(iv) a monoethylenically unsaturated monomer containing latent crosslinking functionality.

ABSTRACT

A waterborne coating having improved chemical resistance produced from a composition containing a binder resin having post crosslinking groups, an associative thickener having post crosslinking groups and an associative dispersant having post crosslinking groups.

Docket No.
5661

Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

English Language Declaration

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

WATERBORNE COATING HAVING IMPROVED CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

the specification of which

(check one)

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on _____ as United States Application No. or PCT International Application Number _____

and was amended on _____

(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or Section 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or Section 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application(s)			Priority Not Claimed
_____ (Number)	_____ (Country)	_____ (Day/Month/Year Filed)	☐
_____ (Number)	_____ (Country)	_____ (Day/Month/Year Filed)	☐
_____ (Number)	_____ (Country)	_____ (Day/Month/Year Filed)	☐

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

60/138,086	June 8, 1999
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U. S. C. Section 120 of any United States application(s), or Section 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the United States Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, C. F. R., Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. *(list name and registration number)*

Heidi A. Boehlefeld, Reg. No. 34, 296
Robert E. McDonald, Reg. No. 29,193
Vivien Y. Tsang, Reg. No. 40,209

Send Correspondence to: **Heidi A. Boehlefeld, Esq.**
The Sherwin-Williams Company - Legal Dept.
101 Prospect Avenue, N.W.
Cleveland, Ohio 44115

Direct Telephone Calls to: *(name and telephone number)*
(216) 566-3650

Full name of sole or first inventor
John M. Krajnik

Sole or first inventor's signature — Date
X John M. Krajnik — October 27, 1999

Residence
Shaker Heights, Ohio

Citizenship
USA

Post Office Address
3703 Normandy Road

Shaker Heights, Ohio 44120

Full name of second inventor, if any
Keith R. Olesen

Second inventor's signature — Date
X Keith R. Olesen — September 15, 1999

Residence
Morrisville, North Carolina

Citizenship
~~USA~~ Canadian

Post Office Address
300 Carpenter Town Lane

Morrisville, North Carolina 27560

FO Sept 15 '99

Full name of third inventor, if any
Gerald A. Vandezande

Third inventor's signature — Date
X Gerald A Vandezande — 9/15/1999

Residence
Cary, North Carolina

Citizenship
~~USA~~ Canadian

Post Office Address
1221 Shincliffe Court

Cary, North Carolina 27511

Full name of fourth inventor, if any

Fourth inventor's signature — Date

Residence

Citizenship

Post Office Address

Full name of fifth inventor, if any

Fifth inventor's signature — Date

Residence

Citizenship

Post Office Address

Full name of sixth inventor, if any

Sixth inventor's signature — Date

Residence

Citizenship

Post Office Address